EXERCISE-I

	Definition of permutation permutations with or wit Conditional permu	hout epetition, itations	8.	distributed amor every student can (A) 1024	ways can 5 prizes be ng four students when take one or more prizes (B) 625 (D) 600
1.		can 10 true-false B) 100 D) 1024	9.	many ways can th (A) 20	(B) 30
2.		om the digits 1, 2, 3, n is not allowed) B) 280	10.	numbers is always (A) r!	(B) r^{2}
3.	If ${}^{n}P_{5} = 9 \times {}^{n-1}P_{4}$, then (A) 6 (1	B) 8	11.	(C) r^{n} If ${}^{12}P_{r} = 1320$, the (A) 5 (C) 3	 (D) None of these en r is equal to (B) 4 (D) 2
4.	(C) 5 (I) The value of ⁿ P _r is equal (A) ⁿ⁻¹ P _r + r ⁿ⁻¹ P _{r-1} (I) (C) $n(^{n-1}P_r + ^{n-1}P_{r-1})$ (I)	B) n. ${}^{n-1}P_r + {}^{n-1}P_{r-1}$	12.	Assuming that n	o two consecutive digits ber of <i>n</i> digit numbers, is (B) 9 ! (D) n^9
5.	Find the total number which have all the digits (A) $9 \times 9!$ (I	of 9 digit numbers	13.	The numbers of a of the word SAL not come together (A) 360	rrangements of the letters COON, if the two O's do ; is (B) 720
6.			14.	from the letters of	 (D) 120 ords which can be formed The word MAXIMUM, if annot occur together, is (B) 3! × 4! (D) None of these
7.		-	15.	In how many arranged in a ro books are not toge	ways n books can be w so that two specified ether (B) $(n-1)!(n-2)$

16. How many numbers lying between 500 and 600 can be formed with the help of the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 when the digits are not to be repeated

(A) 20	(B) 40
(C) 60	(D) 80

- 17. Numbers greater than 1000 but not greater than 4000 which can be formed with the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 (repetition of digits is allowed), are
 - (A) 350 (B) 375 (C) 450 (D) 576
- 18. The number of numbers that can be formed with the help of the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 3, 2, 1 so that odd digits always occupy odd places, is
 - (A) 24(B) 18(C) 12(D) 30
- **19.** In how many ways can 5 boys and 3 girls sit in a row so that no two girls are together

(A) $5! \times 3!$ (B) ${}^{4}P_{3} \times 5!$

(C) ${}^{6}P_{3} \times 5!$ (D) ${}^{5}P_{3} \times 3!$

- 20. How many numbers less than 1000 can be made from the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 (repetition is not allowed)
 - (A) 156 (B) 160
 - (C) 150 (D) None of these
- **21.** How many words can be formed with the letters of the word MATHEMATICS by rearranging them

(A)
$$\frac{11!}{2!2!}$$
 (B) $\frac{11!}{2!}$
(C) $\frac{11!}{2!2!2!}$ (D) 11!

22. The number of arrangements of the letters of the word CALCUTTA

(A) 2520	(B) 5040
(C) 10,080	(D) 40,320

23.	How many numbers, lying between 99 and	
	1000 be made from the digits 2, 3, 7, 0, 8, 6	
	when the digits occur only once in each	
	number	
	(A) 100 (B) 90	

(A) 100	(B) 90
(C) 120	(D) 80

24. In a circus there are ten cages for accommodating ten animals. Out of these four cages are so small that five out of 10 animals cannot enter into them. In how many ways will it be possible to accommodate ten animals in these ten cages

(A) 66400

(C) 96400 (D) None of these

(B) 86400

25. How many words can be made from the letters of the word COMMITTEE

(A)
$$\frac{9!}{(2!)^2}$$
 (B) $\frac{9!}{(2!)^3}$
(C) $\frac{9!}{2!}$ (D) 9!

