

Mathematics

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(Chapter – 13) (Surface Areas and Volumes)

(Class – IX)

EXERCISE 13.4

Q.1. Find the surface area of a sphere of radius :

(i) 10.5 cm (ii) 5.6 cm (iii) 14 cm

Sol. (i) $r = 10.5$ cm

Surface area of the sphere = $4\pi r^2$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (10.5)^2 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 10.5 \times 10.5 \text{ cm}^2 = \mathbf{1386 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ Ans.}}$$

(ii) $r = 5.6$ cm

Surface area of the sphere = $4\pi r^2$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (5.6)^2 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 5.6 \times 5.6 \text{ cm}^2 = \mathbf{394.24 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ Ans.}}$$

(iii) $r = 14$ cm

Surface area of the sphere = $4\pi r^2$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 14 \times 14 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 88 \times 28 \text{ cm}^2 = \mathbf{2464 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ Ans.}}$$

Q.2. Find the surface area of sphere of a diameter :

(i) 14 cm (ii) 21 cm (iii) 3.5 m

Sol. (i) $r = \frac{14}{2}$ cm = 7 cm

Surface area of the sphere = $4\pi r^2$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7^2 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times 7 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$88 \times 7 \text{ cm}^2 = \mathbf{616 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ Ans.}}$$

(ii) $r = \frac{21}{2}$ cm = 10.5 cm

Surface area of the sphere = $4\pi r^2$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (10.5)^2 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 10.5 \times 10.5 \text{ cm}^2 = \mathbf{1386 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ Ans.}}$$

(iii) $r = \frac{3.5}{2}$ m = 1.75 m

Surface area of the sphere = $4\pi r^2$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (1.75)^2 \text{ m}^2$$

$$= 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 1.75 \times 1.75 \text{ m}^2 = \mathbf{38.5 \text{ m}^2 \text{ Ans.}}$$

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Q.3. Find the total surface area of a hemisphere of radius 10 cm. (Use $\pi = 3.14$)

Sol. $r = 10$ cm

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total surface area of the hemisphere} &= 3\pi r^2 \\ &= 3 \times 3.14 \times (10)^2 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 3 \times 3.14 \times 100 \text{ cm}^2 = \mathbf{942 \text{ cm}^2} \quad \text{Ans.}\end{aligned}$$

Q.4. The radius of a spherical balloon increases from 7 cm to 14 cm as air is being pumped into it. Find the ratio of surface areas of the balloon in the two cases.

Sol. When $r = 7$ cm

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Surface area of the balloon} &= 4\pi r^2 \\ &= 4 \times \pi \times 7 \times 7 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

When $R = 14$ cm :

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Surface area of the balloon} &= 4\pi r^2 \\ &= 4 \times \pi \times 14 \times 14 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

Required ratio of the surface areas of the balloon

$$= \frac{4 \times \pi \times 7 \times 7}{4 \times \pi \times 14 \times 14} = \frac{1}{4} = \mathbf{1 : 4} \quad \text{Ans.}$$

Q.5. A hemispherical bowl made of brass has inner diameter 10.5 cm. Find the cost of tin-plating it on the inside at the rate of Rs 16 per 100 cm².

Sol. Here $r = \frac{10.5}{2}$ cm = 5.25 cm

Inner surface area of the bowl = $2\pi r^2$

$$\begin{aligned}&= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (5.25)^2 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 44 \times 0.75 \times 5.25 \text{ cm}^2 = 173.25 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

Cost of tin plating 100 cm² = Rs 16

$$\text{Cost of tin plating } 173.25 \text{ cm}^2 = \text{Rs } \frac{16}{100} \times 173.25 = \mathbf{\text{Rs } 27.72} \quad \text{Ans.}$$

Q.6. Find the radius of a sphere whose surface area is 154 cm².

Sol. Surface area of the sphere = $4\pi r^2$

$$\Rightarrow 154 = 4 \times \frac{22}{7} \times r^2$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = \frac{154 \times 7}{4 \times 22} = \frac{7 \times 7}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{7}{2} = 3.5$$

Hence, radius of the sphere = **3.5 cm Ans.**

Q.7. The diameter of the moon is approximately one fourth of the diameter of the earth. Find the ratio of their surface areas.

Sol. Let diameter of the earth = $2r$

Then radius of the earth = r

$$\therefore \text{Diameter of the moon} = \frac{2r}{4} = \frac{r}{2}$$

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$$\therefore \text{Radius of the moon} = \frac{r}{4}$$

$$\text{Now, surface area of the moon} = 4\pi \left(\frac{r}{4}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{\pi r^2}{4} \quad \dots \text{ (i)}$$

$$\text{Surface area of the earth} = 4\pi r^2 \quad \dots \text{ (ii)}$$

$$\therefore \text{Required ratio} = \frac{\frac{\pi r^2}{4}}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{\pi r^2}{4 \times 4\pi r^2} = \frac{1}{16} = \mathbf{1 : 16 \text{ Ans.}}$$

Q.8. A hemispherical bowl is made of steel, 0.25 cm thick. The inner radius of the bowl is 5 cm. Find the outer curved surface area of the bowl.

Sol. Inner radius of the bowl (r) = 5 cm

Thickness of the steel = 0.25 cm

\therefore Outer radius of the bowl (R) = (5 + 0.25) cm = 5.25 cm

Outer curved surface area of the bowl

$$= 2\pi R^2 = 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (5.25)^2 \text{ cm}^2 = \mathbf{173.25 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ Ans.}}$$

Q.9. A right circular cylinder just encloses a sphere of radius r (see figure). Find

- (i) surface area of the sphere,
- (ii) curved surface area of the cylinder,
- (iii) ratio of the areas obtained in (i) and (ii).

Sol. Here, radius of the sphere = r

Radius of the cylinder = r

And, height of the cylinder = $2r$

(i) Surface area of the sphere = $4\pi r^2$

(ii) Curved surface area of the cylinder = $2\pi rh$

$$2\pi \times r \times 2r = 4\pi r^2 \quad \mathbf{\text{Ans.}}$$

$$\text{(iii) Required ratio} = \frac{4\pi r^2}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{1}{1}$$

