Types of Ceque Book

- **1.** The account on which overdraft facility is allowed by bank.
- 2. Extract of ledger account of account holder in the books of bank.
- **3.** Alphanumeric code that facilitates electronic funds transfer in India.

4. Statement showing the causes of disagreement between balance of Cash Book and Pass Book.

- 5. Debit balance in Pass Book.
- 6. A form which is filled for depositing cash or cheque into bank.
- 7. Left hand side of Pay-in-slip.
- 8. Credit balance in Cash Book.
- 9. A book maintained by trader to record banking transactions.

10. Excess of bank deposits over withdrawals by businessman in bank current account.

Answer : 1. Current account.

- 2. Pass Book.
- 3. IFSC (Indian Financial System Code).
- 4. Bank Reconciliation Statement.
- 5. Overdraft as per Pass Book.
- 6. Pay-in-slip.
- 7. Counterfoil.

8. Overdraft as per Cash Book.

9. Cash Book.

10. Bank balance (favourable balance).

Do you agree or disagree with the following statements:

1. The bank column of Cash Book represents bank account.

2. Bank statement enables account holder to prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement.

3. Cheques issued for payment but not presented to bank appears in Cash Book only.

4. Bank Reconciliation Statement is prepared only during the year end.

5. Bank Reconciliation Statement is similar to bank statement

6. Bank balance as per Cash Book is always equal to bank balance as per Pass Book.

7. Bank advice is sent by the businessman to bank.

8. Pay-in-slip is used for depositing cheque into bank.

9. Difference in Cash Book balance and Pass Book balance may arise due to errors committed while recording.

10. Payment and receipt of cash through internet banking generates automatic proof.

Answer : Agree : 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10 Disagree : 4, 5, 6, 7

Select the most appropriate alternative from those given and rewrite the following statements:

1. Overdraft means _____ balance of Cash Book.

a) closing b) debit c) opening d) credit

2. When a cheque is deposited and collected by bank Pass Book is

a) dishonoured b) debited c) credited d) written.

3. A ______ is a summary of financial transactions that take place over a period of time

on a bank account.

a) withdrawal slip b) bank advice c) bank statement d) Pay-in-slip.

4. Debiting an entry in Cash Book ______ cash balance.

a) increases b) decreases c) nullifies d) none of the above.

5. Bank Reconciliation Statement is prepared by ______.

a) student b) businessman c) bank d) none of the above.

6. Bank balance as per Pass Book means _____ balance of Pass Book.

a) credit b) opening c) debit d) closing.

7. Bank gives overdraft facility to ______ account holder.

a) savings b) recurring c) current d) fixed.

8. Debit balance as per Cash Book is also known as ______ balance.

a) favourable b) overdraft c) abnormal d) unfavourable.

9. When extracts of Cash Book and Pass Book are given for uncommon periods, only

_____ items are considered for preparation of Bank Reconciliation Statement.

a) uncommon b) normal c) favourable d) common.

10. When extract of Cash Book and Pass Book are given for common period, only _____

items are considered for preparation of Bank Reconciliation Statement.

a) uncommon b) common c) favourable d) unfavourable.

Answer : 1. Credit. 2. Credited. 3. Bank statement. 4. Increases.

- 5. Businessman. 6. Credit. 7. Current 8. Favourable.
- 9. Common. 10. Uncommon.

Complete the following statements :

1. Payments credited in Cash Book are _____ in Pass Book.

2. While preparing Bank Reconciliation Statement only column of Cash Book
is considered.
3. Cheques issued to creditors appear first in book.
4. A statement showing the reasons for difference in Cash Book balance and Pass Book
balance is known as
5. Overcast on receipt side of Pass Book means in Pass Book balance.
6. Online transfer made to our creditors appear on the side of Cash Book.
7. Interest on overdraft charged by bank is in Pass Book.
8. Normally the Cash Book shows debit balance and Pass Book shows balance.
9. The form filled for withdrawing cash from bank is known as
10. A businessman can update his records on receiving
Answer : 1. Debited.
2. Bank.
3. Cash.
4. Bank Reconciliation Statement.
5. Increase.
6. Payment / credit.

- 7. Debited.
- 8. Credit.
- 9. Withdrawal slip.
- 10. Bank advice.

State whether the following statements are True or False with reasons :

1. Cheques deposited into bank but not yet cleared appears in the Pass Book only.

2. Direct deposit made by debtors into businessman's bank account is recorded on the credit

side of Pass Book.

