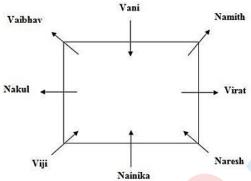
Solutions

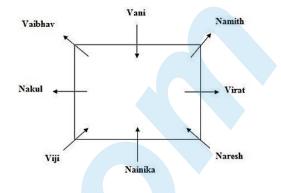
1. Ans. A.

- Only one person sits between Namith and Vaibhav and both are facing same directions.
- Namith sits fourth to the right of Viji, who doesn't sit in middle of the table.
- Vaibhav sits fourth to right of Naresh.
- Vani is sitting immediate right of Vaibhav.
- Nakul is to the immediate left of Vaibhav.
- Virat faces opposite direction of Vani and sits second to the left of Vani.
- Vani sits adjacent to Namith, who faces opposite direction of Vani.
- Viji is not a neighbour of Naresh and faces towards the centre.
- Nakul is sitting second to left of Nainika, who faces same direction as Viji.



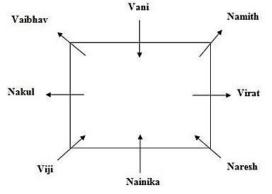
2. Ans. B.

- Only one person sits between Namith and Vaibhav and both are facing same directions.
- Namith sits fourth to the right of Viji, who doesn't sit in middle of the table.
- Vaibhav sits fourth to right of Naresh.
- Vani is sitting immediate right of Vaibhav.
- Nakul is to the immediate left of Vaibhav.
- Virat faces opposite direction of Vani and sits second to the left of Vani.
- Vani sits adjacent to Namith, who faces opposite direction of Vani.
- Viji is not a neighbour of Naresh and faces towards the centre.
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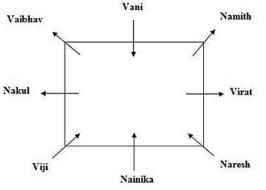
3. Ans. C.

- Only one person sits between Namith and Vaibhav and both are facing same directions.
- Namith sits fourth to the right of Viji, who doesn't sit in middle of the table.
- Vaibhav sits fourth to right of Naresh.
- Vani is sitting immediate right of Vaibhav.
- Nakul is to the immediate left of Vaibhav.
- Virat faces opposite direction of Vani and sits second to the left of Vani.
- Vani sits adjacent to Namith, who faces opposite direction of Vani.
- Viji is not a neighbour of Naresh and faces towards the centre.
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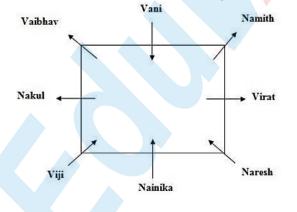
- 4. Ans. E.
 - Only one person sits between Namith and Vaibhav and both are facing same directions.
 - Namith sits fourth to the right of Viji, who doesn't sit in middle of the table.
 - Vaibhav sits fourth to right of Naresh.
 - Vani is sitting immediate right of Vaibhav.
 - Nakul is to the immediate left of Vaibhav.

- Virat faces opposite direction of Vani and sits second to the left of Vani.
- Vani sits adjacent to Namith, who faces opposite direction of Vani.
- Viji is not a neighbour of Naresh and faces towards the centre.
- Nakul is sitting second to left of Nainika, who faces same direction as Viji.



5. Ans. E.

- Only one person sits between Namith and Vaibhav and both are facing same directions.
- Namith sits fourth to the right of Viji, who doesn't sit in middle of the table.
- Vaibhav sits fourth to right of Naresh.
- Vani is sitting immediate right of Vaibhav.
- Nakul is to the immediate left of Vaibhav.
- Virat faces opposite direction of Vani and sits second to the left of Vani.
- Vani sits adjacent to Namith, who faces opposite direction of Vani.
- Viji is not a neighbour of Naresh and faces towards the centre.
- Nakul is sitting second to left of Nainika, who faces same direction as Viji.



