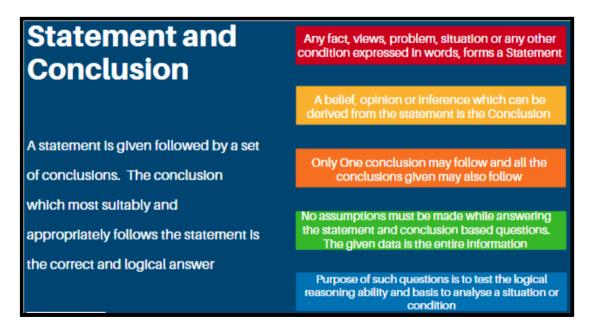
STATEMENT AND CONCLUSIONS

Statement & Conclusion – Concept

- Questions from the statement and conclusions topic comprise a statement followed by a set of conclusions for the same. Candidates need to choose the most appropriate conclusion regarding the statement given.
- Mostly the biggest mistake which is made by candidates while solving the statement-conclusion questions is that they make assumptions while answering questions which ultimately leads to marking the incorrect option as a conclusion for the given statement.



- No assumptions, facts or information can be used to answer questions based on this concept and the data given in the statement is the only fact.
- Candidates must know that to answer questions from this topic, a candidate needs to analyse the information given and then select the most logical conclusion based on the statement.

Tips and Tricks to solve Statement and Conclusion Questions

- If there are two or more sentences which are used to frame a statement, then, the sentences must be interrelated, and mutual contradiction should be there.
- Do not look for truthful notions. The information provided in the statement is the only requirement for a candidate to answer the question. No assumptions must be made.
- Read the statement carefully and look for keywords which are common between the statement and the conclusions
- If there is more than one conclusion which is applicable for the statement, candidates must ensure that the conclusions they opt have some relation with each other.
- Do not go by the length of the statement or statements. Make sure that you read the statement carefully before you make a conclusion.

• Candidates happen to lose a lot of marks in negative marking in such questions. So ensure that you do not guess the answers in this topic.

Statement and Conclusion – Solved Examples

Q 1.

Statement: In a T20 match played between India and Australia, the total runs made by the Indian team were 200. 160 runs out of 200 runs were made by spinners.

Conclusion I: 80% of the team consists of spinners

Conclusion II: The opening batsmen were spinners

- 1. Only Conclusion I is true
- 2. Only Conclusion II is true
- 3. Both Conclusion I and II are true
- 4. Neither Conclusion I nor II is true
- 5. Either Conclusion I or II is true

Answer: (4) Neither Conclusion I nor II is true; Neither conclusion is logically correct with regard to the statement

Q 2.

Statement: The Team Manager humiliated Varun in front of his colleagues on a Monday morning.

Conclusion I: The Team Manager did not like Varun

Conclusion II: Varun was not as popular as his other colleagues

- 1. Only Conclusion I is true
- 2. Only Conclusion II is true
- 3. Both Conclusion I and II are true
- 4. Neither Conclusion I nor II is true
- 5. Either Conclusion I or II is true

Answer: (4) Neither Conclusion I nor II is true; None of the conclusions gives a valid reason for the statement to be correct.

Q 3.

Statement: A metal producing Company in India has moved from a position where there was a shortage of metal production to a position where there is the self-sufficiency of metal.

Conclusion I: India was previously importing metal

Conclusion II: at this speed of self sufficiency, India can soon become a foreign exchange earner

1. Only Conclusion I is true

- 2. Only Conclusion II is true
- 3. Both Conclusion I and II are true
- 4. Neither Conclusion I nor II is true
- 5. Either Conclusion I or II is true

Answer: (3) Both Conclusion I and II is true

Q 4.

Statement: Only good dancers are invited to the competition. No one without dancing techniques is a good dancer.

Conclusion I: All invited dancers in the competition dance well

Conclusion II: Those dancers who do not have good dancing techniques are not invited to the competition

- 1. Only Conclusion I is true
- 2. Only Conclusion II is true
- 3. Both Conclusion I and II are true
- 4. Neither Conclusion I nor II is true
- 5. Either Conclusion I or II is true

Answer: (3) Both Conclusion I and II are true

Practice Questions:

Directions (1 - 10): In each of the following questions, a statement has been given followed by a few conclusions. Consider the statement to be completely true and answer which of the given conclusions can be derived based on the statement.

Q 1.

Statement: Gold prices are rising each day in the market

Conclusion I: Nobody wears gold nowadays

Conclusion II: It has become tougher to locate gold shops in the market

- 1. Only conclusion I follow
- 2. Only conclusion II follows
- 3. Both conclusion I and II follow
- 4. Neither conclusion I nor II follows
- 5. Either conclusion I or II follow

Answer: (4) Neither conclusion I nor II follows

Solution: The prices of gold are not rising because of any of the two given statements. Thus, they

cannot be concluded based on the statement

Q 2.

Statement: Agrima took part in a State-level singing competition and won it.

Conclusion I: Agrima is the best singer in the country

Conclusion II: Agrima is also a good dancer

- 1. Only conclusion I follow
- 2. Only conclusion II follows
- 3. Both conclusion I and II follow
- 4. Neither conclusion I nor II follows
- 5. Either conclusion I or II follow

Answer: (4) Neither conclusion I nor II follows

Solution: Winning the state level singing competition cannot conclude that she is the best singer in the country and neither does the statement give any information about her dancing skills

Q 3.

Statement: Kids nowadays have become extremely tech-savvy and a report suggests that almost all kids between the ages of 5 to 8 years spend 6 to 7 hours each day watching TV, mobiles or tablets. This has resulted in eye-sight issues among young children.

Conclusion I: Kids can be kept busy while they are using such devices **Conclusion II:** Using too much of these devices can be harmful to children

- 1. Only conclusion I follow
- 2. Only conclusion II follows
- 3. Both conclusion I and II follow
- 4. Neither conclusion I nor II follows
- 5. Either conclusion I or II follow

Answer: (2) Only conclusion II follows

Solution: Based on the statement, it can be derived that watching TV, mobiles or tables has directly affected the eye-sight of young children