Properties of Multiplication



1. Property of one: We have learnt in the previous class that when any number is multiplied by 1 the product is the number itself.

Example:











$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

If any number is multiplied by 1 the product is the number itself.



2. Property of zero: When any number is multiplied by 0 the product is always 0.

$$0 \times 7 = 0$$



If any number is multiplied by 0 the product is always zero.



3. Commutative Property:

Example:



You can arrange them in 2 groups of 6 stars or 6 groups of 2 stars.

$$2 \times 6 = 12$$

We observe that changing the order of two numbers does not change the product.

This property is called **commutative property of multiplication**.