

## **INDUS CIVILIZATION**

**1. Which of the following technique used for making bronze statues during Harappa Civilisation?**

- A. Lost Wax Casting**
- B. Stone carving**
- C. Wood carving**
- D. Ivory carving**

**Ans: A**

**2. Which of the following statement is correct about terracotta?**

- A. It is clay like earthenware**
- B. It is a type of earthenware, is a clay-based unglazed or glazed ceramic, where the fired body is porous.**
- C. The terracotta representations of human form are crude in the Indus Valley.**
- D. All of the above**

**Ans: D**

**3. The bust of bearded man figure was found in which of the following archaeological site?**

- A. Mohenjo-Daro**
- B. Lothal**
- C. Harappa**
- D. Dholavira**

**Ans: A**

**4. The stone sculpture of male torso was found in which of the following archaeological site?**

- A. Mohenjo-Daro**
- B. Lothal**
- C. Harappa**
- D. Dholavira**

**Ans: C**

**5. Consider the following statement (s):**

**I. Harappans built the earliest cities complete with town planning, sanitation, drainage system and broad well-laid roads.**

**II. Harappans built double storied houses of burnt bricks each one of which had a bathroom, a kitchen and a well.**

**Which of the above statement (s) is/are correct about Harappa Civilisation?**

**Code:**

- A. Only I**
- B. Only II**
- C. Both I and II**

**D. Neither I nor II**

**Ans: C**

**6. Which of the following artefact of the Harappa Civilisation was mainly used for commercial purposes?**

- A. Bronze/metal sculpture**
- B. Stone sculpture**
- C. Seal**
- D. Terracotta sculpture**

**Ans: C**

**7. Consider the following statement (s):**

**I. It consists chiefly of very fine wheelmade wares, very few being hand-made.**

**II. Polychrome pottery is rare and mainly comprises small vases decorated with geometric patterns.**

**Which of the above statement (s) is/are related to the Indus Valley pottery?**

**Code:**

- A. Only I**
- B. Only II**
- C. Both I and II**
- D. Neither I nor II**

**Ans: C**

**8. Consider the following statement (s):**

**I. It was found in Mohenjo-Daro and shows a human figure placed cross legged.**

**II. An elephant and a tiger are revealed at the right side of the figure and a rhinoceros and a buffalo are seen on the left.**

**Which of the above statement (s) is/are correct about the Seals of Pashupati Mahadeva?**

**Code:**

- A. Only I**
- B. Only II**
- C. Both I and II**
- D. Neither I nor II**

**Ans: C**

**9. Which of the following raw material was not used by the Indus Valley Civilisation?**

- A. limestone**
- B. red stone**
- C. Bronze**
- D. Clay**

**Ans: A**

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10. During the archaeological excavation of the Harappa Civilisation, what types of civic planning representation were seen?

A. Houses, markets, storage facilities, offices and almost every basic thing are organized in a grid-like pattern.

B. Roads were cut crossways each other's at 90-degree and the city was organized into blocks design.

C. Only A

D. Both A and B

Ans: D

11. Which of the following was NOT found at Mohenjo-Daro?

A. Seal of Pasupati

B. Bronze figurine of dancing girl

C. A piece of woven cloth

D. Terracotta ploughView

Ans: D

12. The script of Harappan civilization was

A. Khmer

B. Devanagari

C. Farsi

D. UndecipheredView

Ans: D

13. Consider the following statements

1. Uniformity in the layout of towns, streets, structures and brick sizes

2. An elaborate and well laid out drainage system

3. Granaries constituted an important part of Harappan cities.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct about Harappan civilization town planning?

A. 1&2

B. 1&3

C. 2&3

D. All of the aboveView

Ans: D

14. Harappa was the first "Indus Valley Civilisation" site to be excavated. Who among the following was associated with its excavation?

A. Bannerji

B. Rao

C. Sahani

D. BishtView

Ans: C

15. Which of the following, has replaced Mohenjo-Daro as the largest Harappancivilisation site?

A. Banwali

B. Chanhudaro

C. Ropar

D. Rakhigarhi View

Ans: D

16. TheHarappancivilisation belongs to which age?

A. Neolithic age

B. Mesolithic age

C. Chalcolithic age

D. PalaeolithicageView

Ans: C

17. Which of the following pair of Harappan sites with their Location is INCORRECT?

A. Mohenjo-Daro : Sindh, Pakistan

B. Lothal: Gujarat, India

C. Kalibangan: Rajasthan, India

D. Banawali: Punjab, IndiaView

Ans: D

18. Consider the following statements:

1. Horse was used in day to day life

2. People were not familiar with Iron

3. Man and woman both were fond of grooming & accessories

Which of the above statement(s) about Harappancivilisation is/are correct?

A. 1& 2

B. 1&3

C. 2& 3

D. All of the aboveView

Ans: C

19. With which of the following civilisations, Harappans had external trade relations?

A. Mesopotamian civilisation

B rete civilisation

C. Yellow river civilisation of China

D. Mayan civilisation View

## INDUS CIVILIZATION

Ans: A

20. Match the following

A. Pleistocene 1. Ice Age

B Palaeolithic 2. Old Stone age

C. Neolithic 3. New Stone Age

D. Mesolithic 4. Middle Stone Age

E. Chalcolithic 5 . Copper-Stone Age

Below options are given in A B C D order.

A) 2 3 4 5

B) 5 4 3 2 2

C). 3 2 1 4 5

D). 4 1 3 5 2

Ans: A

21. Which of the following were characteristics of the Palaeolithic Age in India?

1. It was this age that modern man termed by anthropologists as homo sapiens emerged.

2. Man during this period learned to live a settled life.

3. In order to save himself from animals he used to lead his life in groups.

4. Tools found in all parts of the sub-continent during this period were mostly made of quartzite.

5. The people of this period lived either in rock-shelters to in huts with thatched roofs.

A). 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

B). 1, 2, 4

C). 1, 3, 4, 5

D). 1 and 5

Ans: C

22. Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding pre-historic art?

A). Palaeolithic and Mesolithic people practised painting.

B). Pre-historic art appears at several places, but Bhimbetka is the most striking site with 500 painted rock shelters.

C). Many birds, animals and human beings are painted.

D). The paintings depict the religious beliefs of the people

Ans: C

23. Which was the first metal used by man?

A). Copper

B). Silver

C). Bronze

D). Brass

Ans: A

24. With which of the following periods do we associate the 'microlith' implements?

A). Palaeolithic

B). Mesolithic

C). Neolithic

D). Chalcolithic

Ans: B

25. With which period do we associate the 'megaliths'?

A). Neolithic

B). Chalcolithic

C). Mesolithic

D). Pleistocene

Ans: A

26. When the first metal tool came into being it was used for?

A). pot-making

B). house-building

C). clearing jungles

D). making wheels

Ans: C

27. Which of the following are characteristics of the Neolithic period?

1. They buried their dead and erected tombs

2. They worshipped spirits of nature as embodied in trees and stones, and appeased them by bloody sacrifices and offerings of food and drink.

3. They had no knowledge of the wheel for making pottery.

4. They knew the use of fire and had started cooking.

A). 1,2 and 4

B). 1,2 and 3

C). 1 and 3

D). 1,2,3 and 4

Ans: A