## **REVOLT OF 1857**

- 1. What was the role of Tatia Tope in the 1857 mutiny?
- A. He was commander-in-chief of the army of Nana Saheb
- B. He organized Bhils of Panchamahal region against the British
- C. Both A and B
- D. Neither A nor B

Ans. C

- 2. Who was the governor-general during the Revolt of 1857?
- A. Lord Canning
- **B.** Lord Irwin
- C. Lord Lytton
- D. Lord Willington

Ans A

- 3. Who was the prominent leader in Lucknow during the Revolt of 1857?
- A. Begum Hazrat Mahal
- B. Rani Laxmi Bai
- C. Kuar Singh
- D. Bahadur Shah Zafar

Ans. A

- 4. Sir Huge Rose described whom as 'the best and bravest military leader of the rebel'?
- A. Begum Hazrat Mahal
- B. Rani Laxmi Bai
- C. Kuwar Singh
- D. Bahadur Shah Zafar

Ans. B

- 5. Who is the author of the book" The First Indian War of Independence- 1857-59"?
- A. Karl Marx
- **B. Syed Ahmad Khan**
- C. R. C. Mazumdar
- D. S. N. Sen

Ans. A

- 6. Consider the following statements related to the cause of the 1857 revolt and select the right one.
- A. It was a great disparity in salaries between the Indian and European soldiers.
- B. The Indian sepoys were treated with contempt by their European officers.C

C, The sepoys were sent to distant parts of the empire but were not paid any extra allowance.

D. All the above

Ans. D

- 7. Which of the following is one of the social reasons for 1857 revolt?
- A. The English could not establish any social relationship with the Indians.
- B. The racial arrogance of the British created a difference between the rulers and the ruled.
- C. Both A & B
- D. The company's trade policy destroyed Indian handicrafts.

Ans. C

- 8. Which of the following leader associated with Barout in Uttar Pradesh during the 1857 revolts?
- A. Shah Mal
- B. Maulavi Ahamadullah Shah
- C. Tatya Tope
- D. Veer Kuwar Singh

Ans. A

- 9. Who among the following British Officials suppressed the Revolt of Jhansi?
- A. Colin Campbell,
- **B.** Henry Havelock
- C. Henry Lawrence
- D. Hugh Rose

Ans. C

- 10. Consider the following statement (s) related to the administrative causes of the 1857 revolt and select the correct one.
- A. Deprivation of the traditional ruling classes of their luxury due to the establishment of the company's suzerainty over the Indian states;
- B. Introduction of new and revenue system which snatched the land from cultivator and gave it to the moneylender or traitor.
- C. Lord Canning's announcement to that Mughals would lose the title of King and be mere Princess.
- D. None of the above

Ans. C

## **REVOLT OF 1857**

- 11. Which of the following act abolished all laws affecting the rights of persons converting to another religion or caste?
- A. Abolition of Sati (1829)
- B. Hindu Widow Remarriage Act (1856)
- C. Religious Disabilities Act of 1850
- D. None of the above

Ans: C

12. Assertion (A): Lack of coordination and central leadership

Reason (R): Some of the local rulers like Scindia of Gwalior, the Holkar of Indore, the Nizam of Hyderabad, the Raja of Jodhpur, the Nawab of Bhopal, the rulers of Patiala, Sindh, and Kashmir and the Rana of Nepal provided active support to the British.

**Codes:** 

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not a correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. Both A & R is not true

Ans: A

- 13. Who among the following British officer died soon due to a mortal wound received during the fighting during 1857 revolt in Delhi?
- A. General John Nicholson
- B. Sir Hugh Wheeler
- C. Major Hudson
- D. General Neil

Ans: A

- 14. Who among the following British officer captured Banaras during the revolt of 1857?
- A. General John Nicholson
- **B. Sir Hugh Wheeler**
- C. Colonel Oncell
- D. William Taylor and Eye

Ans: C

- 15. Which of the following was the impact of 1857 revolt?
- A. Doctrine of Lapse was withdrawn
- B. End of Peshwaship and the Mughal rule
- C. control of Indian administration was passed on to the British Crown

D. All of the above

Ans: D

- 16. Which of the following pair is correctly matched?
- A. Kanpur: Nana Sahib, Rao Sahib (nephew of Nana), Tantia Tope, Azimullah Khan (advisor of Nana Sahib)
- B. Alahabad : Maulavi Liyakat Ali C. Farrukhabad : Tufzal Hasan Khan
- D. All of the above

Ans: D

- 17. Which of the following pair is not correctly matched?
- A. Barrackpore: Mangal Pandey
- B. Delhi: Bahadur Shah II, General Bakht Khan
- C. Delhi: Maulavi Ahmadullah
- D. Lucknow: Begum Hazrat Mahal, Birjis Qadir, Ahmadullah

Ans: C

- 18. Which of the following was not the social and religious reason for the Revolt of 1857?
- A. Adoption of free trade imperialism from 1800, de-industrialization and drain of wealth
- B. Abolition of Sati in 1829
- C. Hindu Widow Remarriage Act of 1856
- D. Doctrine of Lapse

Ans: A

- 19. Which among the following was not an economic cause of the revolt of 1857?
- (a). Heavy taxation
- (b). But down on major patronage for artisans and handicrafts
- (c). increasing availability of market for Indian cotton.
- (d). increased pressure on agricultural land Ans: (c)
- 20. Who among the following British officer captured Banaras during the revolt of 1857?
- (a). General John Nicholson
- (b). Sir Hugh Wheeler
- (c). Colonel Oncell
- (d). William Taylor and Eye

Ans: (c)

## **REVOLT OF 1857**

- 21. Which of the following pair is correctly matched?
- (a). Kanpur Nana Sahib, Rao Sahib (nephew of Nana), Tantia Tope, Azimullah Khan (advisor of Nana Sahib)
- (b). Alahabad Maulavi Liyakat Ali
- (c). Farrukhabad Tufzal Hasan Khan
- (d). All of the above

Ans: (d)

- 22. Who among the following British officer died soon due to a mortal wound received during the fighting during 1857 revolt in Delhi?
- (a). General John Nicholson
- (b). Sir Hugh Wheeler
- (c). Major Hudson
- (d). General Neil

Ans: (a)

- 23. Under whose governor-generalship, the Revolt of 1857 occurred?
- (a). Lord Canning
- (b). Lord Irwin
- (c). Lord Lytton
- (d). Lord Willington

Ans. (a)

- 24. Who authored the book "The First Indian War of Independence- 1857-59"?
- (a). Karl Marx
- (b). Syed Ahmad Khan
- (c). R. C. Mazumdar
- (d). S. N. Sen

Ans. (a)

- 25. Sir Huge Rose described whom as 'the best and bravest military leader of the rebel'?
- (a). Begum Hazrat Mahal
- (b). Rani Laxmi Bai
- (c). Kuar Singh
- (d). Bahadur Shah Zafar

Ans. (b)