

ELECTION COMMISSION

1. Which Article in the Indian Constitution provides for the Election Commission?
 - a. Article 324
 - b. Article 128
 - c. Article 256
 - d. Article 378
2. Who appoints the Chief Election Commissioner of Election Commission?
 - a. Prime Minister
 - b. Chief Justice of India
 - c. President
 - d. Lok Sabha
3. Currently, there are how many members in the Election Commission?
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3
 - d. 4
4. When was the Election Commission formed?
 - a. 1947
 - b. 1948
 - c. 1949
 - d. 1950
5. What is the tenure of office for the Chief Election Commissioner?
 - a. 5 years or 65 years, whichever is earlier
 - b. 6 years or 60 years, whichever is earlier
 - c. 6 years or 65 years, whichever is earlier
 - d. 5 years or 60 years, whichever is earlier
6. Where are the headquarters of the Election Commission of India situated?
 - a. Mumbai
 - b. New Delhi
 - c. Bangalore
 - d. Gurgaon
7. Who was the first woman to become a Chief Election Commissioner of India?
 - a. V. S. Ramadevi
 - b. G. D. Das
 - c. S.K. Bedi

d. R.M. Nikam

8. For the Election Commission, at the district level, who acts as the district returning officer?

- a. District Collector
- b. Police Commissioner
- c. Tehsildars
- d. None of the above

9. Which of the following is a constitutional body?

- a. Election Commission
- b. Finance Commission
- c. National Commission for Scheduled Castes
- d. All of the above

10. How many Election Commissioners are in the Election Commission?

- a. 3
- b. 4
- c. 5
- d. 6

11. Who appoints the Chief Election Commissioner?

- a. Parliament
- b. President of India
- c. Prime Minister
- d. Law Minister

12. Which of the following is not the work of Election Commission?

- a. To conduct the election of Lok Sabha, Legislative Assembly, President and Vice President
- b. Approval of setting up of political parties
- c. Deciding the disqualification of a Member of Parliament by using his discretion power
- d. Advising the governor on matters related to the disqualification of members of the Legislative Council

13. What kind of procedure should be followed to remove the Chief Election Commissioner?

- a. As it is followed to remove the Chief Justice of High Court
- b. As it is followed to remove the Judge of the Supreme Court
- c. By passing a resolution in the Lok Sabha only
- d. None of the above

14. The State Election Commissioner can be removed on the basis of whose recommendation.

- a. Law Minister
- b. Chief Election Commissioner
- c. Governor

d. Chief Justice of the High Court

15. Whose election is not held under the supervision of the Chief Election Commissioner?

- a. Legislative Assembly
- b. Vice President
- c. Gram Panchayat
- d. President

16. Which of the following does not come under the purview of the Election Commission?

- a. To conduct the election of PM of India.
- b. To conduct the election of President of India.
- c. To give recognition to Political Parties
- d. To assign election symbols to the Political Parties.

17. Who is the Chairman of Planning Commission?

- a. President
- b. Prime Minister
- c. Finance Minister
- d. Vice-President

18. Who acts as the Chairman of the State Planning Board?

- a. Governor
- b. Chief Minister
- c. Leader of the Opposition
- d. Speaker

19. Who is the Chairman of Planning Commission?

- a. President
- b. Prime Minister
- c. Finance Minister
- d. Vice-President

20. Finance Commission is appointed by the President of India after every

- a. 5 years
- b. 6 years
- c. 4 years
- d. None of these

21. Who appoints the Chief Election Commissioner of India?

- a. Chief Justice of India
- b. President
- c. Parliament

d. Prime Minister

22. The Members and Chairman of the Union Public Service Commission are appointed by the:

- a. President of India
- b. Chief Justice of India
- c. Parliament of India
- d. Prime Minister of India

23. The Finance Commission in India is appointed by

- a. Prime Minister of India
- b. President of India
- c. Chairman of Rajya Sabha
- d. Speaker of Lok Sabha

24. An electoral system under which a legislature reflects the strength of the various political parties is called

- a. Proportional representation
- b. Direct election style
- c. Gallup Poll
- d. Gerrymandering

25. Who of the following enjoy constitutional position?

- (A) Finance Commission
 - (B) National Development Council
 - (C) Election Commission
 - (D) Planning Commission
- a. A, C
 - b. A, B
 - c. B, D
 - d. B, C

26. In which year, first general elections to Lok Sabha were held in India?

- a. 1948
- b. 1949
- c. 1950
- d. 1951

27. Who was the first Chief election commissioner of India?

- a. KVK Sundaram
- b. SP Sen Verma
- c. Sukumar Sen
- d. Rajmannar

28. Which of the following committee made a recommendation that election commission should be a three member body?
- Tarkunde Committee
 - Ashok Mehta Committee
 - Jeevan Reddy Committee
 - JP Committee
29. Who among the following is the first woman in India to head an State election commission?
- Neela satyanarayan
 - Sudha Pillai
 - Rita Sinha
 - Leena Mehendale
30. In which year, two additional Commissioners were appointed for the first time in Election Commission of India?
- 1980
 - 1985
 - 1989
 - 1991

Answers

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|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. (a) | 2. (c) | 3. (c) | 4. (d) | 5. (c) | 6. (b) | 7. (a) | 8. (a) |
| 9. (d) | 10. (a) | 11. (b) | 12. (b) | 13. (c) | 14. (b) | 15.(c) | 16.(a) |
| 17. (b) | 18. (b) | 19. (b) | 20. (a) | 21. (b) | 22. (a) | 23. (b) | 24. (a) |
| 25. (a) | 26. (d) | 27. (c) | 28. (a) | 29.(a) | 30.(c) | | |