Admission of a Partner

Question 1.

X, Y and Z are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:3:2. They admit A into partnership and give him 1/5th share of profits. Find the new profit-sharing ratio.

Solution:

X: Y : Z Old Ratio 5: 3: 2

A is admitted for 1/5 share of profit

Let the combined share of profit for all partners after A's admission be=1 Combined share of X, Y and Z after A's admission = 1- A's share

$$=1-\frac{1}{5}$$

$$=\frac{4}{5}$$

New Ratio= Old Ratio x Combined share of X, Y and Z

$$X's = \frac{5}{10} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{20}{50}$$

$$Y's = \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{12}{50}$$

$$Z's = \frac{2}{10} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{50}$$

New Profit Sharing Ratio=
$$\frac{20}{50} : \frac{12}{50} : \frac{8}{50} : \frac{1}{5}$$

$$=\frac{20:12:8:10}{50}$$

Question 2.

Ravi and Mukesh are sharing profits in the ratio of 7: 3. They admit Ashok for 3/7th share in the firm which he takes 2/7th from Ravi and 1/7th from Mukesh.

Calculate new profit-sharing ratio.

Solution:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ravi :} \text{Mukesh} \\ \text{Old Ratio} \ \ \frac{7}{10} : \frac{3}{10} \end{array}$$

Ashok admits for $\frac{3}{7}$ share of profit

Ravi sacrifices in favour of Ashok = $\frac{2}{5}$

Mukesh sacrifices in favour of Ashok = $\frac{1}{7}$

New Ratio =Old Ratio -sacrificing Ratio

Ravi's =
$$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{2}{7}$$

= $\frac{29}{70}$
Mukesh's = $\frac{3}{10} - \frac{1}{7}$
= $\frac{11}{70}$

New Profit Sharing Ratio=
$$\frac{29}{70} : \frac{11}{10} : \frac{3}{7}$$

= $\frac{29 : 11 : 30}{70}$

Question 3.

A and B are partners sharing profits and losses in the proportion of 7: 5. They agree to admit C, their Manager, into partnership who is to get 1/6th share in the profits. He acquires this share as 1/24th from A and 1/8th from 8. Calculate new profit-sharing ratio.

(Delhi 2001)

Solution:

Old Ratio 7:5

C admits for 1/6 share of profit

A sacrifices his share of profit in favour of C= $\frac{1}{24}$

B sacrifices his share of profit in favour of $C = \frac{1}{8}$

New Ratio =Old Ratio -sacrificing Ratio

A's =
$$\frac{7}{12} - \frac{1}{24}$$

= $\frac{13}{24}$
B's = $\frac{5}{12} - \frac{1}{8}$
= $\frac{7}{24}$

New Profit Sharing Ratio =
$$\frac{13}{24}$$
: $\frac{7}{24}$: $\frac{1}{6}$
= $\frac{13:7:4}{24}$
= 13:7:4

Question 4.

X and Yare partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3: 2. Z is admitted as partner with 1/4 shares in profit. Z acquires his share from X and Y in the ratio of 2: 1.

Calculate new profit-sharing ratio.

Solution:

Old Profit Sharing Ratio amongst Partners (X and Y) is 3:2

Z is admitted for 1/4th Share in Profits

Sacrificing Ratio of X and Y is 2:1

Z acquired
$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{12}$$
 from X

Z acquired
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{12}$$
 from Y

New Ratio= Old Ratio-Sacrificing Ratio

X's new share=
$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{2}{12} = \frac{36 - 10}{60} = \frac{26}{60}$$

Y's new share=
$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{12} = \frac{24 - 5}{60} = \frac{19}{60}$$

Z's share =
$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{15}{60}$$

Question 5.

X and Y were partners sharing profits in the ratio of 3: 2. They admitted P and Q as new partners. X surrendered 1/3rd of his share in favour of P and Y surrendered 1/4th of his share in favour of Q. Calculate new profit-sharing ratio of X, Y, P and Q. (Al 1998 C, Delhi 2000, 2002 C)

Solution:

Old Ratio 3:2

Sacrificing Ratio = Old Ratio x Surrender Ratio

$$X's = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{15}$$

$$Y's = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{20}$$

New Ratio= Old Ratio-Sacrificing Ratio

$$X's = \frac{3}{5} - \frac{3}{15}$$

$$=\frac{6}{15}$$

$$Y's = \frac{2}{5} - \frac{2}{2}$$

P's share= X's Sacrifice

$$=\frac{3}{15}$$

Q's share= X's Sacrifiœ

$$=\frac{2}{20}$$

New Profit Sharing Ratio = $\frac{6}{15}$: $\frac{6}{20}$: $\frac{3}{15}$: $\frac{2}{20}$

=
$$\frac{24:18:12:6}{60}$$

Question 6.