3. Businessman can prepare Bank Reconciliation statement only with Cash Book Balance.

4. When overdraft as per Cash Book is given, bank charges debited in Pass Book only, is to

be added.

5. Bank Statement is sent by Bank to businessman.

Answer : True : 2, 4, 5 False : 1, 3

PART 1

1. A bank pass book is a copy of

a) A customer's account in the bank's book

- b) Cash book relating to bank column
- c) Cash book relating to each column
- d) None of these

2. A bank reconciliation statement is prepared to know the causes for the difference between

a) The balance as per cash column of the cash book and pass book.

- b) The balance as per bank column of the cash book and pass book
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of above
- **3.** Bank reconciliation statement is prepared
- a) To know the payments made through cheque.
- b) To know the errors in the pass book.
- c) To compare the cash book with pass book and ascertain the difference.
- d) None of these
- 4. Bank reconciliation statement is
- a) a part of double entry system
- b) not a part of double entry system
- c) part of bank statement

d) None of these

5. Balance shown in the balance sheet is

a) Cash book

b) Pass book

c) Adjusted cash book

d) None of these

6. Bank reconciliation statement is

a) Part of cash book

b) a part of double entry system

c) a part of pass book

d) An independent statement reconciling the balance as per cash book and pas book.

7. A bank reconciliation statement is prepared by

- a) Bank
- b) debtor
- c) Creditor
- d) account holder
- 8. Bank reconciliation statement is prepared by matching.
- a) Entries in pass book with entries in bank column of cash book.

b) Entries in pass book with entries in cash column of cash book.

c) Entries in pass book with entries in bank column and cash column of cash book.

d) None of these

9. Which of the following will not require adjustment in the cash book balance?

a) Cheque issued but not presented for payment. b) Cheque deposited but not cleared. c) Cheque wrongly credited by bank d) All of above 10. In cash book, the favourable balance indicates a) Credit balance **b)** Debit balance c) Bank overdraft d) Adjusted balance 11. On the bank statement, cash deposited by the company is known as a) Credit b) Debit c) Liability d) Expenses 12. When cash is withdrawn from the bank ______ the customer account a) Debit **b)** Credit c) None of above

- 13. What is 'deposit in transit' in bank reconciliation?
- a) Added to bank balance
- b) Subtracted from bank balance
- c) Subtracted from the cash book
- d) Added to cash book balance
- 14. 'NSF' marked in cheque sent back by bank indicated
- a) Cheque has been rejected
- b) A bank could not verify the identify
- c) No sufficient money
- d) None of these
- 15. Unpresented cheques also referred to as
- a) Bounced cheque
- b) Outstanding cheque
- c) Uncredited cheque
- d) Uncollected cheque
- 16. When check is not paid by the bank, it is called?
- a) Honored
- b) Endorsed
- c) Dishonored
- d) (a) and (b)
- 17. A bank reconciliation statement is prepared by

a) Bank

- b) Accountant of business
- c) Auditor
- d) Registrar
- 18. Bank reconciliation statement is a
- a) Part of cash book
- b) Part of bank account
- c) part of cash account
- d) None of the above
- 19. A bank reconciliation statement is prepared with the help of
- a) Bank statement and bank column of cash book
- b) Bank statement and cash column of cash book
- c) Bank column of cash book and cash column of cash book
- d) None of these

20. Debit balance as per cash book of ABC Co. on 31.03.2020 is Rs. 1500. Cheque deposited but not cleared amounts to Rs. 100 and cheque issued but not presented of Rs. 150. Balance as per pass book should be

- a) 1750
- b) 1550
- c) 1650
- d) None of these

Answers to Bank Reconciliation Statement

1) A			
2) B			
3) C			
4) B			
5) A			
6) D			
7) D			
8) A			
9) C			
10) B			
11) A			
12) A			
13) C			
14) C			
15) C			
16) C			
17) B			
18) D			
19) A			

20) B

PART 2

1.Statement that explain the causes of difference between cash book and bank statement is called:

- 1. Bank Statement
- 2. Financial Statement
- 3. Income Statement
- 4. Bank Reconciliation statement
- 2. Bank Reconciliation Statement is prepared by:
 - 1. **Bank**
 - 2. Customer's Accountant
 - 3. Auditors
 - 4. None of the above

3. A statement which is used to reconcile the bank balance as per cash book and bank statement is called:

- 1. Financial Statement
- 2. Bank Reconciliation Statement
- 3. Bank Statement
- 4. Income Statement

