# **Types of Force**

#### A. Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Which of the following is a contact force?
  - (a) Magnetic force
  - (b) Muscular force
  - (c) Gravitational force
  - (d) Electrostatic force
- 2. Which of these is a non-contact force?
  - (a) Friction
  - (b) Air resistance
  - (c) Magnetic force
  - (d) Push by hand

### 3. Frictional force always acts:

- (a) In the direction of motion
- (b) At a right angle to motion
- (c) Opposite to the direction of motion
- (d) Along the gravitational pull

#### B. Fill in the Blanks:

| 1. Muscular force is an example of | f a force.                                  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 2. Gravitational force acts betwee | en                                          |
| 3. A magnet exerts a               | force on iron objects without touching them |

## C. Case Study:

During a science fair, Aarav set up three experiments:

He pushed a toy car to show muscular force.

He rubbed a balloon on his hair and observed it attracting paper bits, showing electrostatic force.

He dropped a ball, which fell to the ground due to gravity.

#### **Case Study Questions:**

- 1. What types of forces did Aarav demonstrate?
- 2. Which of the forces was a contact force?
- 3. What force pulled the ball to the ground?

4. What kind of force attracted the paper bits to the balloon?

## **D. Short Answer Questions:**

- 1. What are contact and non-contact forces? Give one example of each.
- 2. Name three types of non-contact forces.
- 3. What causes friction between two surfaces?

# **E. Long Answer Questions:**

- 1. Differentiate between contact and non-contact forces with examples and diagrams.
- 2. Explain various types of contact forces and their effects on objects.
- 3. Describe gravitational, magnetic, and electrostatic forces with real-life applications.