Period

To read numerals of large numbers without difficulty, we group the places into periods in the place value chart as shown below:

Lakhs	Thousand		Ones		
One lakh	Ten thousands	Thousand	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
100000	10000	1000	100	10	1
	3	4	2	5	9

In this we have 3 periods, i.e. Ones, thousands and lakhs.

We observe that:

- The first three places from the right make the 'ones' period. The next two make the 'thousands' period and the next i.e. Sixth place makes the 'lakhs' period.
- While reading the numerals of a number, all the digits in the same period are read together. The name of the period (except the ones) is read along with them.

For example: We read 28524 as 'Twenty-eight Thousand Five Hundred Twenty Four'