

EXERCISE

OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

1. The equator passes from
(A) 0° (B) 20°
(C) 30° (D) 40°
2. The continent which is called as Island Continent is:
(A) Africa (B) Australia
(C) North America (D) Asia
3. The percent of earth's water in the form of oceans is :
(A) 90% (B) 97.2%
(C) 82% (D) 50.85%
4. The part of the Earth where oxygen, nitrogen, carbon dioxide and other gases are found is:
(A) Lithosphere (B) Atmosphere
(C) Hydrosphere (D) Biosphere
5. Mariana trench is famous for:
(A) being the deepest spot in Pacific Ocean
(B) being the highest point on the Earth
(C) being the largest trench
(D) being the smallest island
6. The height of Mount Everest from sea level is:
(A) 8000 m (B) 9100 m
(C) 8848 m (D) 6460 m
7. The most life sustaining element on the earth:
(A) Carbon dioxide
(B) Water
(C) Plants and animals
(D) Light
8. Nitrogen gas in the atmosphere is used for:
(A) breathing
(B) the growth of living organisms
(C) absorbing heat radiated by the earth
(D) photosynthesis
9. Discharge of waste materials of factories in lakes is harmful because:
(A) it pollutes the water in the lakes
(B) it pollutes the air
(C) it makes the water rich in minerals
(D) it leads to growth of more plants
10. The latitude that runs through the middle of Africa is:
(A) Tropic of Cancer (B) Tropic of Capricorn
(C) Equator (D) Arctic circle

SUBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

1. Why is the Northern Hemisphere called the land Hemisphere?
2. Why is the Biosphere important for living organism?
3. Mention the layers of the atmosphere. Which is the closest layer to the earth's surface?
4. What is plateau? Name the two important plateaus of the world?
5. How are the human beings disturbing the balance of nature?
6. What are the effects of growing Population on the Environment?
7. Describe water cycle.
8. What are the important constituents of the atmosphere?
9. What are the major landforms found on the Earth?
10. Why is Earth called a unique planet?