6. Ans. E. **Statement:** $T < P \le U$; $L > U \le K$; $P \ge R$ **Conclusions:** $K \ge U \ge P \ge R$ I. $K \ge R => True$ L > U > P > R

 $L > 0 \ge P \ge R$ II. L > R => **True** Both Follows

7. Ans. C.

Statement: $H = I \le R$; $M \ge R < S$ **Conclusions:** I. M=I II. M > IOn combining Statement we get: $H = I \le R \le M < S$ From the statement we can say $I \le M$ true and I

8. Ans. B.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Statement:} D > H \geq N; \ S > I \leq H \\ \textbf{Conclusions:} I. \ N \leq S \ II. \ N < D \\ On \ combining \ Statement \ we \ get: \ S > D > H \geq N \geq I \\ or \ D > S > H \geq I \geq N....1) \\ For \ conclusion \ I: \ So \ from \ 1) \ N \leq S \ does \ not \ hold \\ true \\ For \ conclusion \ II: \ So \ from \ 2) \ N < D \ hold \ true. \ So \ II \\ conclusion \ true \end{array}$

9. Ans. B.

Statement: $P \le O < I$; P > Y > W**Conclusions:** I. $Y \le I$ II. O > WOn combining Statement we get: W For conclusion I: So from 1) $Y \le I$ does not hold true For conclusion II: So from 2) W < O hold true. So II conclusion true

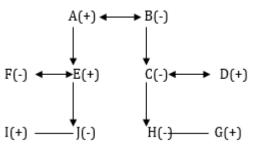
10. Ans. A.

Statement: $A \ge B > C \ge F$; $Z < C \le D < E$ **Conclusions:** I. A > Z II. F > EOn combining Statement we get: $A \ge B > E > D \ge C \ge F > Z$ 1) For conclusion I: So from 1) A > Z hold true For conclusion II: So from 2) F > E does not hold true. So I conclusion true

11. Ans. C.

Since each couple has a son and a daughter and there are three couples in a three generation family A must be first generation and must be married to B. D, E must be 2^d generation. C is B's daughter and H is E's niece. Also, J is B's granddaughter. It means J is E's daughter. As D is J's uncle which means D and E are not married. I and G must be males of 3^d generation. If F is I's mother then F must be married to either D or E. If F is married to D then G must be the son of F which is not possible. Therefore F is married to E and D is married to N. D and C have children as H and J. E and F have children as H and I.

Family Tree:

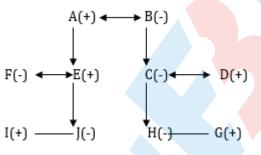


F is mother of 1.

12. Ans. B.

Since each couple has a son and a daughter and there are three couples in a three generation family A must be first generation and must be married to B. D, E must be 2^d generation. C is B's daughter and H is E's niece. Also, J is B's granddaughter. It means J is E's daughter. As D is J's uncle which means D and E are not married. I and G must be males of 3^d generation. If F is I's mother then F must be married to either D or E. If F is married to D then G must be the son of F which is not possible. Therefore F is married to E and D is married to N. D and C have children as H and J. E and F have children as H and I.

Family Tree:

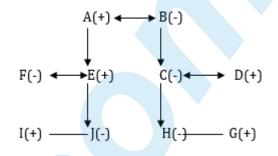


B is grandmother of G.

13. Ans. C.

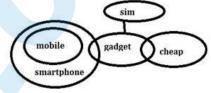
Since each couple has a son and a daughter and there are three couples in a three generation family A must be first generation and must be married to B. D, E must be 2^d generation. C is B's daughter and H is E's niece. Also, J is B's granddaughter. It means J is E's daughter. As D is J's uncle which means D and E are not married. I and G must be males of 3^d generation. If F is I's mother then F

must be married to either D or E. If F is married to D then G must be the son of F which is not possible. Therefore F is married to E and D is married to N. D and C have children as H and J. E and F have children as H and I. Family Tree:

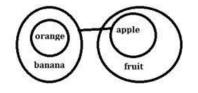


D is son-in-law of A.

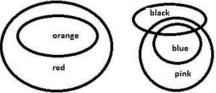








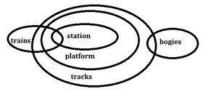




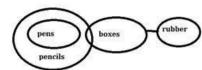
Conclusion 1 does not follow, as some red are already orange. So, some red are orange is a possibility does not follow.

Because some red are Orange it definitely follows, so it's not a possibility.

