Base



The substances that are bitter in taste and soapy (slippery) to touch are called bases.

The bases which are soluble in water called alkalis.



Properties of Bases:

- Bases are bitter to taste.
- Bases turn red litmus to blue.
- Some of the bases are soluble in water they are called alkalis (potassium hydroxide and sodium hydroxide).
- Bases react with acids to form a salt and water.

 NH_4OH + HCL $\rightarrow NH_4Cl$ + H_2O

(Ammonium Hydroxide) + (Hydrochloric acid) → (Ammonium chloride) + (Water)

Bases react with metals to form salt and hydrogen gas

2NaOH + Zn \rightarrow Na₂ZnO₂ + H₂ (Sodium hydroxide) + (Zinc) \rightarrow (Sodium Zincate) + (Hydrogen)



Uses of Bases

- Sodium hydroxide is used in the production of soap, paper, and rayon, a synthetic fibre.
- Calcium hydroxide (also known as slaked lime) is used in the production of bleaching powder.
- Magnesium hydroxide is used as an antacid to neutralize excess stomach acid and cure indigestion.
- Sodium carbonate is used to soften hard water and as a washing soda.
- Sodium hydrogen carbonate is used in baking soda, baking powders, as an antacid to treat indigestion, and in soda-acid fire extinguishers.