	DISPLACING INDIGENOUS PEOPLES
	Multiple Choice Type Questions
1.	Which law gave natives in reservations the right to buy land and take loans? (a) Indian Reorganization Act of 1932 CE (b) Indian Reorganization Act of 1934 CE (c) Indian Reorganization Act of 1936 CE (d) Indian Reorganization Act of 1938 CE
2.	The natives of North America accepted citizenship of the USA by the in 1954 CE (a) Declaration of Indian Rights (b) Declaration of British Rights (c) Declaration of United States Rights (d) Declaration of America Rights
3.	The French Canadian rebellion occurred in the year: (a) 1837 (b) 1838 (c) 1839 (d) 1840
4.	The Native American tribe, which was forcibly evicted by US President Andrew Jackson, was (a) Hopis (b) Cherokees (c) Métis (d) Ottawa's
5.	The began to arrive on the continent of Australia over forty thousand years ago. (a) Aztecs (b) Cherokees (c) Aborigines (d) Ottawa's
	Answer
	1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (c)
	SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS
	Why would have the chief counted the river-water as the blood of his ancestors?
	<u>Answer:</u> Adaptation with the environment when tends to harness inner conscience, the vicissitudes of nature and man are missed up. They are merged within one, the same way as at the moment of conclud

d research, a scientist bursts into ecstasy. He forgets even the outer senses. Such someway happens much or less is the long cohesion with the land or a particular landscape. Ancestors are in their memory even at the home appliances, the buildings, cow-sheds, each field in which they worked, etc. As reminiscence increases heart-beats owing to much blood required for regression or reopen the store-kit; hence, the larger flow of blood immediately, locks the ten apertures of the body, e.g. eye, nose, ear, etc. in order to prepare the ground for inner musings.

It exemplarily exhibits how much; the people in past America had burning love' and affection for the earth. The same land of North America through its inhabitants is now playing the game on its other side. E.g. Europeans looted Americans by their emotional exploitation in transactions of goods and lands and now it is America, a shrewd oppressor in the world playing with business ties including loaning strategy.

- What are the important points, you consider in the history of North America and Australia? <u>Answer:</u> These points are as under-
  - 1. Europeans were equally dominated on both continents.
  - 2. Europeans cheated the native people of North America and Australia and grabbed their lands and drove them to reservations.
  - 3. Native peoples in both lands were simple, god fearing, lovers of nature, self-restrained and sociable.
- 3. Discuss the changes in landscapes of North America during the nineteenth century? <u>Answer:</u> The whole land of America was turned into estates and meadows. Being a variety of landforms here found people of European countries i.e. Germany, Sweden, Italy, etc., all suitable to their needs. The people migrating to America were younger sons of the landlords there, who had no right to ancestral property, some others were those small farmers whose lands were merged with the big landlords under enclosure or consolidation of land and the citizens of Poland found grassland of Prairie similar to their characteristics of 'the Steppes grasslands. They cleared the forest land and started growing rice and cotton as commercial crops meant for export to Europe and fenced their farms with barbed wires.
- 4. What efforts did the natives of the northern states of the USA make to abolish slavery? Discuss. <u>Answer</u>: There were no plantations in the Northern States of America hence, evils of slavery were at their climax. The native people there. condemned slavery as an inhuman practice. It caused strong protest between the states favoring and condemning slavery during 1861-65. Finally, slavery was abolished but discrimination between whites and non-whites could be ended, by the extreme efforts of the African-Americans in the twentieth century.
- 5. What was the case of the Cherokee tribe in North America?

Answer: This tribe was living in Georgia, a state in the USA. This tribe had made special efforts to learn English as also the American way of life but even so, the people of this tribe were not allowed the rights of citizens. In 1832, the landmark Judgment US chief justice, John Marshall sanctioned sovereignty of this tribe in its territory but US President, Andrew Jackson ordered the US Army to evict Cherokees from their land and drive them to the great American Desert. The people so driven out from their lands were succumbed, to several troubles.

# LONG ANSWER QUESTION

1. In 1911, it was announced that New Delhi and Canberra would be built as the capital cities of British India and of the Commonwealth of Australia. Compare and contrast the political situations of the native people in these countries at that time.

<u>Answer:</u> Political Situations in India in the year of 1911-Morley Minton reforms or Indian Councils Act, 1861 received a protest from the moderate and radicals both in India. It was against democracy for India. Thus, the

post-Morley-Minto Reform period (1909), witnessed several developments that resulted in a remarkable Hindu Muslim unity and friendship between the Moderates and the Radicals.

