

EXERCISE

A. LEARN THESE TERMS

- ◆ **Constitution:** Set of rules according to which the government of a country is run
- ◆ **Sovereign:** A nation which is free both in internal or external affairs
- ◆ **Socialist:** A system which lays emphasis on freedom from all exploitations
- ◆ **Secular:** A state where all religions command equal respect

B. STATE TRUE OR FALSE

- Q.1** Constitution is the set of rules according to which the government of a country runs.
- Q.2** Laws are not necessary for the smooth running of the country
- Q.3** Socialism lays emphasis on economic justice.
- Q.4** Each state of India has its own Constitution

C. FILL IN THE BLANKS

- Q.5** There are _____ Fundamental Rights given to the citizens of India.
- Q.6** The Fundamental Rights guarantee ideals of _____, _____ and _____
- Q.7** The Fundamental Duties were included by the _____ Amendment in the year _____
- Q.8** Begging and forced labour are prohibited by the Right against _____
- Q.9** _____ was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee.

D. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER

- Q.1** A nation which is free in its internal and

external affairs is called

- (A) Sovereign nation (B) Socialist nation
(C) Secular nation (D) None

- Q.2** The word 'socialism' was later on added in the Constitution by the

- (A) 42nd Amendment (B) 35th Amendment
(C) 44th Amendment (D) None

- Q.3** A state where all religions receive due respect is called being

- (A) Sovereign (B) Secular
(C) Democratic (D) None

- Q.4** The Indian Constitution was passed on

- (A) 26 January 1949
(B) 26 November 1950
(C) 26 November 1949
(D) None

- Q.5** The Right to property is now

- (A) Constitutional right (B) Legal right
(C) Ordinary right (D) None

- Q.6** Which constitutional amendment removed the right of property ?

- (A) 42nd (B) 44th
(C) 46th (D) 45th

- Q.7** Which right provides reservations for SC/ST and OBCs ?

- (A) Right to equality
(B) Right to freedom
(C) Right to against exploitation
(D) None of these

- Q.8** How many Fundamental Rights are provided in the Indian constitution ?

- (A) 10 (B) 8
(C) 6 (D) 7

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Q.9 Which right allows citizens to move to the court if they believe that any of their Fundamental Rights have been violated by the State ?

- (A) Right to freedom
- (B) Right to constitutional remedies
- (C) Right to equality
- (D) Right to against exploitation

Q.10 In which year the Cabinet Mission came to India ?

- (A) 1920 (B) 1922
- (C) 1929 (D) 1945

Q.11 The Constitution was passed by the Constituent Assembly on

- (A) 26 Jan., 1931 (B) 22 Dec., 1946
- (C) 26 Nov., 1946 (D) 26 Jan., 1950

Q.12 During which years the constitution was framed ?

- (A) 1934-1939 (B) 1920-1922
- (C) 1946-1949 (D) 1945-1946

Q.13 The monarchical type of constitution in Nepal was adopted in

- (A) 2006 (B) 2004
- (C) 1990 (D) 1995

Q.14 How many organs are there in Indian government ?

- (A) 4 (B) 3
- (C) 5 (D) 2

Q.15 When was democracy established in Nepal ?

- (A) 2006 (B) 2004
- (C) 2002 (D) 1990

Q.16 How many subjects are there in union list ?

- (A) 66 (B) 68
- (C) 99 (D) 52

Q.17 How many subjects are there in the concurrent list ?

- (A) 47 (B) 52
- (C) 71 (D) 66

Q.18 How many subjects are there in state list ?

- (A) 66 (B) 61
- (C) 68 (D) 64

Q.19 Our constitution was enacted on

- (A) 26th November 1949
- (B) 26th January 1950
- (C) 9th December 1946
- (D) 14 July 1949

E. VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

Q.1 What is a Constitution ?

Q.2 Explain the words 'Secular' and 'Socialist'

Q.3 What are the Fundamental Rights ?

Q.4 Write down the Fundamental Duties ?

Q.5 Who drafted the Indian Constitution ?

Q.6 What are the Directive Principles of State Policy ?

Q.7 How many fundamental rights are given to Indian citizen ?

Q.8 In how many lists the powers are divided in the Indian Constitution ?

Q.9 How many freedoms are given in the right to freedom?

Q.10 What was the aim of the people's movement in Nepal?

Q.11 What is the right against exploitation?

Q.12 What is Adult Franchise?

F. SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

Q.1 How the right to freedom of religion is protected in India?

Q.2 What are cultural and educational rights?

Q.3 Write about the democratic nature of Indian government.

Q.4 How India protects the minority?

Q.5 Write about the Nepal's struggle for democracy

Q.6 What is the importance of Fundamental Rights for the citizens?

Q.7 What is the meaning of secular state?

G. LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

Q.1 Explain briefly the right to equality.

Q.2 Why do we need a Constitution ?

Q.3 What are the Federal features of Indian Constitution ?

Q.4 Write about separation of powers in Indian Constitution.