

## Conjunctions

### A. Choose the correct Answer;

1. Which of these is a preposition of time?

- (a) behind      (b) since  
(c) beside      (d) among

2. In the sentence "He sings sweetly", the word sweetly is:

- (a) an adjective  
(b) a noun  
(c) an adverb of manner  
(d) a verb

3. "He said, 'I am tired.'" In indirect speech becomes:

- (a) He said he is tired.  
(b) He said that he was tired.

(c) He told he is tired.

(d) He told that he was tired.

4. Identify the conjunction in the sentence: "She is tired but happy."

- (a) tired      (b) happy  
(c) but      (d) is

5. Which of these is a preposition of direction?

- (a) in      (b) over  
(c) at      (d) behind

6. Choose the correct conjunction: You must study hard \_\_\_\_ you will fail.

- (a) and      (b) but  
(c) or      (d) because

### B. Match the Following;

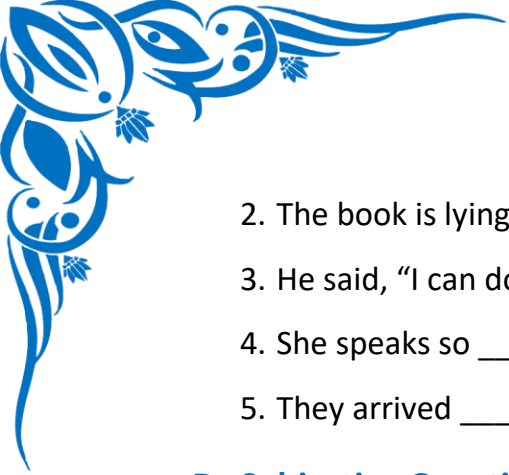
Match the sentence with the correct type of word used:

A (Sentence)	B (Type)
1. The boy sat under the tree.	a) Conjunction
2. The lion ran quickly.	b) Adverb of Manner
3. She is clever but lazy.	c) Preposition of Position
4. He said that he was sick.	d) Indirect Speech

### C. Fill in the Blanks;

Write the correct word or transformation.

1. We will go out \_\_\_\_ it stops raining. (Fill in a conjunction)



2. The book is lying \_\_\_\_ the shelf. (preposition of position)
3. He said, "I can do it." → He said that he \_\_\_\_ do it. (Change to indirect speech)
4. She speaks so \_\_\_\_\_. (Form adverb from "polite")
5. They arrived \_\_\_\_ 9 PM. (preposition of time)

#### **D. Subjective Questions;**

**Answer the following briefly:**

1. What is a conjunction? Give two examples in sentences.
2. Write any two rules for changing direct speech to indirect speech.
3. List any two prepositions of place and use them in your own sentences.
4. Define an adverb. Write one sentence each with an adverb of time and place.
5. **Join the sentences using a suitable conjunction:** He worked hard. He failed.