Rand S are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3. T joins the firm as a new partner. R gives 1/4th of his share and S gives1/5th of his share to the new partner. Find out new profit-sharing ratio.

(Delhi 2007 C)

Solution:

Old Ratio 5:3

Sacrificing Ratio = Old Ratio × Surrender Ratio

$$R's = \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{5}{32}$$

$$S's = \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{5}$$

New Ratio= Old Ratio-Sacrificing Ratio

$$R's = \frac{5}{8} - \frac{5}{32}$$
$$= \frac{15}{32}$$
$$S's = \frac{3}{8} - \frac{3}{40}$$
$$= \frac{12}{40}$$

T's share = R's Sacrifice + S's sacrifice

$$= \frac{5}{32} + \frac{3}{40}$$
$$= \frac{25 + 12}{160}$$
$$= \frac{37}{160}$$

R: S: T

New Profit Sharing Ratio =
$$\frac{15}{32}$$
: $\frac{12}{40}$: $\frac{37}{160}$
= $\frac{75:48:37}{160}$
:: New Profit Sharing Ratio = 75:48:37

Question 7.

Kabir and Farid are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 7:3. Kabir surrenders 2/10th from his share and Farid surrenders 1/10th from his share in favour of Jyoti; a new partner. Calculate new profit-sharing ratio and sacrificing ratio.

(CBSE Sample Paper 2015)

Solution:

Calculation of New Ratio

Old Ratio of Kabir and Farid 7:3

Kabir sacrifices his share of profit in favour of Jyoti = $\frac{2}{10}$

Farid sacrifices his share of profit in favour of Jyoti = $\frac{1}{10}$

Jyoti's Share =
$$\frac{2}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$$

New Ratio = Old Share - Share Sacrificed

Kabir's New Share =
$$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{2}{10} = \frac{5}{10}$$

Farid's New Share =
$$\frac{3}{10} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{2}{10}$$

New Profit Sharing Ratio = 5:2:3

Calculation of Sacrificing Ratio

Since, Kabir and Farid are sacrificing 2 / 10 share respectively, therefore the sacrificing ratio becomes 2:1.

Question 8.

Find New Profit-sharing Ratio:

- i. R and T are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2. S joins the R surrenders 1/4th of his share and T 1/5th of his share in favour of S.
- ii. A and B are partners. They admit C for 1/4th share. In future, the ratio between A and B would be 2:1.
- iii. A and B are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3: 2. They admit C for 1/5th share in the profit. C acquires 1/5th of his share from A and 4/5th share from B.
- iv. X, Y and Z are partners in the ratio of 3:2:1. W joins the firm as a new partner for 1/6th share in profits. Z would retain his original share.
- v. A and B are equal partners. They admit C and D as partners with 1/5th and 1/6th share respectively
- vi. A and B are partners sharing profits/losses in the ratio of 3: 2. C is admitted for 1/4th share. A and B decide to share equally in future.

Solution:

i. R: T
Old Ratio 3: 2
Sacrificing Ratio= Old Ratio
$$\times$$
 Surrender Ratio
R's= $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}$
= $\frac{3}{20}$
T's = $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{5}$
= $\frac{2}{10}$

New Ratio= Old Ratio-Sacrificing Ratio

R's =
$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{3}{20}$$

= $\frac{9}{20}$
T's = $\frac{2}{5} - \frac{2}{25}$
= $\frac{8}{25}$
S's share= R's Sacrifice+ S's sacrifice
= $\frac{3}{20} + \frac{2}{25}$
= $\frac{23}{100}$

R: T: S

New Profit Sharing Ratio =
$$\frac{9}{20}$$
: $\frac{8}{25}$: $\frac{23}{100}$

= $\frac{45:32:23}{100}$

= $45:32:23$

ii. A: B

Old Ratio 1:1

C admits for 1/4th share of profit

Let the combined share of A,B and C be= 1 Combined share of A and B = 1 - C's Share

$$=1-\frac{1}{4}$$

New Ratio = Combined share of A and B $\times \frac{2}{3}$

$$A's = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$$
$$= \frac{6}{12}$$
$$B's = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3}$$

A: B: C

New Profit Sharing Ratio = $\frac{6}{12}$: $\frac{3}{12}$: $\frac{1}{4}$ $= \frac{6:3:3}{12}$ = 2:1:1

iii. A: B

Old Ratio 3: 2

C admits for $\frac{1}{5}$ share of profit

A's sacrifice = C's share
$$\times \frac{1}{5}$$

= $\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5}$
= $\frac{1}{25}$

B's sacrifice = C's share $\times \frac{4}{5}$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{4}{5}$$
$$= \frac{4}{25}$$

