# **Biggest to Smallest (Descending Order)**

# **Understanding the Topic**

- Descending order means arranging numbers from the biggest to the smallest
- We start with the biggest number and go down to the smallest
- It helps children understand how numbers decrease in value
- Descending order is also called decreasing order
- We can use counting backward or a number line to help

# **How to Arrange in Descending Order**

- Step 1: Look at all the numbers given
- Step 2: Find the biggest number
- Step 3: Then find the next biggest, and continue
- Step 4: Write the numbers from biggest to smallest

# **Examples with Solutions**

#### Example 1

Arrange: 4, 2, 7

**Answer:** 7, 4, 2

# **Example 2**

Arrange: 9, 6, 3

**Answer:** 9, 6, 3

#### Example 3

Arrange: 1, 5, 8

**Answer:** 8, 5, 1

#### **Example 4**

Arrange: 10, 2, 6

**Answer:** 10, 6, 2

#### Example 5

Arrange: 3, 7, 0

**Answer:** 7, 3, 0

# Summary Points

- Descending order means big to small
- We arrange numbers from the highest to the lowest
- Use counting backward to help with descending order
- Helps in understanding number comparison and order
- Practice makes it easy to spot the biggest and smallest numbers quickly