Muslim League had earlier appreciated these reforms but the British attitude towards Turkey in the Balkan war of 1912-1913 aroused discontentments among the Indian Muslims. Hence, Lucknow Pact, 1916 was signed between Congress and Muslim Leagues. As the Britishers had abled to create a cleft between Congress and Muslim Leagues. As the Britishers had abled to create a cleft between Congress and Muslim League, they were all right in thinking that they would make Delhi the capital of British India. They had shifted their capital from Calcutta (Kolkata at present) to Delhi on 15th December 1911, with King George-V laid the foundation stone of New Delhi.

# Political situations in Australia in the year 1911

- 1. 90 percent of the total population of native people succumbed to exposure to germs while working in the forests.
- 2. Daruk people of Sydney thought that cutting trees is a dangerous business hence; they ran from their lands towards the dense forest in order to save themselves from committing that sinful deed.
- 3. They had to fight strong protest against Europeans.
- 4. When the native people left the work undone, the Britishers allowed Chinese migrants to come and provide cheap labor.
- 5. There were vast sheep farms and mining stations established in the year of 1911.
- 2. Write a brief note on assimilation and percussion of two opposite natives of society/communities. <u>Answer:</u> Actually, religion in a scientific way is an instinctive and intuitive power of discretion inserted into the individual in order to prepare a blue-print of the course of life taking in bits with understanding the causes and their effects. Realization is religion. It takes birth in the womb of circumstances and always decided amid questions of existence and that of determination.

When two opposite natures are eventually assimilated under circumstances as we see in the case of immigrants in the USA and Australia they collide with each other. They were mostly people evicted, displaced, denied inheritance rights and among them were convicts deported from England so that they begin a new life in the direct shelter of nature. However, once malaise mind, owing to pains being too physical existence, it was usual, if they exploited the land from natives for production of cereals and animal herding, as we see large sheep farms in Australia.

Their necessity was touched with material possession however, the native people were the true habitant to nature and their long-standing had made rhythmic relations with the chimes of native bells in the form of gargling rivers, the circulation of wind including natural resources. As hunger of existence looks never, the fair or unfair mean, they inflicted pain on man-power and natural resources.

<u>Conclusion</u>-It can be started in brief that collision and encounter is the only percussion of such assimilation of two just opposite to each other communities at the same place.

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- **4.** Discuss the different images that Europeans and native Americans had of each other and the different ways in which they saw the natives.

## Answer: (A) Europeans' perspective to native Americans

- 1. They took native Americans an uncivilized and barbarous as also not amenable,
- 2. According to them, the native people were unorganized and foolish.
- 3. Europeans took them lazy, anti-development, and unwilling to won the nature hence; they took certain steps for reclamation and expansion in agriculture.
- 4. Europeans wanted to exterminate and displace them.

## (B) Native Americans perspective to the Europeans

- 1. Native people surprised Europeans as they had cleared the forests, get the fields dugs and turn into large states with buildings and other structures constructed thereupon.
- 2. They wanted to share their land with Europeans but they were insisting on selling the same.
- 3. They thought that Europeans were committing wrong in dividing the land into smaller pieces under ownership.
- 4. They took Europeans as friends. They introduced them to invisible tracks of forests and provided them things in the gift.

#### Different views on nature-

- 1. Native people took nature as their mother, made certain rules maintaining the balance in the environment but Europeans relentlessly cut the trees, destroyed the natural beauty of the landscape, constructed a number of structures and super-structures, developed farms and plantations.
- 2. The natives grew crops not for sale and profit but only to survive while everything was commodity worth value hence, selling and profiteering was Europeans' exclusive aim.

- Native people were extreme lovers of nature while Europeans took it only resource inert and lifeless. According to them, every resource is to be exploited for earning more and more profit from the products obtained by the application of labor and skill.
- 5. This theme in its entirety introduces us to the native people with their instincts, respect to life, the network of circumstances, their determination visa-a-vise troubled mind people (All Europeans) passionate to obtain land and become lord, the resultant collision and percussions apparent in the form of America, a superpower at present"-Are you agree to this statement. Discuss with reference to the melodrama of the location (land) and its results.
  - Answer: I agree to the above statement on the following grounds-
  - Introduction with the native people-We observe in both continents i.e. North America and Australia, the native people were simple people and animists. They were so absorbed in nature that selling land in their view was an offense to the motherland. For an instance, we can refer to the reply given to the offer of the treaty from the President of the USA in 1854 which was actually an agreement to sell off the land to the Government of America.

The native chief writes that land covers the freshness of the air, coolness of the water, shade of trees, etc. and it can neither be sold nor bought by any person. He tells the sap pouring from trees holds a quality of real man (Natives). However, he accepts the offer subject to congenial reservation given and treats the land so sold as sacred as they understand the water's murmur as the voices of their fore-fathers. They would have published books and educate their children to honor this LAPD.