 $=\frac{4}{25}$ New ratio = Old Ratio - Sacrificing Ratio

A's =
$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{25}$$

= $\frac{14}{25}$
B's = $\frac{2}{5} - \frac{4}{25}$
= $\frac{6}{25}$

New Profit Sharing Ratio =
$$\frac{14}{25}$$
: $\frac{6}{25}$: $\frac{1}{5}$
= $\frac{14:6:5}{25}$
= 14:6:5

iv.

X:Y:Z

OldRatio

3:2:1

W admits for $\frac{1}{6}$ share of profit

Let combined share of all partner after W's admissionbe=1 $\,$

Combined share X and Y in the new firm = 1- Z's share -W's Share

$$=1-\frac{1}{6}-\frac{1}{6}$$

$$=\frac{4}{6}$$

New Ratio= Old Ratiox Combined share of X and Y

$$X's = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{4}{6} = \frac{12}{30}$$

$$Y's = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{6} = \frac{8}{30}$$

New Profit Sharing Ratio =
$$\frac{12}{30} : \frac{8}{30} : \frac{1}{6} : \frac{1}{6}$$

= $\frac{12 : 8 : 5 : 5}{30}$
= $12 : 8 : 5 : 5$

Old Ratio 1:1

C admits for $\frac{1}{5}$ share

D admits for $\frac{1}{6}$ share

Let the combined share of all partners after C's and D's admission be=1 Combined share of A and B after C's and D's admission= 1-C's share - D's Share

$$=1-\frac{1}{5}-\frac{1}{6}$$

$$=\frac{19}{30}$$

New Ratio = Old Ratio x Combined share of A and B

A's =
$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{19}{30}$$

$$=\frac{19}{60}$$

B's =
$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{19}{30}$$

New Profit Shareing Ratio =
$$\frac{19}{60}$$
: $\frac{19}{60}$: $\frac{1}{5}$: $\frac{1}{6}$
= $\frac{19:19:12:10}{60}$

= 19:19:12:10

vi.

Old Ratio 3: 2

C admits for $\frac{1}{4}$ share of profit

Let the combined share of all partners after C's admission be=1

Combined share of A and B after C's admission= 1-C's share

$$=1-\frac{1}{4}$$

$$=\frac{3}{4}$$

New Ratio of A and B each = Combined share of A and B $\times \frac{1}{2}$

$$=\frac{3}{4}\times\frac{1}{5}$$

$$=\frac{3}{8}$$
each

New profit sharing ratio = $\frac{3}{8}$: $\frac{3}{8}$: $\frac{1}{4}$

$$=\frac{3:3:1}{8}$$

Question 9.

Rakesh and Suresh profits in the ratio of 4:3. Zaheer joins and the new ratio among Rakesh, Suresh and Zaheer is 7:4:3. Find out the sacrificing ratio.

Solution:

Rakesh: Suresh

Old Ratio 4: 3

Rakesh: Suresh: Zaheer

New Ratio 7 : 4 : 3

Sacrificing Ratio = Old Ratio-Sacrificing Ratio

$$Rakesh's = \frac{4}{7} - \frac{7}{14}$$

$$=\frac{1}{14}$$

Suresh's =
$$\frac{3}{7} - \frac{4}{14}$$

Rakesh: Suresh

Sacrificing Ratio $\frac{1}{14}$: $\frac{2}{14}$ 1: 2

Question 10.

A, B and C are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 4:3:2. D admitted for 1/3rd share in future profit. What is the sacrificing

Solution:

A: B: C

Old Ratio 4: 3: 2

D is admitted for $\frac{1}{3}$ share of profit

Let the combined share of profit of A,B,C and D be=1

Combined share of A,B and C after D's admission= 1-D's share

$$=1-\frac{1}{3}$$

$$=\frac{2}{3}$$

New Ratio = Old Ratio- Combined share of A and B and C

$$A's = \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{2}{3}$$

$$B's = \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{2}{9}$$

$$=\frac{6}{27}$$

$$C's = \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{2}{3}$$

$$=\frac{4}{27}$$

Sacrificing Ratio= Old Ratio- New Ratio

A's =
$$\frac{4}{9} - \frac{8}{27}$$

$$=\frac{4}{27}$$

B's =
$$\frac{3}{9} - \frac{6}{27}$$

$$=\frac{3}{27}$$

C's =
$$\frac{2}{7} - \frac{4}{27}$$

$$=\frac{2}{27}$$

A: B: C

Sacrificing ratio = $\frac{4}{27}$: $\frac{3}{27}$: $\frac{2}{27}$

= 4: 3: 2

Question 11.

