CLASS 12

PROBABILITY

BAYES THEOREM

EXERCISE

Q.1	The process in which previously calculated probabilities are updated with new			
	probability values is referred to as			
	(a) Revision theorem		(b) Bayes theorem	m
	(c) Dependent theorem		(d) Updating the	orem
Q.2	Formula for Bayes theor	la for Bayes theorem is		
	(a) $P(A B) = \frac{P(B A)P(A B)}{P(B)}$)	(b) $P(A B) = \frac{P(A B)}{P(B B)}$	<u>)</u>)
	(c) $P(A B) = \frac{P(B A)}{P(B)}$		(d) P(A B) = $\frac{1}{P(B)}$	3)
Q.3	What is the Formula of conditional probability P(A B).			
	(a) $P(A B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$		(b) $P(A B) = \frac{P(A B)}{P(A B)}$	(A)
	(c) $P(A B) = \frac{P(A)}{P(B)}$		(d) $P(A B) = \frac{P(B)}{P(A B)}$	<u>)</u>)
Q.4	The prior probabilities in Bayes Theorem that are updated with new available			
-	information are referred to as			
	(a) independent probabilities		(b) dependent probabilities	
	(c) interior probabilities		(d) posterior probabilities	
Q.5	A man, who is known to tell the truth 3 out of 4 times, throws a die and claims it is a			
	six. Calculate the probability that it is indeed a six.			
	(a) $\frac{1}{8}$ (b)	$\frac{5}{8}$	(c) $\frac{2}{7}$	$(d)\frac{3}{8}$

Q.6 Bag 1 holds 3 red and 5 black balls, and Bag 2 holds 4 red and 6 black balls. A ball is randomly drawn from one of the bags, and it turns out to be red. Determine the probability that it was drawn from Bag 2.

(a)
$$\frac{31}{62}$$
 (b) $\frac{16}{62}$ (c) $\frac{16}{31}$ (d) $\frac{31}{32}$

Q.7 In Bag 1, there are 4 white and 6 black balls, while Bag 2 contains 4 white and 3 black balls. A ball is randomly drawn from one of the bags, and it turns out to be black. Determine the probability that it was drawn from Bag 1.

(a)
$$\frac{12}{13}$$
 (b) $\frac{5}{12}$ (c) $\frac{7}{11}$ (d) $\frac{7}{12}$

ANSWER KEY

- **1.** (b)
- **2.** (a)
- **3.** (a)
- **4.** (d)
- **5.** (d)
- **6.** (c)
- 7. (d)