Neutralisation

(A)

It is the reaction in which an acid reacts with a base to form a new substance and water along with the evolution of heat. Thus, a new substance is formed called salt.

Example:

When hydrochloric acid reacts with sodium hydroxide to form sodium chloride and water. The sodium chloride form is salt. The chemical reaction is shown below:

Hydrochloric acid (HCl) —> Sodium hydroxide! NaOH) +Sodium chloride (NaCl) -> Water (H₂O)

Salt:

- **1.** It is formed by neutralization process.
- 2. Salt can be acidic, basic, or neutral depending on its reactants.
- **3.** Salt exists in different colors which may range from colorless to almost all different colors.
- 4. They always exist in solids with high melting points.
- 5. They conduct electricity when dissolved in water or in a molten state.
- 6. For example sodium chloride, magnesium chloride, etc.

