





Pronouns

Learning Outcomes

- Students will understand the definition and types of pronouns.
- They will learn how to replace nouns with appropriate pronouns in sentences.
- They will identify personal, possessive, demonstrative, and reflexive pronouns.

| | Lead in | | | |
|-------|------------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Com | plete the follow | ving sentences by using co | orrect words. | |
| 1. | | | | |
| | I told | not to come late. | | |
| | Where were _ | yesterday? | | |
| ; | | 2. | is Ash | ok. |
| | R | | is my k | oest friend. |
| | THE F | | helps | me in my need. |
| 3. | is Rani. | | | |
| | | is in class III. | | |
| | | lives in Delhi. | | |

A word used in place of a noun is called a **pronoun**. Pronouns help avoid repeating nouns in a sentence.

Read the following sentences.

1. Suraj bought two packets of crayons. Suraj kept one and gave the other to his friend. His friend thanked Suraj.

We can write these sentence as:

Suraj bought two packets of pencils. **He** kept one and gave the other to **his** friend. **His** friend thanked **him**.

English Grammar-3

Here Suraj is noun. He, his and him are used in place of nouns. So, these are pronouns.

2. Jhalak : Shraddha, show me the new pen.

Shraddha: I forget to bring it Jhilik.

Here **me** stands for Jhilik. I stands for Shraddha and it stands for pen.

Jhalak, Shraddha and pen are nouns. Me, I and it are used in place of nouns. So these are pronouns.

3. Rahul and Rohit: We are going to picnic, tomorrow.

Will you join us, Sumit?

Sumit : Yes, certainly.

In these sentences, **we** and **us** stand for Rahul and Raj. Rahul, Raj and Sumit are nouns. **We**, **us** and **your** are words used in place of nouns. These words are called **pronouns**.



• I, me, we, us, you, he, she, him, her, it, they and them are some common pronouns.

A. Underline the pronouns in the following sentences. Circle the nouns for which they stand.

- 1. Mother baked a cake. It was yummy.
- 2. Varun and Lucky walk to school. They are friends.
- 3. Look at that lion. It is roaring.
- 4. Rupa is hungry. She wants a plate of food.
- 5. Gautam is a kind boy. He helps everyone.
- 6. Mr Sharma has two sons. They are both software engineers.
- 7. Lalit is crying. He has lost his toys.
- 8. Sudha fell down. She began to cry.



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B. Match the nouns with the pronouns.

Nouns Pronouns

- Aman and Pratik
- (a) She

2. Meghana

(b) We

3. My mobile

(c) They

4. Amar's

(d) His

5. Bapun, Lipun and I

(e) We

6. You and I

(f) They

7. Rajat

- (g) It
- 8. Souray, Ashish and Amit
- (h) He

C. Fill in the blanks with I, we, you, they, it, he, she, etc.

- 1. Is ______your father or uncle?
- 2. is my pet dog.
- 3. Are a teacher or a doctor?
- 4. am drawing a picture.
- 5. are doing their duty.
- 6. _____ are going to our school.
- 7. _____is solving a sum for her friend.
- 8. is doing his homework.

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Points to Remember

- A word used in place of a noun is called a **Pronoun**.
- **Pronouns** help avoid repeating nouns in a sentence.













Pronouns can be singular or plural. Categorise them suitably.

| theirs | yours | you | ours | us | we | she | yours |
|--------|-------|------|------|------|----|------|-------|
| you | our | mine | me | them | 1 | they | |

| Singular | Plural |
|----------|--------|
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