# 6 The Junk Seller

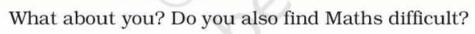




Have you ever met a *Kabariwali* – a woman who sells junk? This is a true story told by Kiran, who has a junk shop in Patna.

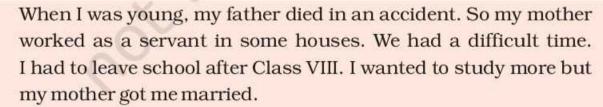


I studied in a Hindi medium school in my village. My father wanted girls to study like boys. I loved Hindi and Science, but I hated Maths! Today Maths is most useful for my work. I could never imagine this in school.



What is the most difficult thing in your Maths book?\_\_\_\_\_

What do you think is the easiest lesson?\_\_\_\_



My husband's family lived in a mud house. His two brothers and his sister did not go to school. He had a tea stall.

















Ask people and find out the cost of a cup of tea

- ★ at a tea stall
- ★ at a hotel\_\_\_\_\_

If a person who runs a tea stall earns Rs 30 in a day, how much will he earn in 10 days?

And in a month? \_\_\_\_\_

How did you get the answer? Discuss.





I thought of starting my own business. I thought I should open a bangle shop or a tailor shop. But my uncle said that we could earn a lot by opening a junk shop.

In 2001, my mother-in-law and I opened a junk shop. We took a loan of Rs 8000 for the shop.

#### Find out: what is a loan?

- ★ Have you ever heard of someone taking a loan? For what? \_\_\_\_
- ★ How much loan was taken?
- ★ How much money was paid back?

Hariya and Babu want to buy a handcart for Rs 300.



I have taken a loan of Rs 300 from a bank for six months. I will pay Rs 51 every month to the bank.

But I have taken a loan of Rs 300 from Chunnilal. After six months, I will pay back Rs 360.



Who has to pay back more — Hariya or Babu? \_\_\_\_\_











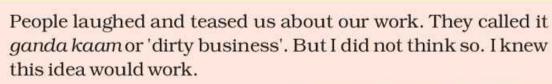












Now we have a *pucca* house with electricity. We have a fridge, a TV and a gas stove. My husband's brothers, sister and also my daughter go to school.





I have 9 rickshaws of my own. I give the rickshaws on rent, each for Rs 20 a day. On Sundays I do not take any money for them.

### How Much does Kiran Earn from 9 Rickshaws in a Day?

For 1 rickshaw she gets Rs 20 per day.

So, for 9 rickshaws she will earn Rs \_\_\_\_\_.

How did you do it?

Hey! I will do it like this — 9 times 2 is 18.
So, 9 times 20 is 180.

But I find this easier.
For 10 rickshaws she will get
Rs 20 × 10 = Rs 200.

So, for 9 rickshaws, she will
get Rs 200 - \_\_\_ = \_\_\_.

Think of some other ways to do it.

Encourage children to use their own strategies to solve such problems. There should be discussion on how they arrived at their answers.

















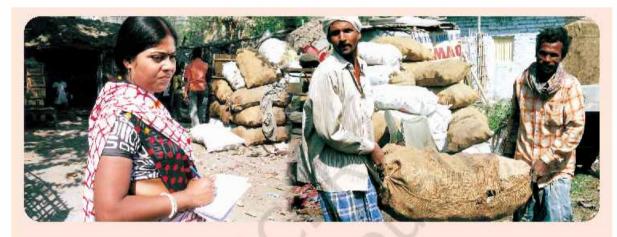
\* Do it mentally and write the answers.

$$2 \times 6 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$2 \times 60 =$$

$$3 \times 42 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$9 \times 25 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_



I have my own small junk shop. I buy junk from junk collectors. They go from house to house and bring junk on handcarts. I then sell it at the big shop.

## How Much to Pay for this Junk?

Kiran has bought some junk from junk collectors.

Look up the rate list to see today's rates. Help Kiran to find out the cost of the junk.

\* How much will Kiran pay for 31 kg newspaper?

1 kg newspaper costs Rs 5. 30 kg cost Rs 5 × 30 = Rs 150. So for 31 kg she pays

This exercise encourages children to use different strategies (other than the standard algorithm) for doing multiplication.









4 × 81 is 4 more than 4 × 80.

Am I right?





Kind of Junk Price of 1 Kg

- 1. Waste Paper ..... Rs 4/-
- 2. Newspaper ...... Rs 5/-
- 3. Iron ...... Rs 12/-
- 4. Brass ...... Rs 170/-
- 5. Plastic ..... Rs 10/-

Can you do this without writing?