26. How many numbers can be made with the digits 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 lying between 3000 and 4000 which are divisible by 5 while repetition of any digit is not allowed in any number

(A) 60	(B) 12
(C) 120	(D) 24

27. The letters of the word MODESTY are written in all possible orders and these words are written out as in a dictionary, then the rank of the word MODESTY is(A) 5040 (B) 720

() •		(-)	,
(C)]	1681	(D) 2520

28. If a denotes the number of permutations of x + 2 things taken all at a time, b the number of permutations of x things taken 11 at a time and c the number of permutations of x - 11 things taken all at a time such that a = 182 bc, then the value of x is

(A) 15	(B) 12
(C) 10	(D) 18

			Permutations and Combinations
29.	All possible four digit numbers are formed	37.	The number of ways in which 5 boys and 3
	using the digits 0, 1, 2, 3 so that no number		girls can be seated in a row so that each girl
	has repeated digits. The number of even		in between two boys
	numbers among them is		(A) 2880 (B) 1880
	(A) 9 (B) 18		(C) 3800 (D) 2800
	(C) 10 (D) None of these	38.	Eleven books consisting of 5 Mathematics,
30.	The number of ways in which ten		4 Physics and 2 Chemistry are placed on a
	candidates A_1, A_2, \dots, A_{10} can be ranked		shelf. The number of possible ways of
	such that A_1 is always above A_{10} is		arranging them on the assumption that the
	(A) 5! (B) 2(5!)		books of the same subject are all together is
			(A) 4! 2! (B) 11!
	(C) 10! (D) $\frac{1}{2}(10!)$		(C) 5! 4! 3! 2! (D) None of these
31.	How many numbers greater than hundred	39.	The number of words that can be formed
51.	and divisible by 5 can be made from the		out of the letters of the word ARTICLE so
	digits 3, 4, 5, 6, if no digit is repeated		that the vowels occupy even places is
	(A) 6 (B) 12		(A) 36 (B) 574
	(C) 24 (D) 30		(C) 144 (D) 754
32.	The number of 7 digit numbers which can	40.	The number of ways in which 9 persons
52.	be formed using the digits 1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 3, 4		can be divided into three equal groups is
	is		(A) 1680 (B) 840
	(A) 420 (B) 840		(C) 560 (D) 280
	(C) 2520 (D) 5040		
33.			
	The number of 4 digit numbers that can be		Circular permutations
	The number of 4 digit numbers that can be formed from the digits 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7		Circular permutations
55.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	41.	
55.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is	41.	In how many ways a garland can be made
55.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252	41.	In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers
	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480	41.	In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers (A) 10! (B) 9!
34.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that	41.	In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers
	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6		In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers (A) 10 ! (B) 9 ! (C) 2(9 !) (D) $\frac{9!}{2}$
	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is	41. 42.	In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers (A) 10 ! (B) 9 ! (C) 2(9 !) (D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how
	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300		In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers (A) 10! (B) 9! (C) 2(9!) (D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host
	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300 (C) 420 (D) 20		In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers (A) 10! (B) 9! (C) 2(9!) (D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host be seated at a circular table, if the two
34.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300 (C) 420 (D) 20 Total number of four digit odd numbers		In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers (A) 10! (B) 9! (C) 2(9!) (D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host be seated at a circular table, if the two particular persons are to be seated on either
34.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300 (C) 420 (D) 20		In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers (A) 10! (B) 9! (C) 2(9!) (D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host be seated at a circular table, if the two particular persons are to be seated on either side of the host
34.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300 (C) 420 (D) 20 Total number of four digit odd numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 are		In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers(A) 10!(B) 9!(C) 2(9!)(D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host be seated at a circular table, if the two particular persons are to be seated on either side of the host(A) 20!(B) 2.18!
34.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300 (C) 420 (D) 20 Total number of four digit odd numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 are (A) 216 (B) 375	42.	In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers(A) 10!(B) 9!(C) 2(9!)(D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host be seated at a circular table, if the two particular persons are to be seated on either side of the host(A) 20!(B) 2.18!(C) 18!(D) None of these
34. 35.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300 (C) 420 (D) 20 Total number of four digit odd numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 are (A) 216 (B) 375 (C) 400 (D) 720		In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers(A) 10!(B) 9!(C) 2(9!)(D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host be seated at a circular table, if the two particular persons are to be seated on either side of the host(A) 20!(B) 2.18!(C) 18!(D) None of theseThe number of ways in which 5 beads of
34. 35.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300 (C) 420 (D) 20 Total number of four digit odd numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 are (A) 216 (B) 375 (C) 400 (D) 720 The number of arrangements of the letters	42.	In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers(A) 10!(B) 9!(C) 2(9!)(D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host be seated at a circular table, if the two particular persons are to be seated on either side of the host(A) 20!(B) 2.18!(C) 18!(D) None of theseThe number of ways in which 5 beads of different colours form a necklace is
34. 35.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300 (C) 420 (D) 20 Total number of four digit odd numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 are (A) 216 (B) 375 (C) 400 (D) 720 The number of arrangements of the letters of the word BANANA in which two N's	42.	In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers(A) 10!(B) 9!(C) 2(9!)(D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host be seated at a circular table, if the two particular persons are to be seated on either side of the host(A) 20!(B) 2.18!(C) 18!(D) None of theseThe number of ways in which 5 beads of
34. 35.	formed from the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 so that each number contain digit 1 is (A) 1225 (B) 1252 (C) 1522 (D) 480 The number of 4 digit even numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition is (A) 120 (B) 300 (C) 420 (D) 20 Total number of four digit odd numbers that can be formed using 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 are (A) 216 (B) 375 (C) 400 (D) 720 The number of arrangements of the letters of the word BANANA in which two N's do not appear adjacently is	42.	In how many ways a garland can be made from exactly 10 flowers(A) 10!(B) 9!(C) 2(9!)(D) $\frac{9!}{2}$ 20 persons are invited for a party. In how many different ways can they and the host be seated at a circular table, if the two particular persons are to be seated on either side of the host(A) 20!(B) 2.18!(C) 18!(D) None of theseThe number of ways in which 5 beads of different colours form a necklace is

