

## SANGAM AGE

1. What does trader guild called during Sangam period?

- A. Bhanavan
- B. Orad
- C. Vanik Dhatru
- D. Kohaman

Ans: C

2. Roaming groups of dancers and musicians visiting the royal court were known as:

- A. Vanik Dhatru and Vaani Mridul
- B. Dooter and Ulavar
- C. Natarkin and Agosa
- D. Panar and Vidailiyar

Ans: D

3. Assertion (A): The assemblage of literary figures was known as Sangam.

Reason (R): Tamil was the language of Sangam literature.

Codes:

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not a correct explanation of A
- C. A is true but R is false
- D. Both A & R is not true

Ans: B

4. Match the following with dynasty and royal insignia

- |            |          |
|------------|----------|
| a. Chera   | 1. Fish  |
| b. Chola   | 2. Tigar |
| c. Pandaya | 3. Bow   |

Code: a b c

- A. 3 2 1
- B. 1 2 3
- C. 3 1 2
- D. 2 1 3

Ans: A

5. Who among the following started Kannagi worship?

- A. Nedunjelian
- B. Shenguttavan
- C. Udiyanjeral
- D. Karikal

Ans: B

6. Which Sangam ruler started sugarcane cultivation?

- A. Nedunjelian
- B. Shenguttavan
- C. Udiyanjeral
- D. Adigaiman

Ans: D

7. Match the following with tribes and their Gods

- |            |              |
|------------|--------------|
| a. Kurava  | 1. Vendana   |
| b. Minavar | 2. Varunan   |
| c. Ayar    | 3. Mayon     |
| d. Marawar | 4. Korrvavar |
| e. Vellal  | 5. Sayan     |

Code:

- |    |   |   |   |   |   |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|
|    | a | b | c | d | e |
| A. | 5 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| B. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| C. | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| D. | 1 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 4 |

Ans: A

8. Match the following with social caste/class during Sangam Age

- |            |                  |
|------------|------------------|
| a. Arasar  | 1. Ruling Class  |
| b. Andanar | 2. Brahman Caste |
| c. Venigar | 3. Vaishya Class |
| d. Vellar  | 4. Peasant Class |

Code:

- |    |   |   |     |
|----|---|---|-----|
| a  | b | c | d   |
| A. | 4 | 3 | 2 1 |
| B. | 3 | 2 | 1 4 |
| C. | 1 | 2 | 3 4 |
| D. | 4 | 1 | 3 2 |

Ans: C

9. Which Sangam ruler started Sea-worship and brought Pahruli river in existence?

- A. Nedunjelian
- B. Shenguttavan
- C. Udiyanjeral
- D. Nediyan

Ans: D

10. What was the term used for forced tax during Sangam Age?

- A. Tairave
- B. Karamai

## **SANGAM AGE**

C. Pandu  
D. Pillai  
Ans: A

11. The first Indian ruler, who established the supremacy of Indian Navy in the Arabian Sea was : [SSC CGL 1999]

- (A) Rajaraja I
  - (B) Rajendra I
  - (C) Rajadhiraja I
  - (D) Kulottunga I
- Ans: A

12. In Tamil literature the glorious books 'Shilppadikaram and Manimekalai' are related to : [SSC CGL 2002]

- (A) Jainism
  - (B) Buddhism
  - (C) Hinduism
  - (D) Christianity
- Ans: B

13. The Hoyasala's capital was : [SSC Combined Matric Level 1999]

- (A) Warangal
  - (B) Devagiri
  - (C) Dwarasamudra
  - (D) Krishnagiri
- Ans: C

14. Sangam Age is associated with the history of : [SSC Combined Matric Level 2000]

- (A) Benaras
  - (B) Allahabad
  - (C) Tamil Nadu
  - (D) Khajuraho
- Ans: C

15. Which of the following was the capital of the Chola Kings? [SSC Combined Matric Level 2002]

- (A) Kanchi
  - (B) Tanjore
  - (C) Madurai
  - (D) Trichurapally
- Ans: B

16. The capital of Pallavas was : [SSC Combined Matric Level 2006, 2002]

- (A) Areot
- (B) Kanchi
- (C) Malkhed
- (D) Banaeasi

Ans: B

17. From which modern State did the Alwar saints originate? [SSC MTS 2013]

- (A) Tamil Nadu
  - (B) Kerala
  - (C) Karnataka
  - (D) Maharashtra
- Ans: A

18. Pulakesin II was the greatest ruler of the : [SSC CGL 2013]

- (A) Cholas of Tamil Nadu
  - (B) Chalukyas of Badami
  - (C) Chalukyas Kalyani
  - (D) Pallavas of Kanchi
- Ans: B

19. What is the Mehrauli Pillar in the complex of Qutub Minar Primarily famous for? [SSC CGL Tier-I 2016]

- (A) Proverbial height
  - (B) Skilful stone cutting
  - (C) Excellent quality steel
  - (D) Statue of Buddha on top
- Ans: C

20. Which script was used in Ashoka's inscriptions? [SSC CGL Tier-I 2016]

- (A) Brahmi
  - (B) Devanagiri
  - (C) Gurmukhi
  - (D) Sanskrit
- Ans: A

21. Name the capital of the Pallavas? [SSC Sec. Officer (C. Audit) 2007]

- (A) Kanchi
  - (B) Vatapi
  - (C) Trichurapalli
  - (D) Mahabalipuram
- Ans: A

22. Arabs were defeated in 738 A.D. by : [SSC Sec. Officer (Audit) 2008]

## **SANGAM AGE**

- (A) Pratiharas
- (B) Rashtrakutas
- (C) Pallavas
- (D) Chalukyas

Ans: D

23. Chalukya king Pulakesin - II was defeated by : [SSC Combined Matric Level 2001]

- (A) Mahendra Varman-I
- (B) Narasimha V arman- I
- (C) Parameswara Verman-I
- (D) Jatila Parantaka

Ans: B

24. The Rashtrakuta kingdom was founded by : [SSC Combined Matric Level 2001]

- (A) Danti Durga (Danti Varman)
- (B) Amoghavarsh
- (C) Govinda III
- (D) Indra III

Ans: A

25. The Chola kings were ruling over : [SSC CHSL 2010]

- (A) Tamil Nadu
- (B) Andhra
- (C) Kerala
- (D) Bengal

Ans: A

26. Coins made of metal first appeared in : [SSC CHSL 2010]

- (A) Haerappan Civilisation
- (B) Later Vedic Age
- (C) Age of the Buddha
- (D) Age of the Mauryas

Ans: C

27. Who was the contemporary South Indian ruler of Harshavardhana? [SSC CHSL 2014]

- (A) Krishnadevaraya
- (B) Pulakeshin II
- (C) Mayuravarma
- (D) Chikkadevaraja Wodeyar

Ans: B

28. Ravikirti, a Jain, who composed the Aihole Prashast, was patronized by : [SSC CHSL 2014]

- (A) Pulakeshin I

- (B) Harsha
- (C) Pulakeshin II
- (D) Kharavela

Ans: C

29. Who was the first ruler of Pala dynasty?

- (A) Gopala
- (B) Vivyanathan
- (C) Dharmapala
- (D) Bhaskaran

Ans: A

30. Harsha moved his capital from ..... to. [SSC CGL Tier-I 2016]

- (A) Thaneswar, Kannauj
- (B) Delhi, Deogiri
- (C) Kamboj, Kannauj
- (D) Vallabhi, Delhi

Ans: A