Other Adaptation

Let's discuss some of the adaptations in animals living in tropical rainforest in detail:

Adaptations in Elephant

- The elephant has a long trunk.
- The elephant possesses tusks that are used in tearing the bark of trees.
- The elephant has large ears that help it to hear even very soft sounds and can sense the danger. It also helps the elephant to keep it cool in the tropical forest.
- The feet of the elephant is large and round which help it to provide good stability.

Adaptation in Jaguars

- Jaguars have adapted to the wet environment of the tropical rainforest.
- They are excellent swimmers, and unlike other cats, they seek out water for bathing and swimming.
- The jaguar's fur keeps it camouflaged in the tropical rainforest.
- Jaguars are also powerful, giving it the strength to move easily and silently through the forest when stalking prey.
- The jaguar can move extremely fast, which makes it an effective hunter.

Other Adaptation

Adaptations in Red-eyed Frog

- The red-eyed frog lives on trees in tropical rainforest.
- They have sticky pads on their feet that help them to climb trees.
- It does not live in water and has a green back and a creamy underside.
- It is a nocturnal.

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- The bulging eye of frog protects it from its predator.
- The sudden opening of big and bright-red eyes frightens the predator for a while and in the meantime the frog gets time to jump to a safe place.
- The green color of the frog helps it to hide within the green leaves of the tree and helps it to protect from predators.

Adaptations in Monkey

- The monkeys living in tropical rainforests have long tails for grasping branches.
- Their hands and feet are adapted in such a way that they can easily hold the branches of trees.
- The eyesight of monkeys is very good.
- Monkeys eat fruits, seeds, leaves, root and insects as their food which is present in abundance in tropical rainforest.