CLASS 9 MATHS

INTRODUCTION OF EUCLIDS GEOMETRY

SOME BASIC DEFINITION OF EUCLID GEOMETRY

EXERCISE

Q.1.	How many lines can pass through:	
	(i) one point	(ii) two distinct points
Q.2	Axioms or postulates are the which are obvious universal truths	
Q.3	If equals are added to, the wholes are equal.	
Q.4	If equals are subtracted from equals the are equal.	
Q.5	All angles are equal to one another.	
Q.6	There areline (s) which pass through two distinct points.	
Q.7	Two distinct lines can not have more than point in common.	
Q.8	Ais that which has no part.	
Q.9	The of a line are	
Q.10	The whole is the part.	
Q.11	Things which are of the same things are equal to one another.	
Q. 12	The assumptions that were specific to geometry are called	
Q.13	Two distinct intersecting lines cannot be to the same line.	

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ANSWER KEY

1. (i) Infinite

- (ii) Only one
- **2.** assumptions
- **3.** equals
- **4.** remainders
- **5.** right
- **6.** one
- **7.** one
- 8. point
- **9.** ends, points
- **10.** greater than
- **11.** halves or double
- **12.** postulate
- **13.** parallel