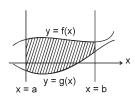
## AREA BETWEEN TWO CURVES

If  $f(x) \ge g(x)$  for  $x \in [a,b]$  then the area enclosed by the curves (graphs) y = f(x) and y = g(x) between the ordinates x = a and x = b is given by:

$$x = b \text{ is } \int\limits_{a}^{b} \Bigl( f\Bigl(x\Bigr) - g\Bigl(x\Bigr) \Bigr) dx$$



**Ex.** Determine the area enclosed by the curve (graph)  $y = x^2 + x + 1$  and its tangent at (1,3) between the ordinates x = -1 and x = 1.

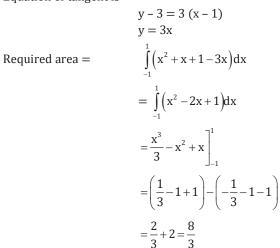
Sol.

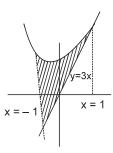
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + 1$$

$$x = 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3$$

Equation of tangent is





**Note:** The area enclosed between the curves y = f(x) and y = g(x) between the ordinates (x = a) and (x = b) is

$$\int_{0}^{b} |f(x)-g(x)| dx.$$

**Ex.** Find the area of the region enclosed by the curves  $y = \sin x$ ,  $y = \cos x$ , and the ordinates x = 0,  $x = \cos x$ 

 $\frac{\pi}{2}$ 

**Sol.**  $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left| \sin x - \cos x \right| dx$ 

$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} (\cos x - \sin x) dx + \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin c - \cos x) dx$$
$$= 2(\sqrt{2} - 1)$$