17. Ans. A.



18. Ans. A.



19. Ans. D. The code for 'damaging' is - either di or yu. Below are the codes risk - nu very - gl also - fu is - mi low - se associated - ta that - po large - ro inherent - di/yu damaging - yu/di

20. Ans. A.

'risk is very large' may represent by - gi mi nu ro Below are the codes risk - nu

risk - nu very - gl also - fu is - mi low - se associated - ta that - po large - ro inherent - di/yu damaging - yu/di

21. Ans. C. the code for 'associated' is - ta Below are the codes risk - nu very - gl also - fu is - mi low - se associated - ta that - po large - ro inherent - di/yu damaging - yu/di 22. Ans. E.
the code for 'inherent large risk' is - Cannot be determined
Below are the codes - risk - nu
very - gl
also - fu
is - mi
low - se
associated - ta
that - po
large - ro
inherent - di/yu
damaging - yu/di
23. Ans. B.

'low risk associated industry' may represent by - ta hi nu se Below are the codes risk - nu very - gl also - fu is - mi low - se associated - ta that - po large - ro inherent - di/yu damaging - yu/di

24. Ans. D. Thus P lives on the 5th number floor. 8 W 7 Q 6 V

5 P 4 T 3 R 2 U 1 S

Hence Option D is correct.

25. Ans. A.

U lives exactly between the floors of R and S.

8	W
7	Q
6	V
6 5	Ρ
4	Т
3	R
2	U
1	S

Hence Option A is correct

26. Ans. C. W lives on the topmost floor.

8	W
7	Q
6	V
5	Ρ
4	Т
3	R
2	U
1	S

Hence Option C is correct

27. Ans. B.

All the others occur at odd places except V which occurs at even place. Thus V does not belong to the group.

,	- (1):
8	W
7	Q
6	V
5	Ρ
4	Т
3	R
2	U
1	S

Hence Option B is correct

28. Ans. E.

The solution to the above puzzle is: 4 persons that is V, P, T and R live between Q and U.

8	W
7	Q
6	V
5	Ρ
4	Т
3	R
2	U
1	S

Hence Option E is correct

29. Ans. B. From I, Is=7, energy/ good= 6/3. So I alone is not sufficient From II, Mistakes/are=1/4, good=6. So II alone is sufficient to answer the question.

30. Ans. D.

Neither Statement I or II alone are sufficient to answer the question.

Description: Since from statement I we cannot get clearly that the clear picture of seating of C and B. From statement II also we cannot get identify where A, B, C, D, and E are seating. Thus both I and II statement are insufficient to answer.

31. Ans. B.

From I:

D>X=P and S>R, D>R.. R can be shorter or taller than P or X. So, from statement I we can not decide who is shortest.

From II:

X=P>R, D>X = P, S>X = P thus it is clear that R is shortest.

Hence, data in statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question.

32. Ans. E.

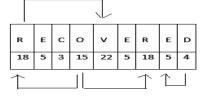
From statement I- The number of students of class are 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 or 26.

From statement II- The number of students in the class are 25 or 30.

From both the statements, there are 25 students in the class.

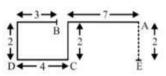
Hence, option E is correct.

33. Ans. D. **Explanation**

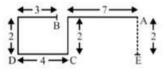


There are four such pairs

34. Ans. B.







36. Ans. A. Arrangement will be as HJFGI South Ndrth 7 X Hence it is clear that Y faces H 37. Ans. D. Arrangement will be as South H J F G I Row 2 North Y V Z W X Row 1 As F sits in the Middle of Row 2, its exactly left will be G Hence option D is correct 38. Ans. C. Arrangement will be as South H J F G I North 7 W X W is in the Middle of the row While all other four are sitting in the extreme corners Hence option C is correct 39. Ans. C. Arrangement will be as South н 1 F GI W X Ndrth 7 I faces X and third person to the right of I is J Hence option C is correct 40. Ans. B. Arrangement will be as FGI South] н

An immediate neighbour of V is Z who faces F Hence option B is correct

W

Z

Ndrth

41. Ans. C. I. X=7,8 II. y=+8 Remember that if $y^2 = 64$ then y = +8 and -8 but if $Y = \sqrt{64}$ then y will only be +8

42. Ans. C. I. X = -3II. y=6,-3Hence answer=(c) $x \le y$

43. Ans. E. I. x=3,-2 II. Y=2, 4 Hence answer=(e)

44. Ans. C. $x^2 - 11x - 80 = 0$ $x^2 - 16x + 5x - 80 = 0$ x (x-16) + 5 (x-16) = 0 (x+5) (x-16) = 0 x=+16, -5 $y^2 + 9y - 52 = 0$ y (y+13) - 4 (y+13) = 0 (y-4) (y+13) = 0 y=+4, -13Therefore, relationship between x and y can't be determined.

