



Pronouns

Learning Outcomes

- Students will learn what pronouns are.
- They will identify and use pronouns like "he," "she," "it," and "they."

Lead in

Look at the given pictures. Use suitable words to replace the underlined words.

	The man is selling balloons.	is selling balloons.
	The girl is drawing a rangoli	is drawing a rangoli.

Words which are used at the place of nouns are called **Pronouns**.

Read the following sentences.

- 1. Rohan is very naughty.
- 2. Rohan always chases a dog.

We can write the above sentences as.

Rohan is a very naughty. He always chases a dog. Riya is a kind girl. Riya feeds the birds and animals.

We can write the above sentences as.

Riya is a kind girl. She feeds the birds and animals.













Rupa and Deepa are friends. Rupa and Deepa play together.

We can write the above sentences as:

Rupa and Deepa are friends. They play together.



In sentence 1, Rohan is a noun. We have replaced Rohan with he in the second group of words. He is a pronoun.

In sentence 2, Riya is a noun. We have replaced Riya with she in the second group of words. She is a pronoun.

In sentence 3, Rupa and Deepa are nouns. We have replaced Rupa and Deepa with they in the second group of words. They is a pronoun.

Kinds of Pronouns

Personal Pronouns

Pronouns that are used to refer people or things are called **Personal Pronouns**.

The personal pronouns stand for three persons.

- 1. The pronouns which refer to the person or persons speaking are called Pronouns of the First Person. I, we, me, us, mine, ours are first person pronouns.
- 2. The pronouns which refer to the person or pronouns spoken to are called Pronouns of the Second Person as you and yours are second person pronouns.
- 3. The pronouns which refer to the person or thing spoken of are called Pronouns of the Third Person. He, she, him, her, hers, they, them, their, it are third person pronouns.

Examples:

- 1. I am a student of class IV. (person speaking)
- 2. You are my best friend. (person spoken to)
- 3. He/she is reading a book. (person speaking about)
- 4. They go to school by bicycle. (person spoken about)
- 5. It is my new bag. (non-living thing)



When it comes to mention all the three persons in the same sentence, the order is **Second, Third and First Person**.

Example: You, he and I are best friends.









Demonstrative Pronouns

Pronouns that are used to point out specific people or things are called **Demonstrative Pronouns**.

Read the following sentence.

- 1. This is my pen.
- 2. That is your book.
- 3. These are grapes.
- 4. Those are mangoes.



In the above sentences, this, that, these and those are all pronouns. These are used to point out specific people or things. These are called **Demonstrative Pronouns**.

Possessive Pronouns

Read the following sentences.

- 1. This pen is mine.
- 2. That bat is yours.
- 3. This bag is his.
- 4. That umbrella is hers.
- 5. This car is ours.
- 6. That house is theirs.



In the above sentences, mine, his, yours, his, hers, ours and theirs are all pronouns. These pronouns show the ownership or belongingness of a person or a thing. These are called **Possessive Pronouns**.

Pronouns that show the ownership or belongingness of a person or a thing are called **Possessive Pronouns**.

Examples: mine, yours, his, hers, its, theirs.

A. Circle the correct personal pronouns in the following sentences.

- 1. My name is Ashok. (I / We) study in Modern Public School.
- 2. Mr Manas Tiwari is our English teacher. (He / She) teaches us English.
- 3. Anuradha sings songs very sweetly. (She / You) sings sweetly.
- 4. I said to Deepak (You / Me) dance well.
- 5. My mother and I are going to market. (We / US) will be back in an hour.
- 6. The boys are playing. (It/They) are playing hide and seek.











- 1. (This / These) are easy sums.
- 2. (Those / This) are clouds.
- 3. (These / That) are your toys.
- 4. (That / These) is a good book.
- 5. (This / These) is my pen.

C. Write the correct possessive pronouns.

- 1. The book belongs to Aman. It's ______
- 2. This bag belongs to you. It's ______.
- 3. This pencil belongs to Sourav. It's ______
- 4. This house belongs to us. It's ______.
- 5. Those books belong to them. They're

D. Fill in the blanks with suitable personal pronouns.

- 1. That's not my pen. It's (your, yours).
- 2. Are those gloves (her / hers)?
- 3. Some relatives of (their, theirs) are arriving soon.
- 4. Are you sure this is (your, yours)?
- 5. This pen is (my, mine).
- 6. Look at (his/hers) pet dog.
- 7. This bike is (our, ours).
- 8. Is this bag (your, yours)?

Points to Remember

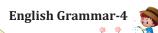
- Words which are used in place of nouns are called Pronouns.
- Pronouns that are used to refer people or things are called **Personal Pronouns**.
- Pronouns that are used to point out specific people or things are called **Demonstrative Pronouns**.
- Pronouns that show the ownership or belongingness of a person or thing are called **Possessive Pronouns**.

















Fill in the blanks with suitable personal pronouns.

do r	not know when	Rohit left for so	chool. I rememb	oer ate
breakfast with		at 8 : 00 a	n.m. After that	I went to my room.
When	came,		_ had already le	eft. Mother was not
feeling well so		was resting in _		own room. In fact,
when Rohit's frie	nds came outsi	de	just joined _	and
а	ıll ran away toge	ether.		

My EeeBee Interactive Activities









