Perimeter of square, Rectangle and Regular Shapes



Perimeter of a closed figure is the total lengths of its boundary.

Perimeter of Square

The perimeter of a square PQRS is the total lengths of all its equal sides. If the length of each side is s then, $P = \frac{s}{s}$

Perimeter =
$$PQ + QR + RS + SP = s + s + s + s = 4s$$

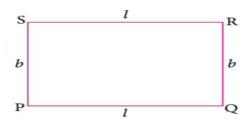


Perimeter of Rectangle

The perimeter of a rectangle PQRS is the double of the sum of its two adjacent sides. If the length of its two adjacent sides are I and b, then,

Perimeter = PQ + QR + RS + SP
=
$$I + b + I + b$$

= $2I + 2b = 2(I+b)$



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Let us understand with some examples:

Example 1: Find the perimeter of a rectangular plot whose length is 25 m and breadth is 950 cm.

Solution: Length of the rectangle = 25m

Breadth of the rectangle = 950 cm =
$$\frac{950}{100}$$
m = 9.5 m

Perimeter of the rectangular plot = 2(length + breadth)

$$= 2 (l + b) = 2(25 + 9.5) = 2 \times 34.5 = 69m$$

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Example: Find the cost of fencing a square park of side 250m at the rate of Rs. 20 per meter.

Solution: Side of the park = 250m

To calculate the cost of fencing, we require perimeter.

Perimeter of the square = $4 \times$ one side = 4×250 m = 1000 m

Now, the total cost of fencing the park = $Rs.20 \times 1000 = Rs.20000$