

SETS**COMPLEMENT OF SETS****EXERCISE**

- Q.1** What does A' signify when U is a universal set?
(a) A (b) Φ (c) U (d) $U-A$
- Q.2** If $A = \{2, 3, 5\}$ and U is the set of prime factors of 210, determine the complement of A , denoted as A' .
(a) $\{2,3,5\}$ (b) $\{2,3,5,7\}$ (c) $\{7\}$ (d) Φ
- Q.3** Does the complement of the complement of A equal A denote by $(A')'=A$?
(a) True (b) False
- Q.4** Consider the universal set $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$, set $A = \{1, 4\}$, and set $B = \{2, 3, 5\}$. Determine the complement of set A , denoted as A' .
(a) $\{2,3,5,6\}$ (b) $\{1,2,3\}$ (c) $\{1,4,6\}$ (d) $\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$
- Q.5** Given the universal set $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$, set $A = \{1, 4\}$, and set $B = \{2, 3, 5\}$, find the complement of set B , denoted as B' .
(a) $\{2,3,5,6\}$ (b) $\{1,2,3\}$ (c) $\{1,4,6\}$ (d) $\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$
- Q.6** Given the universal set $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$, $A = \{1,4\}$ and $B = \{2,3,5\}$. Find $A' \cap B'$.
(a) $\{2,3,5,6\}$ (b) $\{1,2,3\}$ (c) $\{6\}$ (d) $\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$
- Q.7** Given the universal set $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$, $A = \{1,4\}$ and $B = \{2,3,5\}$. Then $A' \cap B'$ is equal to $(A \cup B)'$.
(a) True (b) False
- Q.8** Which of the following is equal to $A \cup A'$?
(a) U (b) A (c) A' (d) U'

Q.9 If A is set of equilateral triangles then the complement of A denoted as A' is _____

- (a) set of isosceles triangles
- (b) set of scalene triangles
- (c) union of sets of scalene and isosceles triangles
- (d) intersection of sets of scalene and isosceles triangles

Q.10 Which of the following does not represent set A?

- (a) $A \cap U$ (b) $A \cap \Phi'$ (c) $A \cup A'$ (d) $A \cup \Phi$

ANSWER KEY

- 1. (d)
- 2. (c)
- 3. (a)
- 4. (a)
- 5. (c)
- 6. (c)
- 7. (a)
- 8. (a)
- 9. (c)
- 10. (c)