- 44. n gentlemen can be made to sit on a round table in
 - (A) $\frac{1}{2}(n+1)!$ ways (B) (n-1)! ways (C) $\frac{1}{2}(n-1)!$ ways (D) (n+1)! ways
- 45. The number of ways in which 5 male and 2 female members of a committee can be seated around a round table so that the two female are not seated together is
 - (A) 480 (B) 600 (C) 720 (D) 840

Definition of combination, Conditional combinations, Division into groups, **Derangements**

46.	If ${}^{n}C_{r-1} = 36$, ${}^{n}C_{r} =$	84 and ${}^{n}C_{r+1} = 126$,	
	then the value of r is		
	(A) 1	(B) 2	
	(C) 3	(D) None of these	
47.	${}^{n}C_{r} + 2^{n}C_{r-1} + {}^{n}C_{r-2} =$	=	
	(A) $^{n+1}C_r$	(B) $^{n+1}C_{r+1}$	
	(C) $^{n+2}C_{r}$	(D) $^{n+2}C_{r+1}$	

- **48.** In a conference of 8 persons, if each person shake hand with the other one only, then the total number of shake hands shall be (A) 64 (B) 56
 - (C) 49 (D) 28
- ${}^{n}C_{r} + {}^{n}C_{r-1}$ is equal to 49.

(A) $^{n+1}C_{r}$	(B) ${}^{n}C_{r+1}$
(C) $^{n+1}C_{r+1}$	(D) $^{n-1}C_{r-1}$

- If ${}^{8}C_{r} = {}^{8}C_{r+2}$, then the value of ${}^{r}C_{2}$ is **50**. (B) 3 (A) 8 (C) 5 (D) 2
- If ${}^{20}C_{n+2} = {}^{n}C_{16}$, then the value of n is 51. (A) 7 (B) 10 (C) 13 (D) No value