4. Customer's copy of the account provided by the bank to the depositor to record deposits and withdrawals is called:

- 1. Sales Book
- 2. Cash Book
- 3. Pass Book
- 4. Purchases Book

5. Bank Statement is kept by:

- 1. **Bank**
- 2. Auditors
- 3. Depositor/Customer
- 4. None of these
- 6. Bank Statement is prepared by:
 - 1. Banker
 - 2. Customer's Accountant
 - 3. Auditors
 - 4. None of these

7. Bank reconciliation statement is a:

- 1. Part of bank statement
- 2. Memorandum statement
- 3. Part of journal
- 4. Ledger Account
- 8. A copy of customer's account in the bank's ledger is called:
 - 1. Financial statement
 - 2. Balance statement
 - 3. Bank Statement
 - 4. **Deposit statement**

9. Bank statement is prepared in the books of:

- 1. **Bank**
- 2. Guarantor
- 3. depositor/Customer
- 4. None of these

10. Cheques issued but not presented in the bank are called:

1. Un-presented cheques

- 2. Un-credited cheques
- 3. Un-collected cheques
- 4. Un-cleared cheques

11. Bank Reconciliation Statement is prepared by the banker.

- 1. **True**
- 2. False

12. Debit balance of Pass Book is an unfavorable balance.

- 1. **True**
- 2. False

13. Credit balance of Cash Book is a favorable balance.

- 1. **True**
- 2. False

14. Bank Balance as per bank statement is shown in the Balance Sheet, at the end of the year.

- 1. **True**
- 2. False

15. Bank Reconciliation Statement is prepared at the end of the accounting year only.

- 1. **True**
- 2. False

16. Only those items are recorded in the Bank Reconciliation Statement that cause a difference in Balance of Cash Book and Pass Book.

- 1. **True**
- 2. False

17. Bank Conciliation Statement can be started with Cash Book Balance only.

- 1. **True**
- 2. False

18. Two search causes of difference, debit side of Cash Book (Bank Column) is compared with the credit column of Bank Statement and vice versa.

- 1. **True**
- 2. False

19. Un-ticked items on the Credit side of Cash Book represent "Uncredited cheques".

- 1. **True**
- 2. False

20. Cash Book and Bank Statement show......Balance.

- 1. Credit
- 2. Debit
- 3. **Opposite**
- 4. None of the given options

21. When bank balance increases, it is debited in.....and credited in_____.

- 1. Pass Book; Cash Book
- 2. Cash Book; Pass Book
- 3. None of the given options

22. Any decrease in the bank balance is recorded on side of Cash Book and inColumn of Pass Book.

- 1. Debit; Credit
- 2. Credit; Debit
- 3. None of the given options

23.balance of Cash Book and..... balance of Pass Book is known as favorable balance.

- 1. Credit; Debit
- 2. Debit; Credit
- 3. None of the given options

24. Withdrawals are recorded in thecolumn of the Pass Book.

- 1. **Debit**
- 2. Credit

25. Bank Reconciliation statement provides mechanism ofover Cash.

- 1. External Control
- 2. Maximum Control
- 3. Internal Control
- 4. None of the given options

26. Amount of unpresented cheques isin Bank Reconciliation Statement.

- 1. Credited
- 2. **Debited**
- 3. None of the given options

27. All amounts credited by bank, but not recorded in Cash Book are..... in BRS.

- 1. Credited
- 2. **Debited**
- 3. None of the given options

28. Amount of any items due to which Cash Book shows more balance that Pass Book balance, arein BRS and vice versa.

- 1. Credited
- 2. **Debited**
- 3. None of the given options

29. In cash book, the favorable balance indicates

- 1. A) Credit Balance
- 2. B) Debit Balance
- 3. C) Bank Overdraft
- 4. D) Adjusted Balance

30. On the bank statement, cash deposited by the company is known as

- 1. A) Credit
- 2. **B) Debit**
- 3. C) Liability
- 4. **D**) Expenses

31. Bank reconciliation statement compares a bank statement with

- 1. A) Cash payment journal
- 2. B) Cash receipt journal
- 3. C) Financial statements

4. D) Cashbook

32. What is "Deposit in transit" in bank reconciliation?

- 1. A) Added to Bank Balance
- 2. **B) Subtracted From Bank Balance**
- 3. C) Subtracted From the Cash Book Balance
- 4. D) Added to Cashbook Balance

