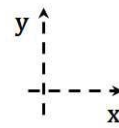
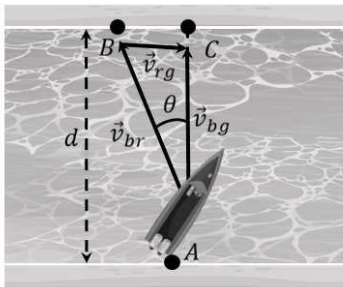


RIVER-MAN PROBLEM AND ITS APPLICATIONS

River- Swimmer Problems

Condition for Minimum Distance

Case I:



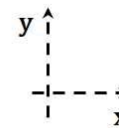
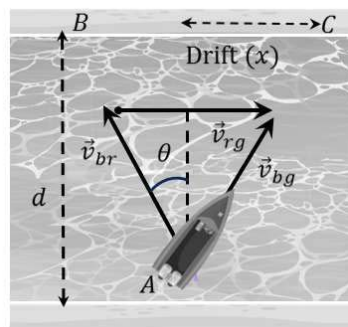
$$|\vec{v}_{br}| > |\vec{v}_{rg}|$$

For zero drift

$$v_{br} \sin \theta = v_{rg}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{v_{rg}}{v_{br}}$$

Case II:

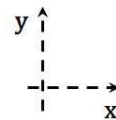
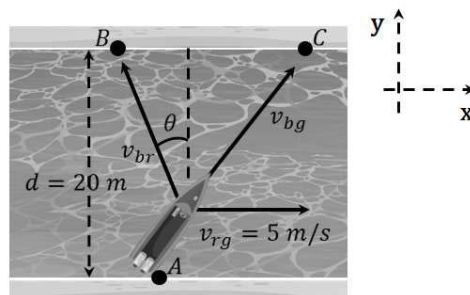


$$|\vec{v}_{rg}| > |\vec{v}_{br}|$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{v_{br}}{v_{rg}} \right)$$

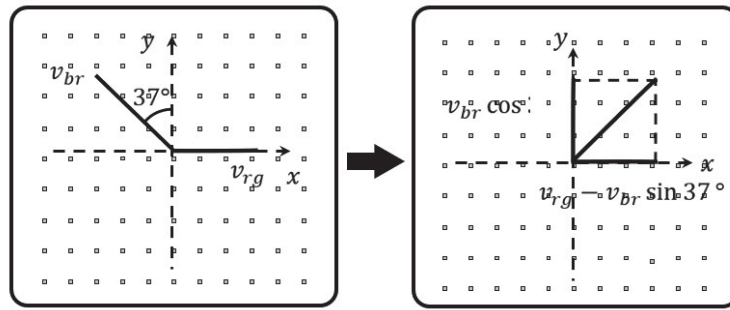
$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{smaller speed}}{\text{larger speed}}$$

Ex A boatman wishes to cross a river along the shortest possible path. The speed of the boat in still water is 3 m/s. The speed of the river is 5 m/s as shown in figure. The width of the river is 20 m. Find the time required to cross the river.



Sol. Given

$$v_{br} = 3 \text{ m/s}, v_{rg} = 5 \text{ m/s}$$



To Find: time

Here ; $v_{br} = 3 \text{ m/s}$, $v_{rg} = 5 \text{ m/s}$

$$\vec{v}_{bg} = \vec{v}_{br} + \vec{v}_{rg}$$

For shortest path:

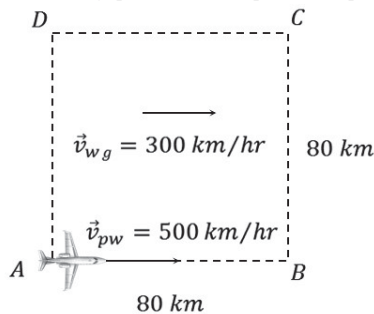
$$\sin \theta = \frac{v_{br}}{v_{rg}} \Rightarrow \theta = 37^\circ$$

$$t = \frac{d}{v_{br} \cos 37^\circ} = \frac{20}{12/5} = \frac{25}{3}$$

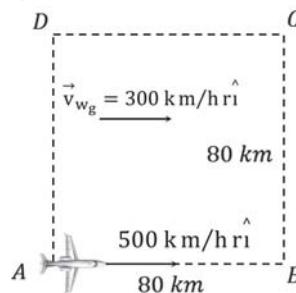
$$t = \frac{25}{3} \text{ s}$$

Aircraft- wind Problems

Ex. Engine speed of a plane is 500 km/hr , wind is blowing with constant speed of 300 km/hr towards east direction. Find the time taken by plane to complete a square of side 80 km .