A and B are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2. C is admitted as a partner. The new profit sharing ratio among, A B and C is 4:3:2. Find out the sacrificing ratio.

Solution:

A: B

Old Ratio 3: 2

A: B: C

New Ratio 4: 3: 2

Sacrificing Ratio = Old Ratio-New Ratio

A's =
$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{4}{9}$$

B's =
$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{3}{9}$$

$$=\frac{3}{45}$$

Sacrificing Ratio $\frac{7}{45}$: $\frac{3}{45}$

Question 12.

A, B, C and D are in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio 36:24:20:20 respectively. E joins the partnership for 20% share and A, B, C and DS in future would share profits among themselves as 3/10:4/10: 2/10:1/10. Calculate new profit-sharing ratio after E's admission.

Solution:

A: B: C: D Old Ratio 36: 24: 20: 20 E is admitted for $\frac{20}{100}$ share

Let the combined share of all partners profit after E's admission =1 Combined share of A,B,C and D after E's admission =1-E's share

$$= 1 - \frac{20}{100}$$
$$= \frac{80}{100}$$

New Ratio = Combined of A,B,C and D. Agreed Share of A,B,C and D

$$A's = \frac{80}{100} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{24}{100}$$

$$B's = \frac{80}{100} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{32}{100}$$

$$C's = \frac{80}{100} \times \frac{2}{10} = \frac{16}{100}$$

$$D's = \frac{80}{100} \times \frac{1}{10} = \frac{8}{100}$$

New Profit Sharing Ratio = $\frac{24}{100}$: $\frac{32}{100}$: $\frac{16}{100}$: $\frac{8}{100}$: $\frac{20}{100}$ = 6: 8: 4: 2: 5

Question 13.

A and B are in partnership sharing profits and losses as 3:2. C is admitted for 1/4th share. Afterwards D enters for 20 paise in the rupee. Compute profit- sharing ratio of A, B, C and D after D's admission.

Solution:

Old Ratio 3: 2

C is admitted for $\frac{1}{4}$ share of profit

Let the combined share of profit of all partners be =1

Combined share of A and B after C's admission= 1-C's share

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{4}$$

New Ratio = Old Ratio - Combined share of A and B

A's =
$$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{20}$$

B's = $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{20}$

$$\mbox{A: B: C} \label{eq:A:B:C}$$
 New Profit Sharing Ratio after C's admission= $\frac{9}{20}$: $\frac{6}{20}$: $\frac{1}{4}$

$$= \frac{9:6:5}{20}$$

Profit sharing ratio after C's admission will become old ratio to determine the ratio after D's admission

A: B: C

Ratio before D's admission 9: 6: 5

D is admitted for $\frac{20}{100}$ share of profit

Let the combined share of all partners after D's admission =1

Combined share of A , Band C after D's admission= 1-D's share

$$= 1 - \frac{20}{100}$$
$$= \frac{80}{100}$$

New Ratio = Old Ratio - Combined share of A, B and C

$$A's = \frac{9}{20} \times \frac{80}{100} = \frac{72}{200}$$

$$B's = \frac{6}{20} \times \frac{80}{100} = \frac{48}{200}$$

$$C's = \frac{5}{20} \times \frac{80}{100} = \frac{40}{200}$$

A: B: C: D

New Profit Sharing Ratio after C's admission= $\frac{72}{200}$: $\frac{48}{200}$: $\frac{40}{200}$: $\frac{20}{100}$

=9:6:5:5

Question 14.

X and Y partners sharing profits and losses as 3:2. They admit Z into partnership. X gives 1/3rd of his share while Y gives 1/10th from his share while Y gives 1/10th from his share to Z. Calculate new profit-sharing ratio and sacrificing ratio.

Solution:

Old Ratio of X and Y are 3:2.

X'ssacrifice =
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{15}$$

Y's sacrifice =
$$\frac{1}{10}$$

SacrificingRatio =
$$\frac{3}{15}$$
: $\frac{1}{10}$ or 2: 1

New Ratio = Old share - share sacrificed

X'snewshare =
$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{3}{15} = \frac{6}{15}$$

Y's newshare =
$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$$

Z'snewshare =
$$\frac{3}{15} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{9}{30}$$

NewRatio =
$$\frac{6}{15}$$
 : $\frac{3}{10}$: $\frac{9}{30}$