33. 'NSF' marked in cheque sent back by the bank indicates

- 1. Cheque has been forged
- 2. A bank couldn't verify the identity
- 3. No sufficient money
- 4. A cheque cannot be cashed because it's illegal
- 34. Bank reconciliation description is composed of
 - 1. Bank Accountant
 - 2. Business Manager
 - 3. Business Accountant
 - 4. **Controller of the bank**

35. An unadjusted balance in cash book is because of the result of which error?

- 1. Deposit in transit
- 2. The omission of Bank charges
- 3. Outstanding checks
- 4. Unpresented checks

36. Unpresented checks also referred to as

1. Bounced checks

- 2. Outstanding checks
- 3. Uncredited checks
- 4. Uncollected checks

37. In cash book, an amount of ₹5,000 was not recorded. Name the correct cash book adjustment

- 1. It will be credited in cash book
- 2. It will be debited in cash book
- 3. No adjustment needed in the cash book
- 4. Charges will be added to the cash book balance

38. What type of cheques is that which is issued by a firm but not deposited to the bank

- 1. Uncredited cheques
- 2. Outstanding cheques
- 3. Uncollected cheques
- 4. Bounced cheques

39. The main purpose of preparing a bank reconciliation statement is?

- 1. To know the bank balance
- 2. To know the balance of bank statement
- 3. To correct the cash book
- 4. To identify causes of difference between cash book and bank statement

40. Bank reconciliation statement is?

- 1. Part of bank statement
- 2. Part of the cash book
- 3. A separate statement
- 4. a sub-division of journal

41. Uncollected checks are also known as?

- 1. Outstanding checks
- 2. Uncleared checks
- 3. Outstation checks
- 4. Both b & c

42. Favorable balance means?

- 1. Credit balance in the cash book
- 2. Credit balance in Bank statement
- 3. Debit balance in cash book
- 4. both b and c

43. Unfavorable balance means?

- 1. Credit balance in the cash book
- 2. Credit balance in Bank statement
- 3. **Debit balance in cash book**
- 4. Debit balance in petty cash book

44. When check is not paid by the bank, it is called?

- 1. Honored
- 2. Endorsed
- 3. **Dishonored**
- 4. **a & b**

45. A bank reconciliation statement is prepared by?

- 1. Banker
- 2. Accountant of the business
- 3. Auditors
- 4. Registrar

46. Bank reconciliation is not a?

- 1. Reconcile records
- 2. Memorandum statement
- 3. Ledger account
- 4. Procedure to provide cash book adjustments

47. The balance on the debit side of the bank column of cash book indicates?

- 1. The total amount has drawn from the bank
- 2. Cash at bank
- 3. The total amount overdraft in the bank
- 4. None of above

48. Bank statement also called?

- 1. Pass book
- 2. Cash book
- 3. Credit book
- 4. **Debit book**

49. When bank statement shows a debit balance, it means?

- 1. Overdraft balance as per cash book
- 2. Unfavorable balance as per cash book
- 3. Unfavorable balance as per bank book

4. None of the above

50. The cheQUE which is deposited into bank but not cleared at the end of a particular year is called?

- 1. Uncredited check
- 2. Unpresented check
- 3. Omitted check
- 4. Dishonored check

51. When dealing with Bank reconciliation statement while using missing method the credit side of cash book corresponds to?

- 1. **Debit side of cash book**
- 2. Credit side of Bank statement
- 3. Debit side of Bank statement
- 4. None of them

52. In cash book bank charges recorded?

- 1. Credit side
- 2. **Debit side**
- 3. **both a & b**
- 4. None of them

53. Credit balance as per pass book is?

- 1. Unfavorable balance
- 2. Favorable balance
- 3. Both a & b
- 4. None

54. When cash is deposited into bank then the following account would be debited in the company accounts?

- 1. Cash account
- 2. Overdraft account
- 3. Bank account
- 4. None

55. Which of the following would not affect bank reconciliation?

- 1. Dishonored cheque
- 2. Discount received
- 3. Bank interest
- 4. Check not presented

56. An amount of Rs. 1,000 is debited twice in the bank statement. When overdraft as per the cash book is the starting point?

