

Finding Highest Common Factor (HCF)

⇒ HCF by listing factors method

Example: Highest common factor of 32 and 24

Solution: Factors of 32 = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32

Factors of 24 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24

Here, the largest number that is common in the list of factors is 8.

Therefore, $\text{HCF}(32, 24) = 8$.

⇒ HCF by prime factorization method

To get HCF we multiply common prime numbers with their least power.

Example: Highest common factor of 36 and 84.

Solution: Prime factorization of $36 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 2^2 \times 3^2$

Prime factorization of $84 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7 = 2^2 \times 3 \times 7$

Thus, the highest common factor of 36 and 84 = $2^2 \times 3 = 4 \times 3 = 12$

$\text{HCF}(36, 84) = 12$

⇒ HCF by division method

Example: Highest common factor of 18 and 24.

Solution: $24 > 18$

So, dividend = 24 and divisor = 18

Let's perform the division as explained in the below steps.

$$\begin{array}{r} 18 \overline{) 24} \quad 1 \\ \underline{-18} \\ 6 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 18 \overline{) 18} \quad 3 \\ \underline{-18} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

HCF → 6 ← Remainder

Therefore, the highest common factor of 18 and 24 is 6.