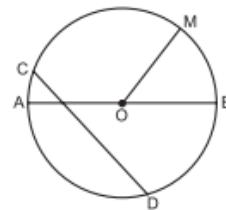


Construction of Circle

1. Draw a circle of radius 6.5 cm.
2. With the same center O, draw two circles of radius 5 cm and 2.5 cm.
3. Draw any circle and mark points P, Q and R such that:
 - a. P is on the circle.
 - b. Q is in the interior of the circle.
 - c. R is in the exterior of the circle.
4. With length 6.2 cm as diameter, draw a circle.
5. Fill in the blanks:
 - a. _____ is used to draw line segments and to measure their lengths.
 - b. A _____ has a pointer on one end and a pencil on the other.
 - c. A compass is used to draw _____ and _____.
 - d. A _____ is used to compare lengths.
 - e. A _____ is used to draw and measure angles.
 - f. Set square is in _____ shape.

6. Observe the figure given below and answer the following:

- a. Name any diameter of the circle _____
- b. Name any radius of the circle _____
- c. Name the chord of the circle _____
- d. Name the centre of the given circle _____



7. Let A and B be the centres of the circles of equal radii. Draw them so that each one of them pass through the centre of the other. Let them intersect at C and D. Examine whether \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} are at right angles.

8. Draw two concentric circles with centre O. Make a point:

- a. A which lies in the exterior of both the circles.
- b. B which lies in the exterior of the inner circle and interior of the outer circle.
- c. C which lies in the interior of both the circles.

9. Draw a circle whose radius is 6 cm. Draw two perpendicular diameters AB and CD. Join the end points of the diameters. State the name of the quadrilateral so formed.

10. Choose the correct answer.

a. An instrument used to measure angles.

i) Compass

☐

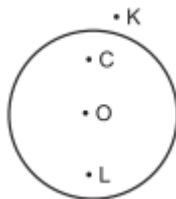
ii) Protractor

☐

iii) Set Squares

☐

b. In the given figure, point K lies in:



i) interior

☐

ii) exterior

☐

iii) both (a) and (b)

☐

c. If the diameter of a circle is 10 cm, then what will be its radius?

i) 5 cm

☐

ii) 20 cm

☐

iii) 10 cm

☐

d. In a circle, diameter

i) is the longest

☐

ii) passes through the centre

☐

iii) is double of the radius

☐

iv) All of them

☐

e. The number of diameters of a circle is:

i) uncountable number

☐

ii) 4

☐

iii) 1

☐