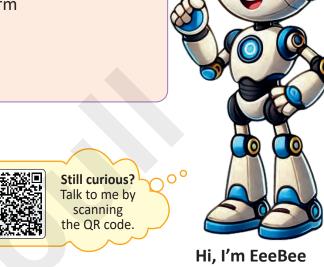




Numbers up to 100

We'll cover the following key points:

- → Hundreds, Tens and Ones on the → Expand Form Abacus
- → How to read numbers on the abacus?



Learning Outcomes

By the end of this chapter, students will be able to:

- Recognize and write numbers up to 100.
- Understand the place value of digits in numbers up to 100 (Hundreds, Tens, and Ones).
- Use an abacus to represent numbers up to 100 with Hundreds, Tens, and Ones.
- Read numbers on the abacus by counting the beads for Hundreds, Tens, and Ones.
- Write numbers in expanded form (e.g., 45 = 40 + 5).
- Count forward and backward from any number between 1 and 100.
- Identify the number that comes before, after, and between given numbers up to 100.
- Compare numbers up to 100 using "greater than," "less than," and "equal to."

Guidelines for Teachers

Start by introducing the concepts of hundreds, tens, and ones using an abacus to visually represent each place value. Show students how to read numbers on the abacus by moving beads to represent different place values, starting with ones, then tens, and hundreds. Explain how to break down a number into its expanded form, showing each digit's value (e.g., 45 = 40 + 5). Use simple examples and encourage students to practice placing beads and reading numbers.













Warm Up

Write the missing numbers to fill the gaps.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26				30
31	Þ°0	33	34		36	37	38	39	40
41	42		44	45		47	48	49	50
51	52	53		55	56	1	58	59	
61	62		64	B	66	67			70
71	72	73		75	76	77	78		80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	
91	92	93	94	60			98	99	100

















Numbers up to 100. Count and write the numbers.

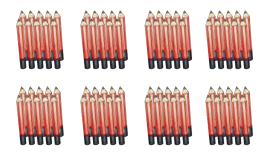


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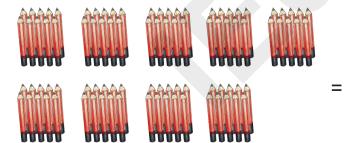
Tens	Ones		60
		=	Sixty



	Tens	Ones	
*			= Seventy



Tens	Ones		80
		=	Eighty





	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
'			













Numbers from 50 to 59

50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59

Count and write the numbers.

5 tens	Tens Ones	5 tens	5 ones	Tens Ones
5 tens 1 one	Tens Ones	5 tens	6 ones	Tens Ones
5 tens 2 ones	Tens Ones	5 tens	7 ones	Tens Ones
5 tens 3 ones	Tens Ones	5 tens	8 ones	Tens Ones
5 tens 4 ones	Tens Ones	5 tens	9 ones	Tens Ones

Exercise 5.1

1. Break up the numerals in tens and ones.

		Tens	Ones
fifty	50		
fifty-one	51		
fifty-two	52		
fifty-three	53		
fifty-four	54		

		Tens	Ones
fifty-five	55		
fifty-six	56		
fifty-seven	57		
fifty-eight	58		
fifty-nine	59		















Fill in the missing numbers. 2.

50 54

3. Match the number names with the numbers.

Column A	C	O	lu	n	٦r	1	A	١
----------	---	---	----	---	----	---	---	---

- (a) fifty-two
- fifty-eight (b)
- fifty-five (c)
- fifty-nine (d)
- fifty-one (e)
- fifty-seven (f)

Column B

- 57 (i)
- (ii) 59
- 51 (iii)
- (iv) 58
- 55 (v)
- (vi) 52

Numbers from 60 to 69

65 66 67 68 69 60 61 62 64

Count and write the numbers.

	Write the numbers.	
6 tens	Tens Ones	Tens Ones 6 tens 5 ones
6 tens	Tens Ones 1 one	Tens Ones 6 tens 6 ones
6 tens	Tens Ones 2 ones	Tens Ones 6 tens 7 ones
6 tens	Tens Ones 3 ones	Tens Ones 6 tens 8 ones
6 tens	Tens Ones 4 ones	Tens Ones 6 tens 9 ones

Math-1













Break up the numerals in tens and ones.

