Subtraction of 4-digit Numbers

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Subtraction of 4-digit numbers means taking away one 4-digit number from another 4-digit number to find the difference. We subtract numbers using place value columns – ones, tens, hundreds, and thousands.

Steps to Subtract 4-digit Numbers

Step 1: Arrange the numbers one below the other by place value

Step 2: Start subtracting from the ones place

Step 3: If the upper digit is smaller than the lower digit, borrow from the next place

Step 4: Continue the same till you reach the thousands place

Step 5: Write the final answer as the difference

Properties of Subtraction

Subtracting 0 from a number gives the same number. Example: 4567 - 0 = 4567

Subtracting a number from itself gives zero. Example: 7342 – 7342 = 0

Subtraction is not commutative. Changing the order gives a different result. Example: 9123 – 6543 ≠ 6543 – 9123

Example 1:

Question: Subtract 3,426 from 7,193

Solution: 7193 – 3426 = 3767

Answer: 7,193 – 3,426 = 3,767

Example 2:

Question: Subtract $\frac{2}{5}$ from $\frac{4}{5}$

Solution: Denominators are the same, subtract the numerators 4 - 2 = 2

 $\frac{4}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$ Answer = $\frac{2}{5}$

Summary Points

• Subtraction of 4-digit numbers is done using place value columns

- Start subtracting from the ones place
- Borrow from the next digit if needed
- Subtracting 0 keeps the number same, subtracting a number from itself gives 0
- Subtract fractions only when the denominators are the same