Sol. Choose the positive X-axis along the east



Velocity of the plane with respect to the wind is given as :

$$\vec{v}_{pw} = 500 \text{ km/hr } \hat{i}$$

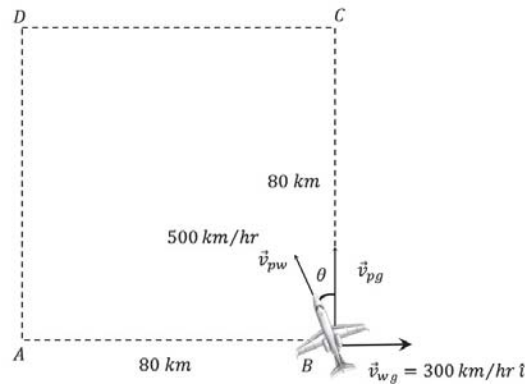
From point A to B

$$\vec{v}_{pg} = \vec{v}_{pw} + \vec{v}_{wg}$$

$$\vec{v}_{pg} = 500 \text{ km/hr } \hat{i} + 300 \text{ km/hr } \hat{i} = 800 \text{ km/hr } \hat{i}$$

$$\text{Time, } t = \frac{80 \text{ km}}{800 \text{ km/hr}} = 0.1 \text{ hr}$$

From point B to C



$$\vec{v}_{pg} = \vec{v}_{pw} + \vec{v}_{wg}$$

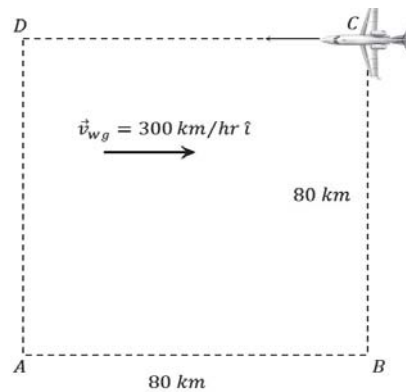
$$\vec{v}_{pg} = \{(300 - 500 \sin \theta) \hat{i} + 500 \cos \theta \hat{j}\} \text{ km/hr}$$

$$300 - 500 \sin \theta = 0 \Rightarrow \theta = 37^\circ$$

$$\vec{v}_{pg} = 400 \text{ km/hr} \hat{j}$$

$$\text{Time, } t = \frac{80 \text{ km}}{400 \text{ km/hr}} = 0.2 \text{ hr}$$

From point C to D



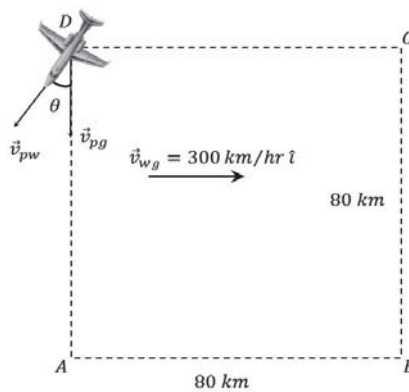
$$\vec{v}_{pg} = \vec{v}_{pw} + \vec{v}_{wg}$$

$$\vec{v}_{pg} = -500 \text{ km/hr} \hat{i} + 300 \text{ km/hr} \hat{i}$$

$$\vec{v}_{pg} = -200 \text{ km/hr} \hat{i}$$

$$\text{Time, } t = \frac{80 \text{ km}}{200 \text{ km/hr}} = 0.4 \text{ hr}$$

From point D to A



$$\vec{v}_{pg} = \vec{v}_{pw} + \vec{v}_{wg}$$

$$\vec{v}_{pg} = \{(300 - 500\sin \theta)\hat{i} - 500\cos \theta\hat{j}\}\text{km/hr}$$

$$(v_{pg})_x = 0 \Rightarrow \theta = 37^\circ$$

$$\vec{v}_{pg} = -400 \text{ km/hr}\hat{j}$$

$$\text{Time} = t = \frac{80 \text{ km}}{400 \text{ km/hr}} = 0.2\text{hr}$$

$$\text{Total time} = 0.9\text{hr} = 54 \text{ min}$$