

Learning Outcomes

- Students will understand the definition and function of interjections in sentences.
- They will identify different types of interjections used to express emotions or reactions.



Interjections

An **interjection** is a word that expresses a strong and sudden feeling of joy, excitement, sorrow, surprise, praise, etc.

We put an exclamation mark (!) after an interjection.

Read the following sentences.

- Hurrah! Our team has won the match.
 'Hurrah!' expresses a sudden feeling of joy.
- Alas! He died of COVID -19.
 'Alas!' expresses a sudden feeling of grief.
- 3. Bravo! That was a nice shot.

'Bravo!' expresses a sudden feeling of praise and excitement.

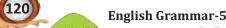
When a word expresses a sudden feeling of joy, fun, grief, sorrow, excitement, it is called an interjection.











A. Fill in the blanks with suitable interjections.

- 1. ! May I know your name?
- 2. ! He died of heart attack.
- 3. ! It's an amazing place.
- 4. _____!I hurt my fingers.
- 5. ! What a big house!
- 6. ! Hardik hit a nice shot.
- 7. ! Her grandfather died.
- 8. !I won the race.











1.	Ah!	
2.	Hello!	
3.	Hush!	
4.	What!	
5.	Oh!	
6.	Ouch!	
7.	Wow!	
8.	Bravo!	
9.	Alas!	
	Hurrah!	

Points to Remember

- **An Interjection** is a word that expresses a strong and sudden feeling of joy, excitement, sorrow, surprise, praise, etc.
- We put an exclamation mark (!) after **An Interjection**.











My Activity Corner



Match the following words of column A with suitable corresponding sentences in column B.

Column A

- 1. What a great victory!
- 2. How tasty!
- 3. Congratulations!
- 4. Shame on you!

Column B

- (a) I haven't had such delicious food before.
- (b) You are afraid of this tiny creature.
- (c) We won by 5 wickets.
- (d) Your uncle got married.



My EeeBee Interactive Activities

WRITE YOUR SCORE