52.	The value of ${}^{15}C_3 + {}^{15}C_{13}$ is		
	(A) ${}^{16}C_3$	(B) ${}^{30}C_{16}$	
	(C) ${}^{15}C_{10}$	(D) ${}^{15}C_{15}$	
53.	Everybody in a roo	m shakes hand with	
	everybody else. The	total number of hand	
	shakes is 66. The to	tal number of persons	
	in the room is		
	(A) 11	(B) 12	
	(C) 13	(D) 14	
54.	The solution set of ¹⁰	$C_{x-1} > 2 \cdot {}^{10}C_x$ is	
	(A) {1, 2, 3}	(B) {4, 5, 6}	
	(C) {8, 9, 10}	(D) {9, 10, 11}	
55.	$\sum_{r=0}^{m} {}^{n+r} C_n =$		
	(A) $^{n+m+1}C_{n+1}$	(B) $^{n+m+2}C_n$	
	$(C)^{n+m+3}C_{n-1}$	(D) None of these	
56.	If ${}^{2n}C_2 : {}^{n}C_2 = 9:2$ and	${}^{n}C_{r} = 10$, then r =	
	(A) 1	(B) 2	
	(C) 4	(D) 5	
57.	If ${}^{10}C_r = {}^{10}C_{r+2}$, then	⁵ C _r equals	
	(A) 120	(B) 10	
	(C) 360	(D) 5	
58.	If ${}^{n}C_{r} = 84, {}^{n}C_{r-1} =$	36 and ${}^{n}C_{r+1} = 126$,	
	then n equals		
	(A) 8	(B) 9	
	(C) 10	(D) 5	
59.	If ${}^{n}C_{3} + {}^{n}C_{4} > {}^{n+1}C_{3}, t$	hen	
	(A) $n > 6$	(B) $n > 7$	
	(C) $n < 6$	(D) None of these	
60.	Value of <i>r</i> for which	$^{15}C_{r+3} = {}^{15}C_{2r-6}$ is	
	(A) 2	(B) 4	
	(C) 6	(D) – 9	
61.	If ${}^{n+1}C_3 = 2 {}^{n}C_2$, then	n <i>n</i> =	
	(A) 3	(B) 4	
	(C) 5	(D) 6	

- 62. $\binom{n}{n-r} + \binom{n}{r+1}$, whenever $0 \le r \le n-1$ is equal to (A) $\binom{n}{r-1}$ (B) $\binom{n}{r}$ (C) $\binom{n}{r+1}$ (D) $\binom{n+1}{r+1}$ (a)
- 63. The least value of natural number *n* satisfying C(n,5) + C(n,6) > C(n+1,5) is
 - (A) 11(B) 10(C) 12(D) 13
- **64.** There are 15 persons in a party and each person shake hand with another, then total number of hand shakes is
 - (A) ${}^{15}P_2$ (B) ${}^{15}C_2$
 - (C) 15! (D) 2(15!)
- 65. If n and r are two positive integers such that $n \ge r$, then ${}^{n}C_{r-1} + {}^{n}C_{r} =$

(A) ${}^{n}C_{n-r}$ (B) ${}^{n}C_{r}$

- (C) $^{n-1}C_r$ (D) $^{n+1}C_r$
- **66.** The numbers of permutations of n things taken r at a time, when p things are always included, is

(A) ${}^{n}C_{r} p!$ (B) ${}^{n-p}C_{r} r!$

(C) $^{n-p}C_{r-p}$ r ! (D) None of these

- 67. Two packs of 52 cards are shuffled together. The number of ways in which a man can be dealt 26 cards so that he does not get two cards of the same suit and same denomination is
 - (A) ${}^{52}C_{26} \cdot 2^{26}$ (B) ${}^{104}C_{26}$ (C) 2. ${}^{52}C_{26}$ (D) None of these

In a touring cricket team there are 16
players in all including 5 bowlers and 2
wicket-keepers. How many teams of 11
players from these, can be chosen, so as to
include three bowlers and one wicket-
keeper

- (A) 650(B) 720(C) 750(D) 800
- **69.** Out of 6 books, in how many ways can a set of one or more books be chosen

70. Choose the correct number of ways in which 15 different books can be divided into five heaps of equal number of books

(A)
$$\frac{15!}{5!(3!)^5}$$
 (B) $\frac{15!}{(3!)^5}$
(C) ${}^{15}C_5$ (D) ${}^{15}P_5$

71. The number of ways of dividing 52 cards amongst four players equally, are

(A)
$$\frac{52!}{(13!)^4}$$
 (B) $\frac{52!}{(13!)^2 4!}$
(C) $\frac{52!}{(12!)^4 (4!)}$ (D) None of these

