

EXERCISE

A. LEARN THESE TERMS

- ◆ **Agrarian** : Pertaining to agriculture
- ◆ **Mahals** : Group of villages
- ◆ **Ryotwari system** : A system of land revenue collection in which the revenue was collected directly from farmers
- ◆ **Mahalwari System** : In which revenue was collected from a group of villages

B. STATE TRUE OR FALSE

- Q.1** Warren Hastings gave the land to the highest bidder.
- Q.2** Lord Dalhousie introduced the permanent settlement system.
- Q.3** Under the Mahalwari system the government could not increase land revenue periodically.
- Q.4** Indigo cultivators were forced to grow this crop.

C. FILL IN THE BLANKS

- Q.1** started the permanent settlement
- Q.2** is a blue dye used for colouring the cloth
- Q.3** and were the cash crops
- Q.4** The Wahabi revolt was started by
- Q.5** The Ryotwari system started in

D. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER

- Q.1** This system ensured regular income to Britishers
 (A) Permanent settlement
 (B) Ryotwari system
 (C) Mahalwari system
 (D) None of these
- Q.2** This system started in 1793
 (A) Mahalwari system
 (B) Ryotwari system
 (C) Permanent settlement
 (D) None of these
- Q.3** The permanent settlement system in 1793 was introduced by
 (A) Lord Cornwallis
 (B) British Parliament
 (C) Warren Hastings
 (D) None of these
- Q.4** A region where mahalwari system was introduced
 (A) Eastern Punjab
 (B) Karnataka
 (C) Western Uttar Pradesh
 (D) None of these
- Q.5** When the Mughal emperor appointed the East India Company as the Diwan of Bengal ?
 (A) 12 August 1735 (B) 12 August 1745
 (C) 12 August 1755 (D) 12 August 1765
- Q.6** Though the Company had become the Diwan, it still saw itself primarily as
 (A) Ruler (B) Trader
 (C) Soldier (D) None of these

- Q.7** Munro introduced ryotwari system in
(A) North India (B) South India
(C) Western India (D) Eastern India
- Q.8** In which year a terrible famine occurred in Bengal, which killed 10 million people ?
(A) 1769 (B) 1770
(C) 1772 (D) 1773
- Q.9** In which year Permanent Settlement was introduced ?
(A) 1793 (B) 1783
(C) 1773 (D) 1763
- Q.10** Who were asked to collect rent under the permanent settlement ?
(A) Zamindars (B) Talukedar
(C) Subedar (D) District Collector
- Q.11** Under which system the amount to be paid was fixed permanently
(A) Permanent Settlement
(B) Munro System
(C) Mahalwari Settlement
(D) All of the above
- Q.12** In which provinces the Mahalwari settlement was introduced ?
(A) North Western
(B) Central
(C) Madras Presidency
(D) N.W.F. Province
- Q.13** Who introduced the Mahalwari Settlement ?
(A) Cornwallis (B) Thomas Munro
(C) Holt Mackenzie (D) Alexander Read
- Q.14** Mahal means
(A) Cultivator (B) Land patch
(C) Tenant (D) Village
- Q.15** Indigo was demanded for
(A) Weaving the cloths
(B) Dying of Cloths
(C) Stitching of cloth
(D) None
- Q.16** Under which system land remained with the cultivators
(A) Ryotwari
(B) Permanent
(C) Mahalwari
(D) all of the above
- Q.17** Captain Read was related with
(A) Ryotwari
(B) Mahalwari
(C) Permanent settlement
(D) Revenue
- Q.18** What was common between Kamalkari print and floral cotton print?
(A) Both were British print
(B) Both were Indian print
(C) Use of Indigo
(D) The design was common
- Q.19** The European cloth manufacturers depended on plant to make violet and blue dyes?
(A) Indigo (B) Woad
(C) Cotton (D) None of these

E. Very Short Answer Type Questions

- Q.1** What was Mahal ?
- Q.2** When the Company became Diwan, what impact it had on Bengal economy?
- Q.3** Who was Munro?
- Q.4** Who were ryots ?
- Q.5** What was the motive behind introduction of Permanent Settlement?

- Q.6** Which state had the Kalamkari print in India?
- Q.7** Why Mackenzie wanted the land to be kept with the village?
- Q.8** Why numerous Scotsmen and Englishmen came to India and became planters?

- Q.4** Why the British persuaded or forced cultivators in various parts of India to produce other crops?
- Q.5** Which system was adopted by the British to force the ryots to grow indigo on their land?
- Q.6** Write in detail about the 'Blue Rebellion'

F. Short Answer Type Questions

- Q.1** What was the Munro system ?
- Q.2** Explain Mahalwari system of Revenue
- Q.3** What was Diwani system?
- Q.4** What was Nij cultivation?
- Q.5** Why the woad producer in Europe pressurised their government to ban the import of indigo?
- Q.6** What problems were faced by nij cultivators?
- Q.7** What was permanent settlement?
- Q.8** Why there was a great demand for Indigo in Europe ?

G. Long Answer Type Questions

- Q.1** "The Company had become the Diwan, but it still saw itself primarily as a trader." How we can say that ?
- Q.2** Write in brief the land tenure system of British.
- Q.3** What were the problems faced by the British after the enactment of Permanent Settlement?