		Tens	Ones
sixty	60		
sixty-one	61		
sixty-two	62		
sixty-three	63		
sixty-four	64		

		16112	Olles
sixty-five	65		
sixty-six	66		
sixty-seven	67		
sixty-eight	68		
sixty-nine	69		

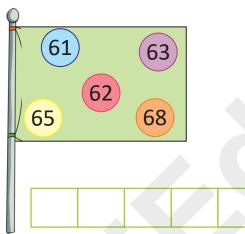
Tens

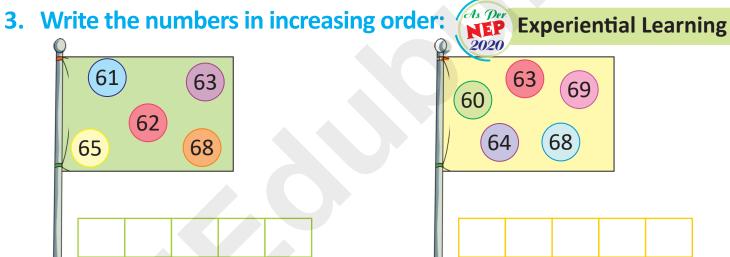
Ones

Fill in the missing numbers.

արարարարո

60 64 69





Numbers from 70 to 79

73 75 74 76 77 **78 79**

Count and write the numbers.

46000 40000 40000 00000 46000 40000 4000		Tens	Ones	AAAAA AAAAA AAAAA		Tens	Ones
7 tens				7 tens	5 ones		
7 (6113				7 (6113	2 Offes		
<u> </u>	Î	Tens	Ones	AAAAA AAAAA AAAAA		Tens	Ones
7 tens	1 one			7 tens	6 ones		



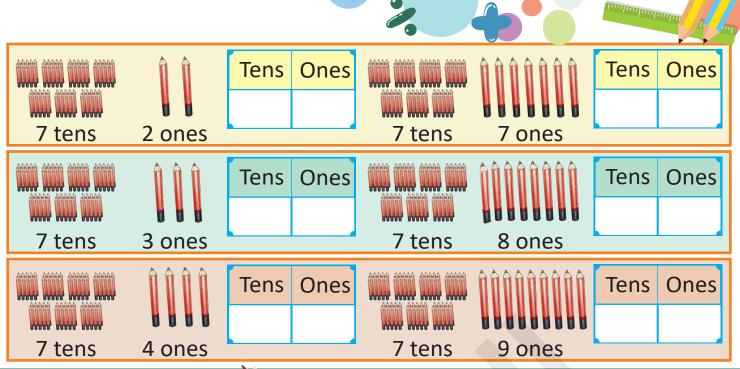












Exercise 5.3

1. Break up the numerals in tens and ones.

		iens	Ones
seventy	70		
seventy-one	71	<u> </u>	
seventy-two	72		
seventy-three	73		
seventy-four	74		

		16112	Olles
seventy-five	75		
seventy-six	76		
seventy-seven	77		
seventy-eight	78		
seventy-nine	79		

Tonc

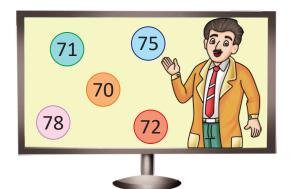
Experiential Learning

2. Fill in the missing numbers.

70

76

3. Write the numbers in decreasing order: (Au Per 2020)











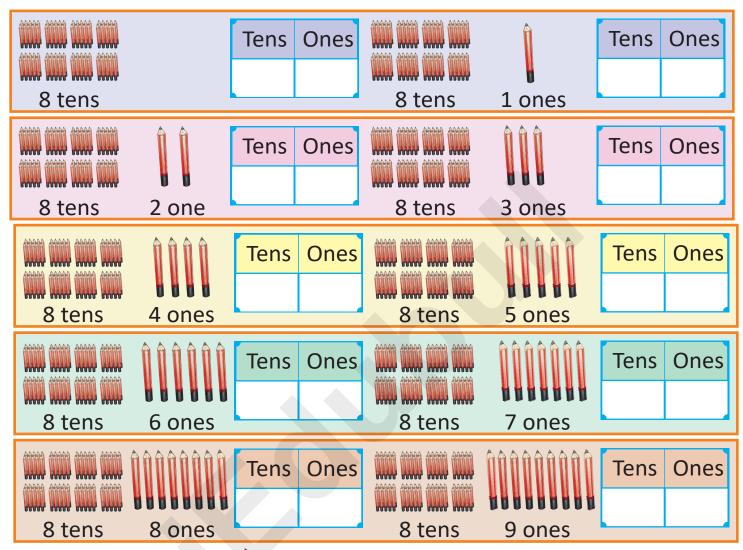






80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89

Count and write the numbers.



