

## Buddhism and jainism

1. Who founded Pataliputra?

- (a) Udayin
- (b) Ashoka
- (c) Bimbisara
- (d) Mahapadmananda

2. Mahajanapada situated on the bank of river Godavari was

- (a) Avanti
- (b) Vatsa
- (c) Asmaka
- (d) Kamboja

3. Who was the founder of Nanda dynasty?

- (a) Bimbisara
- (b) Mahapadmananda
- (c) Ajatashatru
- (d) Dhanananda

4. Which of the following kings of Magadha transferred the capital from Vaishali to Pataliputra permanently?

- (a) Ajatashatru
- (b) Shishunaga
- (c) Kalashoka
- (d) None of these

5. 'Tripitaka' texts are related with which religion?

- (a) Vedic
- (b) Buddhism
- (c) Jainism
- (d) Shaivism

6. The sacred books of Jains are called

- (a) Agama Sidhanta
- (b) Angas
- (c) Pawas
- (d) Upangas

7. Where did Lord Buddha breathe his last (Mahaparinirvan)?

- (a) Rajgir
- (b) Bodhi Gaya
- (c) Sarnath
- (d) Kushinagar

8. The religious literature of the Jains at the early stage was written in

- (a) Ardhamagadhi
- (b) Pali
- (c) Sanskrit
- (d) None of these

9. Which of the following places is associated with Jainism?

- (a) Kashi
- (b) Pava
- (c) Prayag
- (d) Shravasti

10. The Mahayana School of Buddhism used which language to compose its teachings?

- (a) Pali
- (b) Prakrit
- (c) Sanskrit
- (d) Tibetan

11. The symbol used to refer to the act of the great renunciation by Buddha is

- (a) Lotus and Bull
- (b) Horse
- (c) Bodhi tree
- (d) Stupas

12. Which one of the following is not included in the eight fold path of Buddhism

- (a) Right speech
- (b) Right contemplation
- (c) Right desire
- (d) Right conduct

13. Which one of the following was the last Buddhist text produced in India?

- (a) Divya Vandana

- (b) Dohakosa
- (c) ajracheoika
- (d) Vamsathapakasina

14. Consider the following

1. Pitakas      2. Angas      3. Jataka Which of the above iw'are branches of Buddhist literature?
- (a) 1 and 3
  - (b) 2 and 3
  - (c) 1, 2 and 3
  - (d) Only 1

15. Who of the following kings was an ardent follower of Jainism

- (a) Bimbisara
- (b) ahapadmananda
- (c) Kharavela
- (d) Pulkeshin II

16. Whara was the third Buddhist Council held

- (a) Vatsa
- (b) Patliputra
- (c) Kosambi
- (d) Kashmir

17. Which of the following is the Buddhist Literature?

- (a) Tripitakas
- (b) Upanishads
- (c) Angas
- (d) Aranyakas

18. The early Buddhist scriptures were composed in:

- (a) Prakrit texts
- (b) Pictographical texts
- (c) Sanskrit texts
- (d) Pali texts

19. Gautam Buddha belonged to which clan?

- (a) Gnathrika
- (b) Maurya
- (c) Shakya
- (d) Kuru

20. Name the place where Lord Mahavira died?

- (a) Saravana Belagola
- (b) Lumbini Garden
- (c) Pavapuri
- (d) Kalugumalai

21. Where Buddha gave his first sermon?

- (a) Rajagriha
- (b) Pataliputra
- (c) Gaya
- (d) Sarnath

22. Which of the following is not the "Tri Ratna" of Jainism?

- (a) Right faith
- (b) Right knowledge
- (c) Right view
- (d) Right conduct

23. In Nepal Buddhism was introduced during the reign of which ruler?

- (a) Samudragupta
- (b) Ashoka
- (c) Chandragupta
- (d) Harshavardhana

24. Who is popularly known as the 'Prince of Pilgrims' ?

- (a) Fa-Hien
- (b) Hiuen - tsang
- (c) I-tsing
- (d) Megasthenes

25. The Jaina literature is known as-

- (a) Tripitakas
- (b) Epics
- (c) Aryasutras
- (d) Agamas

26. Name the founder of the famous Vikramshila University for the Buddhists?

- (a) Mahipala

- (b) Devapala
- (c) Gopala
- (d) Dharampala

27.What is the Currency of Saudi Arabia?

- (a) Marka
- (b) Riyal
- (c) Leone
- (d) Koruna

28.Kanha National Park is situated in which of the following Indian state?

- (a) Maharashtra
- (b) Rajasthan
- (c) West Bengal
- (d) Madhya Pradesh

29.Ghoomar is the folk dance of which of the following state?

- (a) Uttar Pradesh
- (b) Haryana
- (c) West Bengal
- (d) Rajasthan

30.Ujani Dam is in which of the following state?

- (a) Madhya Pradesh
- (b) Andhra Pradesh
- (c) Uttar Pradesh
- (d) Maharashtra

31.Sardar Patel Stadium is in which of the following city?

- (a) Raipur
- (b) Kochi
- (c) Jaipur
- (d) Motera

32.Which of the following languages were patronised by the Jainas to preach their doctrines?

- (a) Prakrit

- (b) Sanskrit
- (c) Dravidian
- (d) Pali

33. In the post-Vedic period which of the following varnas strongly reacted against the domination of Brahmanas?

- (a) Shudra
- (b) Kshatriya
- (c) Rulers of that time
- (d) Vaisyas

34. Which of the following statements is correct regarding Vardhamana Mahavira?

- (a) Vardhamana Mahavira was born in 540 B.C in a village near Vaishali, which is identical with Basarh in the district of Vaishali in north Bihar.
- (b) His father was the head of a famous kshatriya clan, and his mother a Lichchhavi princess.
- (c) He propagated his religion for 80 years, and his mission took him to Kosala, Magadha, Mithila, Champa, Nepal etc.
- (d) He passed away at the age of 72 in 468 B.C at a place called Pavapuri near modern Rajgir.

35. The story of wealth shudra, based on a Buddhist text in Pali known as the Majjhima Nikaya, is part of a dialogue between a king named Avantiputta and one of the disciples of the Buddha named:

- (a) Kachchana
- (b) Ananda
- (c) Subhuti
- (d) Anuruddha

36. Sallekhana is a religious practice in\_\_

- (a) Hinduism
- (b) Sikhism
- (c) Islam
- (d) Jainism

## **Answers key**

1.(C) 2.(C) 3.(B) 4.(A) 5.(B) 6.(B) 7.(B) 8.(C) 9.(B) 10.(C) 11.(B) 12.(C) 13.(D)  
14.(A) 15.(C) 16.(B) 17.(A) 18.(D) 19.(C) 20.(C) 21.(D) 22.(C) 23.(B) 24.(B) 25.(D) 26.(D)  
27.(B) 28.(D) 29.(D) 30.(D) 31.(D) 32.(A) 33.(B) 34.(C) 35.(A) 36.(D)