

EXERCISE

OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

1. A tax is a sum of money that people have to _____.
 (A) Pay to the government
 (B) Pay to the other people
 (C) Pay to the private organisation
 (D) Spend on purchasing
2. The task which is not carried out by the wage labourers is:
 (A) digging at a construction site
 (B) lift loads
 (C) unload trucks
 (D) collect funds from agencies
3. The international organisation that deals with labor issues is
 (A) International Labour Organisation
 (B) United Nations Organisation
 (C) International Labour, Union.
 (D) International labour Federation.
4. Temporary workers are pressurised to work for long hours by the:
 (A) employer (B) government
 (C) family members (D) co-workers
5. Casual labour works in
 (A) organised sector:
 (B) formal sector.
 (C) unorganised sector.
 (D) banks.
6. A new form of employment in the big cities is
 (A) factories (B) street vending
 (C) call centres (D) door to door sales
7. Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai have _____
 (A) Municipal Corporations
 (B) Municipal Committees
 (C) Gram Panchayat
 (D) Panchayat Samitis
8. "Labour Chowk" stands for:
 (A) labours working in a factory
 (B) people doing zari work in a factory
 (C) place where daily wage labourers assemble and wait for work
 (D) place where railway porters gather
9. Small farmers usually own
 (A) 2 to 2.5 acres
 (B) 2.5 to 5 acres
 (C) 5 to 5.5 acres
 (D) 4 to 5 acres

10. Which of the following is a coastal town?
 (A) Hyderabad (B) Kolkata
 (C) Bhopal (D) Lucknow

SUBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

1. Describe the living conditions of workers who come to the labour chowk?
2. What is 'labour chowk' ?
3. Why do people prefer working in an organised sector?
4. Compare livelihood challenges faced by rural and urban women .
5. What are the things that the street vendors sell generally?
6. Explain the rural livelihood?
7. Define migration Why do people migrate?
8. Explain the different types of occupation.
9. What is a retail market?
10. Differentiate between the organised and unorganised sector .