72. How many words of 4 consonants and 3 vowels can be formed from 6 consonants and 5 vowels

(A) 75000	(B) 756000
(C) 75600	(D) None of these

- **73.** In the 13 cricket players 4 are bowlers, then how many ways can form a cricket team of 11 players in which at least 2 bowlers included
 - (A) 55 (B) 72 (C) 78 (D) None of these
- 74. Six '+' and four '-' signs are to placed in a straight line so that no two '-' signs come together, then the total number of ways are
 - (A) 15 (B) 18 (C) 35 (D) 42

75. The number of groups that can be made 82. The number of ways in which four letters from 5 different green balls, 4 different of the word 'MATHEMATICS' can be blue balls and 3 different red balls, if at arranged is given by least 1 green and 1 blue ball is to be (A) 136 (B) 192 included (C) 1680 (D) 2454 (A) 3700 (B) 3720 10 different letters of English alphabet are 83. (C) 4340 (D) None of these given. Out of these letters, words of 5 All possible two factors products are 76. letters are formed. How many words are formed from numbers 1, 2, 3, 4,, 200. The number of factors out of the total formed when at least one letter is repeated obtained which are multiples of 5 is (A) 99748 (B) 98748 (A) 5040 (B) 7180 (C) 96747 (D) 97147 (C) 8150 (D) None of these The number of ways in which a committee 84. The total number of ways of selecting six 77. of 6 members can be formed from 8 coins out of 20 one rupee coins, 10 fifty gentlemen and 4 ladies so that the paise coins and 7 twenty five paise coins is committee contains at least 3 ladies is (A) 28 (B) 56 (C) ${}^{37}C_6$ (D) None of these (A) 252 (B) 672 (C) 444 (D) 420 The number of ways in which thirty five 78. 85. apples can be distributed among 3 boys so A person is permitted to select at least one that each can have any number of apples, is and at most n coins from a collection of (B) 666 (A) 1332 (2n+1) distinct coins. If the total number (C) 333 (D) None of these of ways in which he can select coins is 255, A father with 8 children takes them 3 at a 79. then *n* equals time to the Zoological gardens, as often as (A) 4 (B) 8 he can without taking the same 3 children together more than once. The number of (C) 16 (D) 32 times he will go to the garden is (A) 336 (B) 112 **Geometrical problems** (C) 56 (D) None of these In how many ways can 5 red and 4 white 80. 86. The number of diagonals in a polygon of m balls be drawn from a bag containing 10 sides is red and 8 white balls

(A)
$${}^{8}C_{5} \times {}^{10}C_{4}$$
 (B) ${}^{10}C_{5} \times {}^{8}C_{4}$
(C) ${}^{18}C_{9}$ (D) None of these

- 81. ${}^{14}C_4 + \sum_{j=1}^{4} {}^{18-j}C_3$ is equal to (A) ${}^{18}C_3$ (B) ${}^{18}C_4$
 - (C) ${}^{14}C_7$ (D) None of these

(A) $\frac{1}{2!}m(m-5)$ (B) $\frac{1}{2!}m(m-1)$ (C) $\frac{1}{2!}m(m-3)$ (D) $\frac{1}{2!}m(m-2)$

87. The number of straight lines joining 8 points on a circle is

(A) 8	(B) 16
(C) 24	(D) 28

88. The number of triangles that can be formed by choosing the vertices from a set of 12 points, seven of which lie on the same straight line, is(A) 185(B) 175

(A) 185	(B) 1/5
(C) 115	(D) 105

89. In a plane there are 10 points out of which 4 are collinear, then the number of triangles that can be formed by joining these points are

(A) 60 (B)	116
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(C) 120 (D) None of these

90. There are 16 points in a plane out of which 6 are collinear, then how many lines can be drawn by joining these points

(A) 106	(B) 105
(C) 60	(D) 55

91. The straight lines I_1 , I_2 , I_3 are parallel and lie in the same plane. A total number of m points are taken on I_1 , n points on I_2 , k points on I_3 . The maximum number of triangles formed with vertices at these points are

(A)
$$^{m+n+k}C_3$$

(B)
$$^{m+n+k}C_3 - ^mC_3 - ^nC_3 - ^kC_3$$

$$(C) {}^{m}C_{3} + {}^{n}C_{3} + {}^{k}C_{3}$$

- (D) None of these
- **92.** The number of parallelograms that can be formed from a set of four parallel lines intersecting another set of three parallel lines is

