APPLICATION OF INTEGRALS

AREA BETWEEN TWO CURVES

Area between two curves

If $f(x) \ge g(x)$ for $x \in [a,b]$ then the area enclosed by the curves (graphs) y = f(x) and y = g(x) between the ordinates x = aand x = b is given by:



$$x = b$$
 is $\int_{a}^{b} (f(x) - g(x)) dx$

Ex.1 Determine the area enclosed by the curve (graph) $y = x^2 + x + 1$ and its tangent at (1,3) between the ordinates x = -1 and x = 1.

 $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + 1$ x = 1 $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3$



Equation of tangent is

$$y - 3 = 3 (x - 1)$$

$$y = 3x$$
Required area =
$$\int_{-1}^{1} (x^{2} + x + 1 - 3x) dx$$

$$= \int_{-1}^{1} (x^{2} - 2x + 1) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{3}}{3} - x^{2} + x \Big]_{-1}^{1}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{3} - 1 + 1\right) - \left(-\frac{1}{3} - 1 - 1\right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} + 2 = \frac{8}{3}$$

CLASS 12

Note : The area enclosed between the curves y = f(x) and y = g(x) between the ordinates (x = a) and (x = b) is

$$\int_{a}^{b} |f(x) - g(x)| dx .$$

Ex.2 Find the area of the region enclosed by the curves $y = \sin x$, $y = \cos x$, and the ordinates x = 0, $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ Sol. $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} |\sin x - \cos x| dx$ $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} (\cos x - \sin x) dx + \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin c - \cos x) dx$

 $=2\left(\sqrt{2}-1\right)$