Exercise 5.4

1. Break up the numerals in tens and ones.

		iens	Ones
eighty	80		
eighty-one	81		
eighty-two	82		
eighty-three	83		
eighty-four	84		

		iens	Unes
eighty-five	85		
eighty-six	86		
eighty-seven	87		
eighty-eight	88		
eighty-nine	89		















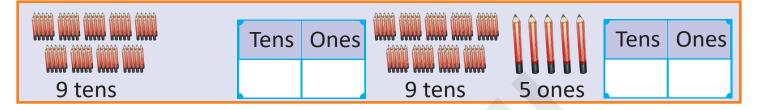
2. Fill in the missing numbers.

80 85

Numbers from 90 to 99

90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99

Count and write the numbers.



44000 40000 40000 40000 40000 46000 46000 46000 46000		Tens	Ones	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000		Tens	Ones
was was was was	II.			more more more more	000000		
9 tens	1 one			9 tens	6 ones		

20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000	ÎÎ	Tens	Ones	ASSOCIATION ASSOCI		Tens	Ones
9 tens	2 ones			9 tens	7 ones		

2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000		Tens	Ones	4000 4000 4000 4000 4000 4000 4000 4000		Tens	Ones
mor mor mor vivi	0 0 0			****** ****** ****** ******	9 44 4 4 4 4 4		
9 tens	3 ones			9 tens	8 ones		

20000 20000 20000 20000 20000	A A A A			AAAAA AAAAA AAAAA AAAAA AAAAA	444444		
2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200		Tens	Ones	madus isotus volum vibata		Tens	Ones
	0000			mor mor mor mor	000000000		
9 tens	4 ones			9 tens	9 ones		

99 + 1 = 100. **100** is the smallest 3 - digit number.

















1. Break up the numerals in tens and ones.

		Tens	Ones
ninety	90		
ninety-one	91		
ninety-two	92		
ninety-three	93		
ninety-four	94		

		10113	Offica
ninety-five	95		
ninety-six	96		
ninety-seven	97		
ninety-eight	98		
ninety-nine	99		

Tens

Ones

2. Fill in the missing numbers.

90

արարուրուրո

3. Match the number names with the numbers.

Column A

Column B

(a) Ninety-nine

(i) 98

(b) Ninety-two

(ii) 95

(c) Ninety-five

(iii) 93

(d) Ninety-eight

(iv) 92

(e) Ninety-three

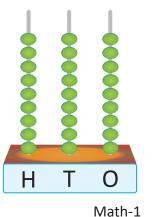
(v) 99



Hundreds, Tens and Ones on the Abacus'

An **abacus** is a tool used for read and counng` numbers. This is an abacus with three rods – the **hundreds** rod (H), the **tens** rod (T) and the **ones** rod (O).

Each rod can have a maximum of 9 beads.















How to read numbers on the abacus?



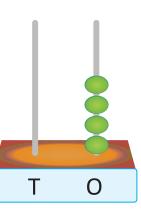








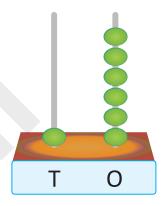
I am Ojas and my name has 4 le. ers.



I am Susmita and my name has 7 letters.

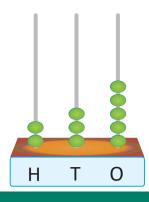


I have 16 chocolates with me.





I have 235 marbles with me.





Exercise 5.6

Tick (✓) the correct option.

- a. What is the numeral of eighty-three?
 - (i) 80

0

- (ii) 38
- (iii) 83

- b. What is the number name of 56?
 - (i) fiy -six
- (ii) fiy -one

(iii) fiy -nine

















What is the numeral of seventy-five?

(i) 71

(ii) 75

(iii) 70

d. What is the number name of 23?

(i) twenty-four

(ii) twenty-three

(iii) forty-six

2. Write in figures.

Number Name	Numeral	Number Name	Numeral
Fiy -three		Eighty-nine	
Sixty-five		Fiy -eight	
Eighty-two		Sixty-four	
Seventy-three		Seventy-four	
Ninety		Sixty-nine	
Fiy -two		Ninety-one	
Fiy -nine		Eighty-five	
Eighty-seven		Eighty-one	
Ninety-nine		Ninety-two	

Write the biggest and the smallest numbers . 3.

a.	99	25	78	89	20

87 73 69 53 19

22 31 64 74 88 C.