- \* How much will Kiran pay for 42 kg newspaper?
- \* Also find the cost of:
  - a) 22 kg of plastic
  - b) 23 kg of waste paper
  - c) 12 kg of iron

Guess the total money
Kiran will pay to the junk
collectors. Will it be

- More than 600?
- Less than 600?

#### Smart Kiran Sells the Junk

Kiran sells her junk to a big shop. She checks the prices on her mobile phone and sells only when she gets a good price.



Today she has gone to sell plastic, newspaper, iron and brass at Dinu's big shop.

Dinu weighs 32 kg iron, 4 kg brass, 152 kg newspaper, 63 kg plastic.











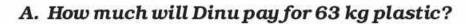












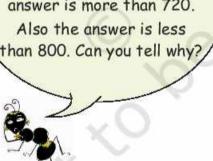
The rate of 1 kg plastic is Rs 12. So the cost of 63 kg plastic will be Rs  $12 \times 63$ .

Remember, you used boxes to multiply two numbers in Class III.

60	3
60×10	3×10
600	30
60×2	3×2
120	6
	60×10 600 60×2

Dinu's Rate-List		
Kind of Junk	Price of 1 Kg	
1. Newspape	er Rs 6/-	
2. Iron	Rs 14/-	
3. Brass	Rs 180/-	
4. Plastic	Rs 12/-	
5. Waste Pa	per Rs 4.50/-	

12 × 63 means 12 times 63. 12 times 60 is 720. So, the answer is more than 720. Also the answer is less than 800. Can you tell why?



Dinu added the numbers in the boxes:

So, for 63 kg plastic, Dinu will give Rs 756.

\* Kiran bought 1 kg plastic for Rs 10, but sold 1 kg plastic for Rs 12. How much money does she earn on selling 1 kg plastic? Rs

So, how much money does she earn for 63 kg? Rs \_\_\_\_\_



- How much money will Dinu pay for 32 kg iron?
- Kiran buys 1 kg iron for Rs 12, but sells it for Rs 14.

How much does she earn when she sells 32 kg iron? Rs \_\_\_\_\_

#### C. What will Dinu pay for 152 kg newspaper?

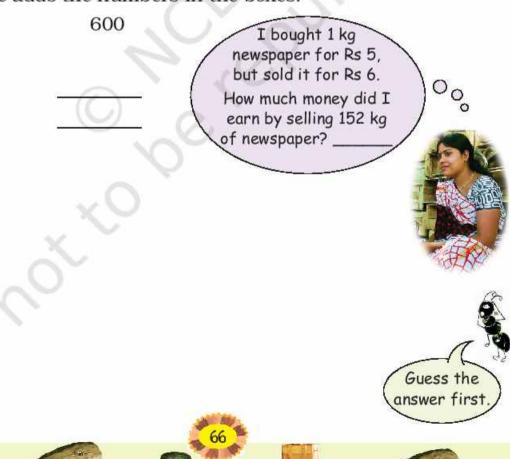
The rate of 1 kg newspaper is Rs 6. So the cost of 152 kg newspaper is Rs  $6 \times 152$ .

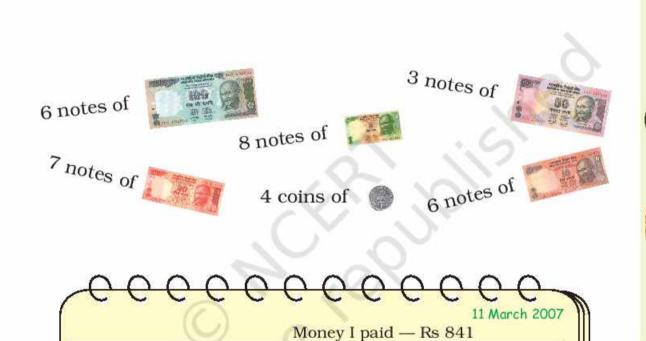
Dinu writes:

	100	50	2
6	100 × 6	50 × 6	2×6
	600	300	12

6 × 100 = 600. So, the answer is more than 600. Is the answer less than 1000? How did you guess?

Then he adds the numbers in the boxes:





Money I got-Rs 600

Rs 150Rs 140

-Rs 40

60

4

- Rs

- Rs

Total Rs 994

Money I earned:

Rs 994

Rs 153

- Rs 841

