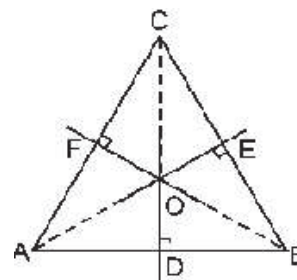


# 7 TRIANGLES

## EXERCISE 7.5 (OPTIONAL)

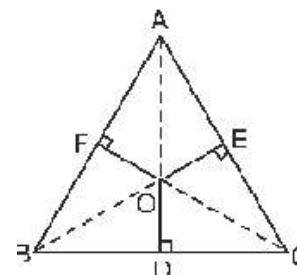
**Q.1.**  $ABC$  is a triangle. Locate a point in the interior of  $\triangle ABC$  which is equidistant from all the vertices of  $\triangle ABC$ .

**Sol.** Draw perpendicular bisectors of sides  $AB$ ,  $BC$  and  $CA$ , which meets at  $O$ .  
Hence,  $O$  is the required point.



**Q.2.** In a triangle locate a point in its interior which is equidistant from all the sides of the triangle.

**Sol.**



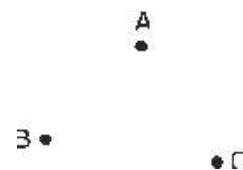
**Q.3.** In a huge park, people are concentrated at three points (see Fig.).

$A$  : where there are different slides and swings for children,

$B$  : near which a man-made lake is situated,

$C$  : which is near to a large parking and exit.

Where should an icecream parlour be set up so that maximum number of persons can approach it?

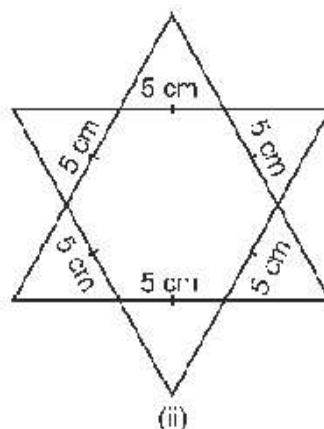
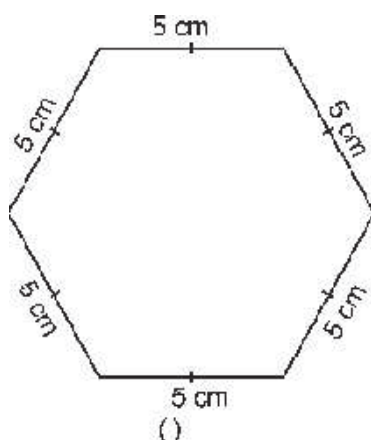


Draw bisectors  $\angle A$ ,  $\angle B$  and  $\angle C$  of  $\triangle ABC$ . Let these angle bisectors meet at  $O$ .

$O$  is the required point.

**Sol.** Join  $AB$ ,  $BC$  and  $CA$  to get a triangle  $ABC$ . Draw the perpendicular bisector of  $AB$  and  $BC$ . Let them meet at  $O$ . Then  $O$  is equidistant from  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$ . Hence, the icecream parlour should be set up at  $O$ .

**Q.4.** Complete the hexagonal and star shaped Rangolies [see Fig. (i) and (ii)] by filling them with as many equilateral triangles of side 1 cm as you can. Count the number of triangles in each case. Which has more triangles?



**Sol.**

