



Our Currency Notes

Understanding the Topic

- We use **money** to **buy things** like toys, food, and clothes.
- **Currency notes** are **paper money**.
- In India, our currency is called **Rupees**.
- The sign of rupee is ₹.
- We use **rupee notes** of different values.

Common Currency Notes in India

- ₹10 note
- ₹20 note
- ₹50 note
- ₹100 note
- ₹200 note
- ₹500 note
- ₹2000 note

Features of Currency Notes

- Each note has a **number** (like 10, 50, or 100).
- The note has **pictures**, **colors**, and **designs** to tell them apart.
- All Indian notes have a picture of **Mahatma Gandhi** on them.

Examples with Solutions

1. Which note has the smallest value: ₹10 or ₹50?

Answer: ₹10 has the smaller value.

2. How many ₹10 notes make ₹50?

Answer: 5 notes of ₹10 make ₹50.

3. You have one ₹100 note. What is its value?

Answer: Its value is ₹100.

4. Which note is more: ₹200 or ₹500?

Answer: ₹500 is more.

5. What is the value of two ₹20 notes?

Answer: ₹20 + ₹20 = ₹40



Summary Points

- **Currency notes** are **paper money** we use to buy things.
- Indian currency is called **Rupees** and the sign is ₹.
- Notes come in values like ₹10, ₹20, ₹50, ₹100, ₹200, ₹500, ₹2000.
- All notes have **Mahatma Gandhi's picture**.
- We use notes of different values to make payments.