- 1. Rs. 1,000 will be deducted
- 2. **Rs. 1,000 will be added**
- 3. Rs. 2,000 will be deducted
- 4. Rs. 2,000 will be added

57. Which one of the following is not missing of cash book?

- 1. Mistakes in cash book
- 2. Outstation check
- 3. Bank charges debited in bank statement?
- 4. Interest credited in bank statement

58. If any amount is directly deposited into the bank then?

- 1. Cash book will show less balance & bank book will show more
- 2. Cash book will show more balance & bank book will show less
- 3. Cash book will show double balance
- 4. Bank book will show double balance

59. Bank reconciliation statement is :

- 1. Ledger
- 2. A Journal
- 3. A Book
- 4. A memorandum statement

60. Unfavorable balance of pass book means:

- 1. Debit balance of pass book
- 2. Debit balance of cash book
- 3. Credit balance of pass book
- 4. None of these

61. In adjusting the Cash Book balance one of the following is not taken into account.

- 1. Mistake
- 2. Mistake in pass book
- 3. Mistake in cash book
- 4. None of these

62. Disagreement balance of cash book and pass book is known through:

- 1. Pass book
- 2. Subsidiary book
- 3. Petty cash book

4. Bank reconciliation statement

63. The payment side of cash book is understated by Rs.200.:

- 1. Rs. 200 added
- 2. **Rs. 200 deducted**
- 3. **Rs. 400 added**
- 4. **Rs. 400 deducted**

64. An amount of Rs.1000 is debited twice in bank statement, the effect of it on cash book:

- 1. Rs. 1000 added
- 2. Rs. 2000 deducted
- 3. Rs. 1000 deducted
- 4. Rs. 2000 added

65. An amount of Rs.50 debited by bank as bank charges:

- 1. Credit in cash book
- 2. Credit in pass book
- 3. Credit in cash payment journal
- 4. Record in cash Receipt journal

66. Favorable bank balance means:

- 1. Credit balance of cash book
- 2. Debit balance of cash book
- 3. Debit balance of pass book
- 4. None of these

67. When bank column of cash book shows a debit balance, it means:

- 1. Overdraft Balance
- 2. Bank Balance
- 3. Favorable Balance
- 4. Unfavorable Balance

68. The periodical returns sent by bank to customer is called:

- 1. Income Statement
- 2. Bank Statement
- 3. Bank Reconciliation Statement
- 4. Ledger Statement

69. Bank reconciliation represents:

- 1. Ledger
- 2. Journal
- 3. Statement
- 4. "a' & 'c' Both

70. Bank reconciliation statement is prepared by:

- 1. Banker
- 2. Accountant
- 3. Auditor
- 4. None of these

ANSWERS:

- 1. Bank Reconciliation Statement
- 2. Customer's Accountant
- 3. Bank Reconciliation Statement

- 4. Cash Book
- 5. Depositor/Customer
- 6. Banker
- 7. Memorandum Statement
- 8. Bank Statement
- 9. Bank
- 10. Un-Presented Cheque
- 11. False
- 12. **True**
- 13. False
- 14. False
- 15. False
- 16. **True**
- 17. False
- 18. **True**
- 19. False
- 20. Opposite
- 21. Cashbook : Passbook
- 22. Credit : Debit
- 23. Debit : Credit
- 24. Debit
- 25. Internal Control
- 26. Debited
- 27. Debited
- 28. Credited
- 29. Debit Balance
- 30. Credit
- 31. Cashbook
- 32. Added to Bank Balance
- 33. No Sufficient Money
- 34. Business Accountant
- 35. The Omission of Bank Charges
- 36. Outstanding Checks

- 37. I Will be Credited in Cash Book
- 38. Outstanding Cheque
- 39. To Identify causes of differences between Cash Book and Bank Statement
- 40. A Separate Statement
- 41. Both B and C
- 42. Both B & C
- 43. Credit Balance in the Cash Book
- 44. Dishonored
- 45. Accountant Of the Business
- 46. Ledger Account
- 47. Cash at Bank
- 48. Pass Book
- 49. Unfavorable Balance as per Bank Book
- 50. Uncredited Check
- 51. Debit Side of the Bank Statement
- 52. Credit Side
- 53. Favorable Balance
- 54. Bank Account
- 55. Discount Received
- 56. Rs 1000 Will be Added
- 57. Outstation Check
- 58. Cash Book will show less Balance and Bank book will show more
- 59. A memorandum Statement
- 60. Debit Balance of Pass Book
- 61. Mistake in Pass book
- 62. Bank Reconciliation Statement
- 63. **Rs. 200 Added**
- 64. Rs 1000 Deducted
- 65. Credit in Cash Book
- 66. Debit Balance in Cash Book
- 67. Favorable Balance

- 68. Bank Statement
- 69. Statement
- 70. Accountant