



Pronouns

What is a Pronoun?

A pronoun is a word that is used in place of a noun to avoid repetition.

❖ Examples:

- Rohan is very naughty. Rohan chases a dog.
 - Rohan is very naughty. He chases a dog.
- Rupa and Deepa are friends. Rupa and Deepa play together.
 - Rupa and Deepa are friends. They play together.

Types of Pronouns

1. Personal Pronouns

Used to refer to a person or thing. They are divided into three persons:

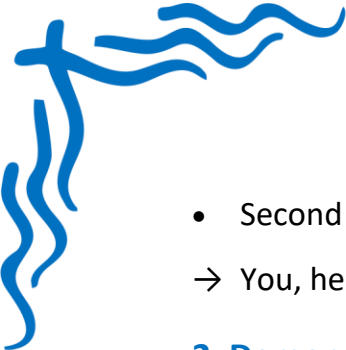
Person	Subject Form	Object Form	Possessive Form
First Person	I, we	me, us	mine, ours
Second Person	you	you	yours
Third Person	he, she, it, they	him, her, it, them	his, hers, its, theirs

❖ Examples:

- I am a student. (First person)
- You are my friend. (Second person)
- He is playing cricket. (Third person)
- They are eating lunch. (Third person)

Note:

When mentioning all three persons in a sentence, the order is:



- Second person, Third person, First person

→ You, he and I are friends.

2. Demonstrative Pronouns

Used to point out specific people or things.

Singular	Plural
this	these
that	those

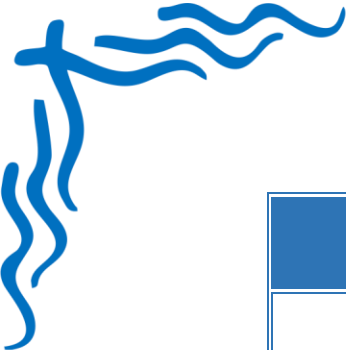
❖ Examples:

- This is my pen.
- That is your book.
- These are my friends.
- Those are mangoes.

3. Possessive Pronouns

Used to show ownership or belonging.

Subject	Possessive Pronoun
I	mine
You	yours
He	his
She	hers
It	its
We	ours



Subject	Possessive Pronoun
They	theirs

❖ **Examples:**

- This pen is mine.
- That bat is yours.
- These books are theirs.

Important Exercises from the Chapter

A. Choose the correct personal pronoun:

- My name is Ashok. (I / We) study in class IV. → I
- The boys are playing. (It / They) are playing hide and seek. → They

B. Choose the correct demonstrative pronoun:

- (This / These) is my pen. → This
- (Those / This) are clouds. → Those

C. Fill in with possessive pronouns:

- The book belongs to Aman. It's _____. → his
- That house belongs to us. It's _____. → ours

D. Mixed Fill in the Blanks:

- That's not my pen. It's (yours / your). → yours
- Is this bag (your / yours)? → yours

Points to Remember

- Pronouns replace nouns to avoid repetition.
- Personal pronouns refer to people/things.
- Demonstrative pronouns point to specific items.
- Possessive pronouns show ownership.