EXERCISE

GENERAL TERMS

FACILITATOR: Helper

SANITATION: Hygienic System of disposing of human excreta

NGO: Non-governmental organisations or NGOs, are organisations outside the government that are involved in social activities

PERMIT : Licence or permission **TARIFF :** Fixed rate or charges

CESS: a special tax

Q.1 STATE TRUE OR FALSE

- 1. More people have access to drinking water than to sanitation.
- 2. The Total Sanitation Campaign encourages people's participation.
- 3. Education is a Fundamental Right for children under the age of 18.
- **4.** Primary health centres look after the needs of people in district towns.
- 5. Private companies are sometimes given the responsibility of providing public facilities.

Q.2 FILL IN THE BLANKS

- 1. The mid-day meal scheme aims to improve the status of school children.
- 2. A special tax for funding a particular service is called a

- **3.** The sources of water in villages are often owned.
- **4.** Privatisation of public facilities often leads to greater in the distribution of these facilities.

Q.3 CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER

- 1. The Constitution grants the right to life in
 - (A) Article 21
- (B) Article 24
- (C) Article 19
- (D) Article 23
- Swajaldhara is a project launched by the government
 - (A) to supply water for agriculture
 - (B) to supply water to urban areas
 - (C) to supply clean water to rural households
 - (D) to supply hydroelectric power in villages
- **3.** The distribution of power is controlled by
 - (A) the government
 - (B) private companies
 - (C) the people
 - (D) both private companies and the government

Q.4 ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

- 1. What are public facilities?
- 2. Mention three basic needs that are considered to be a part of the right to life.
- **3.** What does 'sanitation' refer to?
- **4.** Name an NGO associated with universal access to sanitation.
- 5. How are public facilities funded?