Addition and Subtraction of Capacity



Addition of Capacity

For addition of capacity, note the following points.

- 1. Make the columns according to the units of the addends, that is, I and ml.
- 2. Write the numbers one below the other in the columns of their respective units.
- 3. After addition, write the answer separately along with the units.



Example: Add 4 l 656 ml and 9 l 495 ml

Steps of Addition:

Step 1: Write the numbers one below the other in the columns of l and ml.

Step 2: Add millilitres. 656 + 495 = 1151 ml = 1 l 151 ml.

Write 151 in the 'ml' column and carry over 1 to the 'l' column.

Step 3: Add litres, 4 + 9 + 1 (carried over) = 14 l

	1	ml
	1	11
	4	656
+	9	495
	14	151

Write 14 in the $^\prime l^\prime$ column and carry over 1 to the $^\prime l^\prime$ column.

Thus, 4 l 656 ml + 9 l 495 ml = **14 l 151 ml**.

Addition and Subtraction of Capacity



Subtraction of Capacity

Example: Subtract39 l 489 ml from 50 l.

Steps of Subtraction:

Step 1: Subtraction millilitres. But 0 < 9, so we cannot subtract.

Hence, we borrow 1 I from the 'l' column. In the 'ml' column,

1000 - 489 = 511 ml.

Write 511 ml in the 'ml' column.

Step 2: Subtract litres, 49 - 39 = 10 l.

Write 10 in the 'l' column.

	l	ml
	49	1000
	50	990
-	39	489
	10	511

Thus, 50 l - 39 l 489 ml =**10 l 511 ml**.