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45. Ans. A.
4x^{2}+12x+9=0
4x^{2}+6x+6x+9=0
2x(2x+3)+3(2x+3)=0
(2x+3)(2x+3)=0
2x+3=0 or 2x+3=0
2x=-3 or 2x=-3
     \frac{2}{2} or x=
x=-
x=-1.5 or y=-1.5
2y^2 + 11y + 14 = 0
2y^2 + 7y + 4y + 14 = 0
y(2y+7)+2(2y+7)=0
(2y+7)(y+2)=0
2y+7=0 or y+2=0
2y = -7 or y = -2
       or y=-2
y=-
y=-3.5 or y=-2
x>y
```

46. Ans. B.
? =
$$11^2 + 4^3 \times 4$$

? = $377 \approx 376$
47. Ans. C.
423.62 - 269.89 ÷(11.9% of 74.98)=?
423.62 - 269.89 ÷(12% of 75)=?
 $\Rightarrow 424 - 269 \div 9 - 2$

 $\Rightarrow 424 - 30 = ?$ $\Rightarrow ? = 394 \approx 395$

48. Ans. C. 23 × 15 - 60+ ? ÷ 31 = 292 345 - 60+ ?× $\frac{1}{31}$ = 292 285 + ? × $\frac{1}{31}$ = 292 ? = 31 × 7 ? = 217.

49. Ans. C. By taking approximate values $151 - 119 \div 17 - ?^2 = 80$ $151 - 7 - ?^2 = 80$ $144 - ?^2 = 80$ $?^2 = 64$? = 8. 50. Ans. A.

 $? \div 4 + 5 \times 9 = 132$ $? \div 4 = 87$

? = 348.

51. Ans. C. Sony: 0.5/7.5×100=6.66% Microsoft: 2/10×100=20% Nintendo: 7/9×100=77.77% Mitashi: 3/10×100=30% ROG: 3/8×100=37.5% 52. Ans. D. Sony: 0.5/7.5×100=6.66% Microsoft: 2/10×100=20% Nintendo: 7/9×100=77.77% Mitashi: 3/10×100=30% ROG: 3/8×100=37.5%

53. Ans. C. Total sale in 2016-2017= 8+12+16+13+11= 60(in thousands)=60,000 Total sale in 2017-2018= 7.5+10+9+10+8=44.5(in thousands)=44,500 Absolute change or Difference =60,000-44,500=15,500

54. Ans. D. Combined sale of Sony and Nintendo in 2016-2017=7.5+9=16.5Combined sale of Sony and Nintendo in 2017-2018=8+16=24Percentage increase=7.5/16.5×100=45.45%

55. Ans. C. Total sale of Microsoft= 12+10=22(in thousands) =22,000 Total sale of ROG= 11+8=19(in thousands) =19,000 Difference=22,000-19,000=3,000

56. Ans. B.

Appeared students from institute D in 2013 = 1765 Qualified students from institute D in 2013 = 1567 % of qualified students over appeared students from institute D in 2013 = $\frac{1567}{1765} \times 100 = 88.78\%$ Appeared students from institute D in 2014 = 1574 Qualified students from institute D in 2014 = 1024 % of qualified students over appeared students from institute D in 2014 = $\frac{1024}{1574} \times 100 = 65.06\%$ Appeared students from institute D in 2015 = 1754 Qualified students from institute D in 2015 = 1210 % of qualified students over appeared students from institute D in 2015 = $\frac{1210}{1754} \times 100 = 68.98\%$ Appeared students from institute D in 2016 = 1364 Qualified students from institute D in 2016 = 1145 % of qualified students over appeared students from institute D in 2016 = $\frac{1145}{1364} \times 100 = 83.94\%$

Appeared students from institute D in 2017 = 1510Qualified students from institute D in 2017 = 1214 % of qualified students over appeared students from institute D in 2017 = $\frac{1214}{1510} \times 100 = 80.39\%$ Hence, the lowest percentage of institute D is in 2014. 