

# Properties of Addition

1. Circle the addition property that shows that numbers can be added in any order.

a.  $20 + 7$      $7 + 20$      $10 + 17$      $25 + 2$

- 1) magic of order
- 2) magic of one
- 3) magic of zero

b.  $4 + 8$      $6 + 6$      $5 + 7$      $8 + 4$

- 1) magic of order
- 2) magic of one
- 3) magic of zero

c.  $6 + 9$      $9 + 6$      $10 + 5$      $8 + 7$

- 1) magic of order
- 2) magic of one
- 3) magic of zero

d.  $9 + 8$      $8 + 9$      $10 + 7$      $11 + 6$

- 1) magic of order
- 2) magic of one
- 3) magic of zero

e.  $12 + 15$      $14 + 13$      $15 + 12$      $10 + 17$

- 1) magic of order
- 2) magic of one
- 3) magic of zero

2. Fill in the missing numbers.

a.  $43 + 22 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 43$

b.  $30 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 14 + 30$

c.  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 17 + 21$

d.  $57 + 21 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 21$

e.  $63 + 15 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

f.  $16 + 0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

g.  $18 + 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

h.  $27 + 0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

i.  $58 + 0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3. Use the commutative property of addition to describe if the problems are equal or not equal. Put the sign = or  $\neq$ .

a.  $12 + 6$    $6 + 21$

b.  $29 + 45$    $45 + 29$

c.  $33 + 14$    $41 + 33$

d.  $76 + 10$    $10 + 67$

e.  $52 + 27$    $72 + 25$