(A) 6	(B) 18
(C) 12	(D) 9

93. Six points in a plane be joined in all possible ways by indefinite straight lines, and if no two of them be coincident or parallel, and no three pass through the same point (with the exception of the original 6 points). The number of distinct points of intersection is equal to

(A) 105	(B) 45
(C) 51	(D) None of these

94. There are m points on a straight line AB and n points on another line AC, none of them being the point A. Triangles are formed from these points as vertices when (i) A is excluded (ii) A is included. Then the ratio of the number of triangles in the two cases is

(A)
$$\frac{m+n-2}{m+n}$$
 (B) $\frac{m+n-2}{2}$
(C) $\frac{m+n-2}{m+n+2}$ (D) None of these

95. There are n straight lines in a plane, no two of which are parallel and no three pass through the same point. Their points of intersection are joined. Then the number of fresh lines thus obtained is

(A)
$$\frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{8}$$

(B) $\frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{6}$
(C) $\frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{8}$

(D) None of these

96. Let T_n denote the number of triangles which can be formed using the vertices of a regular polygon of n sides. If $T_{n+1} - T_n = 21$, then n equals

(B) 7

(D) 4

- (A) 5 (C) 6
- **97.** Out of 10 points in a plane 6 are in a straight line. The number of triangles formed by joining these points are

- **98.** There are *n* points in a plane of which *p* points are collinear. How many lines can be formed from these points
 - (A) $^{(n-p)}C_2$ (B) $^{n}C_2 {}^{p}C_2$ (C) $^{n}C_2 - {}^{p}C_2 + 1$ (D) $^{n}C_2 - {}^{p}C_2 - 1$

				rerm	utations and Compinations
99.		gments of lengths 2, 3, 4,		(C) 10.2^7	(D) None of these
	5, 6, 7 units, the number of triangles that can be formed by these lines is		105.	If ${}^{n}P_{4} = 30 {}^{n}C_{5}$, then n =	
	(A) ${}^{6}C_{3} - 7$			(A) 6	(B) 7
	(C) ${}^{6}C_{3} - 5$		106	(C) 8 The number of	(D) 9 fordered triplets of positive
100. A polygon has 35 diagonals, then th number of its sides is		35 diagonals, then the s is	106.	The number of ordered triplets of positive integers which are solutions of the equation x + y + z = 100 is	
	(A) 8	(B) 9		(A) 6005	(B) 4851
	(C) 10	(D) 11		(C) 5081	(D) None of these
Multinomial theorem, Number of divisors,		107.	If a, b, c, d, e are prime integers, then the		
171	Miscellaneous problems			number of divisors of ab^2c^2de excluding 1 as a factor, is	
101.	In how many way	ys can Rs. 16 be divided		(A) 94	(B) 72
	into 4 person who	en none of them get less		(C) 36	(D) 71
	than Rs. 3		108.	An <i>n</i> -digit nu	mber is a positive numbe
	(A) 70	(B) 35		-	digits. Nine hundred distinc
	(C) 64	(D) 192		<i>n</i> -digit numbe	rs are to be formed using
102.	2. A set contains $(2n+1)$ elements.			-	e digits 2, 5 and 7. The
		s of the set which contain		smallest value of n for whic	
	at most n elements			possible is	
	(A) 2^{n}	(B) 2^{n+1}		(A) 6	(B) 7
	(C) 2^{n-1}	(D) 2^{2n}		(C) 8	(D) 9
103.			109.	Number of divisors of $n = 38808$ (except 1 and <i>n</i>) is	
	(A) 60	(B) 58		(A) 70	(B) 68
	(C) 48	(D) 46		(C) 72	(D) 74
04.	Number of ways	of selection of 8 letters	110.	If ${}^{n}P_{4} = 24$. ${}^{n}C_{5}$, then the value of <i>n</i> is	
from 24 letters of which 8 are a, 8 are b			(A) 10	(B) 15	
	and the rest unlike			(C) 9	(D) 5
	(A) 2^7	(B) 8.2^8		~ /	