

Instructions

For the following questions answer them individually

Question 1

The unit digit in the product 122^{173} is

- A 2
- B 4
- C 6
- D 8

Answer: A

Explanation:

As we know a number with unit digit 2 have repeating cycle of 2,4,8,6 after every fourth power as power is 173 or $(172+1)$ where till 172, 43rd cycle will get complete and next unit digit will be 2.

Question 2

The unit digit in the sum of $(124)^{372} + (124)^{373}$ is

- A 5
- B 4
- C 20
- D 0

Answer: D

Explanation:

Both of numbers have unit digit as 4 and it has a repeating cycle of 2 with unit digits as 4 and 6 so in first number power is 372 which is exactly divisible by 2 hence unit digit of first number will be 6. and in second number power is 373 which exceeds one with the repeating cycle of 2 hence its unit digit will be 4.

now unit digit of the sum will be $6+4 = 10$

Question 3

The digit in the unit place in the square root of 66049 is

- A 3
- B 7
- C 8
- D 2

Answer: B

Explanation:

Square root of 66049 = 257

Thus, unit's digit = 7

Question 4

Find the unit digit in the product $(4387)^{245} \times (621)^{72}$.

- A 1
- B 2
- C 5
- D 7

Answer: D

Explanation:

we need to find unit digit of $(4387)^{245} \times (621)^{72}$

unit digit of $4387^{245} = \text{unit digit of } 7^1 = 7$

unit digit of $621^{72} = 1$

and hence $7 \times 1 = 7$ is the unit digit for the given expression

Question 5

If in a two digit number, the digit at unit place is z and the digit at tens place is 8, then the number is

- A $80z + z$
- B $80 + z$
- C $8z + 8$
- D $80z + 1$

Answer: B

Explanation:

Digit at unit's place = z

Digit at ten's place = 8

\Rightarrow 2-digit number = $(10 \times 8) + (1 \times z)$

$= 80 + z$

\Rightarrow Ans - (B)

Question 6

Find the unit place digit in $71 \times 72 \times 73 \times 74 \times 76 \times 77 \times 78 \times 79$.

- A 2
- B 0
- C 4
- D 6

Answer: D

Explanation:

Expression : $71 \times 72 \times 73 \times 74 \times 76 \times 77 \times 78 \times 79$

Unit place is the product of unit digits.

$= (1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4) \times (6 \times 7) \times (8 \times 9)$

$$= 24 \times 42 \times 72$$

$$\equiv 4 \times 2 \times 2 = 16$$

Thus, unit digit = **6**

=> Ans - (D)

Question 7

What is the unit digit of the sum of first 111 whole numbers?

A 4

B 6

C 5

D 0

Answer: C

Explanation:

Sum of first 11 whole numbers is $0+1+2+\dots+110$

i.e $n(n+1)/2 = 110 \cdot 111 / 2$

$= 55 \cdot 111$

Therefore units digit is 5

Question 8

What is the unit digit of $(217)^{413} \times (819)^{547} \times (414)^{624} \times (342)^{812}$?

A 2

B 4

C 6

D 8

Answer: D

Explanation:

Power series of 7 i.e units digit 7 power expansion has 7,9,3 and 1 and it is raised to power 413 i.e $413/4$ remainder 1 and so last digit is 7

Power series of 9 i.e units digit 9 power expansion has 9 and 1 and it is raised to power 547 i.e $547/2$ remainder 1 and so last digit is 9

Power series of 4 i.e units digit 4 power expansion has 4 and 6 and it is raised to power 624 i.e $624/2$ remainder 0 and so last digit is 6

Power series of 2 i.e units digit 2 power expansion has 2,4,8 and 6 and it is raised to power 812 i.e $812/4$ remainder 0 and so last digit is 6

All the last digits product $= 7 \cdot 9 \cdot 6 \cdot 6$

$= 8$

Question 9

If the unit digit of $(433 \times 456 \times 43N)$ is $(N + 2)$, then what is the value of N ?

A 1

B 8

C 3

D 6

Answer: D

Explanation:

If we multiply 433 and 456 then we will get 8 as unit digit .

But when 433 and 456 multiply together with 43N then the unit digit appears as 8N .

So,Unit digit of $8N = N + 2$.

It is possible only when N=6 .

So, D is correct choice.