

MATRICES**SYMMETRIC AND SKEW SYMMETRIC****EXERCISE**

Q.1 Prove that if A is non-singular matrix such that A is symmetric then A^{-1} is also symmetric.

Q.2 Matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 5 & -7 \\ -5 & 0 & 11 \\ 7 & -11 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is a-

(A) diagonal matrix

(B) upper triangular matrix

(C) skew-symmetric matrix

(D) symmetric matrix

Q.3 If A and B are square matrices of same order, then which of the following is skew-symmetric-

(A) $\frac{A + A^T}{2}$

(B) $\frac{A^T + B^T}{2}$

(C) $\frac{A^T - B^T}{2}$

(D) $\frac{B - B^T}{2}$

Q.4 If A is symmetric as well as skew symmetric matrix, then -

(A) A is a diagonal matrix

(B) A is a null matrix

(C) A is a unit matrix

(D) A is a triangular matrix

Q.5 If $A - A' = 0$, then A' is -

(A) orthogonal matrix

(B) symmetric matrix

(C) skew-symmetric matrix

(D) triangular matrix

Q.6 If $\begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ u & v \end{bmatrix}$ is symmetric matrix, then -

(A) $x + v = 0$

(B) $x - v = 0$

(C) $y + u = 0$

(D) $y - u = 0$

Q.7 If A is symmetric matrix and B is a skew-symmetric matrix, then for $n \in \mathbb{N}$, false statement is -

(A) A^n is symmetric

(B) A^n is symmetric only when n is even

(C) B^n is skew symmetric when n is odd

(D) B^n is symmetric when n is even

Q.8 If A is a square matrix, then $A - A'$ is -

(A) unit matrix

(B) null matrix

(C) A

(D) a skew symmetric matrix

Q.9 Let A be a square matrix. Then which of the following is not a symmetric matrix -

(A) $A + A'$

(B) AA'

(C) $A'A$

(D) $A - A'$

ANSWER KEY

2. C

3. D

4. B

5. B

6. D

7. B

8. D

9. D