Biggest **Smallest**

4. Arrange the numbers in an increasing order.

22 87 78 99 12 a.

72 65 56 18 b. 19

12 C. 19 38 56 16



b.





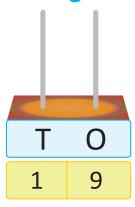


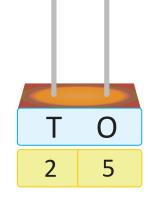


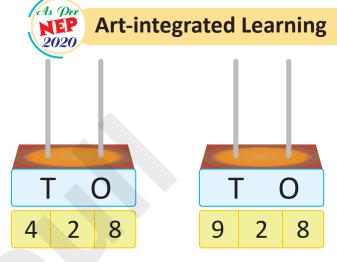




- 5. Arrange the numbers in a decreasing order.
 - a. 28 78 12 19 25
 - b. 91 82 87 15 64
 - c. 19 23 35 95 12
- 6. Draw beads on the abacus for the given numbers.

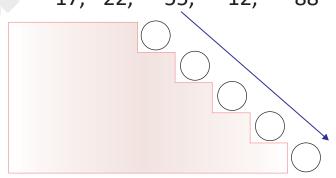






- 7. Write the given numbers in ascending order.
 - 75, 99, 89, 59, 61
- 8. Write the given numbers in descending order.

17, 22, 55, 12, 88



Expand Form

A two digit number has two places:

For example

tens

and

ones

In the number 56

5 is at the tens place

Math-1

6 is at the ones place

Tens	Ones
5	6



Thus, 56 = 5 tens + 6 ones = 50 + 6











73



Exercise 5.7

Fill in the boxes.

48 = tens + ones 92 = tens + ones

29 = tens + ones 64 = tens + ones

59 = tens + ones 93 = tens + ones

97 = tens + ones 38 = tens + ones

85 = tens + ones 75 = tens + ones







Gap Analyzer..

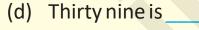


1. Tick (\checkmark) the correct answer.

- (a) What is the numeral of ninety-one?
 - (i) 81

- (ii) 71
- (iii) 91
- (b) What is the number name of 87?
 - (i) Eighty-Seven (ii) Seven-Eight (iii) Seventy-Eight
- (c) 7 tens and 2 ones is ______.
 - (i) 27

- (ii) 72
- (iii) 37



(i) 29

(ii) 39

(iii) 49



2. Fill in the blanks.

- (a) Sixty-two =
- (b) The number name of 78 =
- (c) 53 = ____tens + ___ones
- (d) 99 = ____tens + ____ones

- (e) Eighty-two=
- (f) 9 tens + 3 ones =
- (g) 8 tens + 2 ones =
- (h) 8 tens + 5 ones =











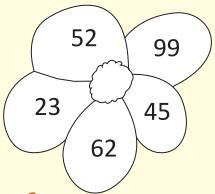


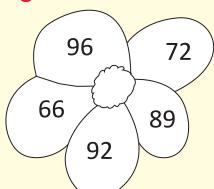


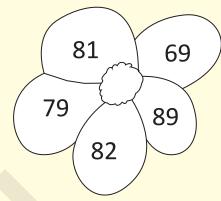


Art-integrated Learning

colour the petal with the largest number blue and smallest number red.









Maths Lab Activity

As Per NEP 2020

Creavity and Inno vaon

Learning objective: Counting numbers from 1 to 100.

Materials required: Crayons, rubber bands, and an empty crayon box.

Procedure:

- 1. Make groups of 10 and choose a leader for each group.
- 2. Place 100 crayons on the table.
- 3. The leader from each group picks up 10 crayons one by one from the table and counts them loudly.
- 4. He/she ties them together with a rubber band or keeps them in a box.
- 5. After all the sets are ready, others in the group will help in counting them. When they call 'one' the leader will say, 'I am holding 10 crayons in my hand.' Follow it by two 'two' 'three', 'four', ... and so on.
- 6. Nine others in the group follow the same process as done by the leader.
- 7. The class can repeat this activity with matchsticks, ice cream spoons, and pencils also.











