Mathematics

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Exercise 4.1

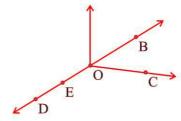
Question 1:

Use the figure to name:

- (a) Five points
- (b) A line
- (c) Four rays
- (d) Five line segments



- (a) Five points are:
- (b) A line:
- (c) Four rays:
- (d) Four line segments:



- O, B, C, D, E
- \overline{DE} , \overline{DB} , \overline{OE} , \overline{OB}
- OD, OE, OC, OB
- DE, OE, OC, OB, OD

Question 2:

Name the line given in all possible (twelve) ways, choosing only two letters at a time from the four given.



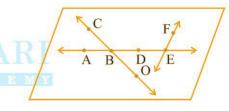
Answer 2:

 \overline{AB} , \overline{AC} , \overline{AD} , \overline{BC} , \overline{BD} , \overline{CD} , \overline{BA} , \overline{CA} , \overline{DA} , \overline{CB} , \overline{DB} , \overline{DC}

Question 3:

Use the figure to name:

- (a) Line containing point E.
- (b) Line passing through A.
- (c) Line on which O lies.
- (d) Two pairs of intersecting lines.



Answer 3:

- (a) A line containing $E = \overline{AE}$ or \overline{FE}
- (b) A line passing through $A = \overline{AE}$ or \overline{DE}
- (c) A line on which 0 lies = \overline{CO} or \overline{OC}
- (d) Two pairs of intersecting lines are: \overline{AD} , \overline{CO} and \overline{AE} , \overline{FE}

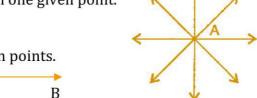
Question 4:

How many lines can pass though: (a) one given point? (b) two given points

Answer 4:

(a) Infinite number of lines can pass through one given point.

A



(b) Only one line can pass through two given points.

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Ouestion 5:

Draw a rough figure and label suitably in each of the following cases:

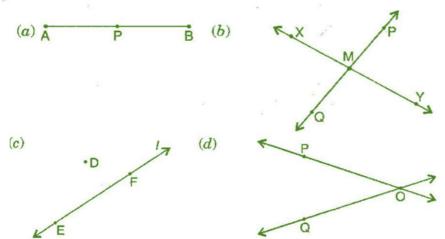
(a) Point P lies on AB.

(b) \overline{XY} and \overline{PQ} intersect at M.

0

- (c) Line *l* contains E and F but not D.
- (d) \overrightarrow{OP} and \overrightarrow{OQ} meet at 0.

Answer 5:



Question 6:

Consider the following figure of line MN. Say whether following statements are true or false in the context of the given figure:

- (a) Q, M, O, N, P are points on the line MN.
- (b) M, O, N are points on a line segment MN.
- (c) M and N are end points of line segment MN.
- (d) O and N are end points of line segment OP.
- (e) M is one of the end points of line segment QO.
- (f) M is point on ray \overrightarrow{OP} .
- (g) Ray \overrightarrow{OP} is different from ray \overrightarrow{OP} .
- (h) Ray \overrightarrow{OP} same as ray \overrightarrow{OM} ..
- (i) Ray OM. is not opposite to ray OP.
- (j) 0 is not an initial point of \overline{NP} and \overline{NM} .

Answer 6:

- (a) True
- (b) True
- (c) True
- (d) False
- (e) False
- (f) False
- (g) True
- (h) False
- (i) False (i) False
- (k) True

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