Wordsworth writes about the nature of these people as untouched by the corruptions of civilization. He describes their condition in a poem as-"They were living amid wilds where fancy hath small liberty to grace."

Karl Marx, the great German philosopher describes the reservations provided by the Europeans to native people as the last positive capitalist utopia the limitless nature and space to which the limitless thirst for prompt adapts itself.

Introduction with Europeans-We come to know that Europeans had entered North America for trade in furs and fish. It was their trade that brought them nearer to the native people whom they cheated in exchange for things with them and obtained land and goods mostly in the gift. Then they displaced them to reservations. Lee Brown says the stone tablets exhibit how Hopi (a native tribe) was arrested by the Spaniards.

About 300 years after the Americas, the Europeans started coming to Australia with the discovery made by Captain Cook. They had to fight wars with the aborigines there. However, they won and made them slaves. Here were the people mostly convicts deported from England. They shortly evicted the native people.

Hence, we see the collision of cultures and the resultant loss to native people. The natives took them greedy and deceitful and the Europeans criticized them as sloth, dull and uncivilized. The third President of the USA, Thomas Jefferson had stated-"This unfortunate race which we have been taking so many pains to civilize have justified extermination."

# The network of Circumstances:

#### (a) Native people-

- 1. They were nature lovers, self-restraint, untouched by corruption, and complacent people. Rousseau of France said-"Such people were to be admired as they were untouched by corruption."
- 2. That was satisfied with their means and did not want the destruction of the beauty by cutting trees, cleaning the forest, build structures and super-structures thereupon.
- 3. They were bestowed by nature with rivers like Mississippi, Ohio, etc., mountains like Appalachian, the great lakes, natural reservoirs but till then know to them as living with animation as the mankind/human beings.

### (b) The Europeans-

- These all were beaten-sold or in other words, victims of corruption in Europe. Some were younger sons to land-owners denied of inheritance, a few other convicts, sufferers of sectism in Christianity (i.e. Protestant and Catholics), victims of the Enclosure Policy and some were traders. They were known to the fact the selfish ends here others from their material possessions i.e. land, business, and occupation and even of their lives.
- It is stated that avarice and selfishness i.e. a malaise to the mental body that acts upon others like that of contagious nature. It spreads even through breathing and touch. The Europeans acted as the pathogens or carrier of the disease and communicated its bacteria to native people causing their displacement, oppression, suppression, extortion, in the hands of those pathogens. They were extorted and displaced from their own countries i.e. England, France, Spain, Holland, Germany, and on their part, they came to North America and Australia in order to practice corruption and enjoy material possession.
- They would not write their history because of their faith in the flow of usual learning from one generation to another. There were more than 300 languages yet no records until the early part of the twentieth century they maintained or preserved anyway.
- Countries like Canada and the USA came into existence at the end of the eighteenth century as confederacies in North America and states in Australia united in 1911 with Canberra, as its capital. These governments also did not extend any favor to the native people. Slavery was banned but its actual abolition could possible only when the UNO was formed in 1945.

The phenomenon of Land-At this juncture, when we are going to set at rest the topic, it is noticeable that the land of the Americas (i.e. North and South-both continents) where Europeans stepped with the malaise of inflicting pains, atrocities on the native people, has now appeared as super-power of the world. Actually, it is triple-experiments of malicious which once communicated thereby Europeans as a pathogen.

It is so because seeds were sown in the land of Europe where scrape of inheritance was confined, enclosure policy made displacement, people kept in confinement and atrocities practiced on them to the extent that they compelled to leave behind their home and hearth, the and other properties and seek another place for living.

Did they bit them? Native people and bacteria of that malaise inserted into their head and" heart. It developed there in a little more than self half and thus, fully, trained Americas with her citizens has become expert in adopting Sortne a century ultra-modem technique of trade and commerce and thus\* has acquired the status of super-power in the world. If we could see'/ her treatment with Vietnam, Japan, Iraq, and Iran, etc. Countries including India and Pakistan it would easy to conclude her face that of the

most expert Europeans of 30,000 years ago who looted her existence end the people there. Actually, it is turning of wheel systematically brought- by the phenomenon of land.

<u>Conclusion</u>-History is made by land and people. The land as a mute observer but the more sensitive as per William Wordsworth survives man and tries him by placing in a variety of circumstances, situations, his manner of adaptation, behavior, urge, emotions, passions, etc. and then the results, good or bad as perceived by mankind through History, take place in an interlude of decades, centuries and even that of an era.