57. Ans. D. Qualified students from all the institutes in 2017 =6840 Appeared students from all the students in 2017 =7984 Required percentage = $\frac{6840}{7084} \times 100 = 86\%$ 58. Ans. E. Appeared students from institute B in 2014 = 1654Qualified students from institute B in 2014 = 1566Not gualified students from institute B in 2014 = 1654 - 1566 = 88Appeared students from institute B in 2016 = 1440 Qualified students from institute B in 2016 = 1165Not gualified students from institute B in 2016 = 1440 - 1165 = 275Required difference = 275 - 88 = 18759. Ans. C. Required value = $\frac{1530+1886+1806+1478+1645}{1530+1886+1806+1478+1645}$ 1669 60. Ans. A. 7072 Required percentage = R460 x 100 = 83.59% 61. Ans. E. Average weight of 17 students = 90 kgLet, the weight of teacher be x So, the average weight is increased by 200 grams Therefore, $\frac{(17 \times 90) + x}{18} = 90 + \frac{200}{1000}$ $\frac{1530 + x}{18} = 90.2$ 1530 + x = 1623.6x = 1623.6 - 1530 = 93.6 kgsTherefore, the weight of the teacher = 93.6 kgsSo option (e) is the correct answer. 62. Ans. A. Speed downstream = 8 + 2 = 10 kmph Speed upstream = 8 - 2 = 6 kmph

Let the required distance be d km. Then, $\frac{d}{10} + \frac{d}{6} = 2$; 6d + 10d = 120 16d = 120 ; d = 7.5 km 63. Ans. C. Let the sum be Rs. P. S.I. = Rs. (900 - P)So, $\frac{P \times 10 \times 5}{100} = 900 - P$ 50 P = 90000 - 100P150 P = 90000P = Rs. 600Now, P = 600, R = 15%, T = $\frac{5}{2}$ years S.I. = $\frac{600 \times 15 \times 5}{100 \times 2}$ = Rs. 225 Hence, amount = 600 + 225 = Rs. 82564. Ans. E. Profit ratio of A,B and C, $A : B : C = (10,000 \times 12) : (7500 \times 12) : (10,000 \times 12)$ 9) = 4 : 3 : 3Hence, B's share = $(3/10) \times 12000 = Rs. 3600$ 65. Ans. B. Let Rubina's monthly salary = xAccording to question, 75% of 16% of x = 6567 6567 ×100 ×100 x = -75×16 $x = \frac{65670000}{1200} = Rs.54725$ 66. Ans. C. Let capacity of tank = 60 units Efficiency of A = $\frac{60}{12}$ = 5 units/hour Efficiency of B = $\frac{60}{15}$ = 4 units/hour Efficiency of C = $\frac{60}{6}$ = - 10 units/hour Efficiency of A and B together = 5 + 4 = 9units/hour Tank filled in 5 hours = $9 \times 5 = 45$ units Efficiency of A, B and C together = 5 + 4 - 10 = -1unit/hour Hence, time taken to empty the tank= $\frac{45}{1}$ = 45 hours

67. Ans. C. Let the present age of the man and his son be x and y respectively So, x - 5 = 4(y-5) + 3x - 4y = -12 (i) Again X+3 = 3(y+3) - 6x - 3y = 0 (ii) By solving, we get X= 36, y=12 Sum of their ages = 48Hence after 16 years the sum of their ages will be 80 years. 68. Ans. E. Let the incomes of Ram and Sham be 5x and 4x respectively. Now, (5x-1200)/(4x-1200) = 3/2x = 600Income of Ram = 5x = 300069. Ans. A. Let total work = 36 units (LCM of 12 and 18) Efficiency of A = $\frac{36}{12}$ = 3 units/day Efficiency of B = $\frac{36}{18}$ = 2 units/day

1 day work of A and B together = 3 + 2 = 5 units/day

Last 2 days' work of $B = 2 \times 2 = 4$ units Hence, rest work compelted together = 36 - 4 = 32 units.

Hence, days the rest work is completed by A and B = $\frac{32}{5}$ days

So, total days = $2 + \frac{32}{5} = \frac{42}{5}$ days

70. Ans. E.

Relative speed = 50 + 40 = 90 km/h = $90 \times \frac{5}{18}$ =

25 m/sec Distance covered = 750 + 750 = 1500 meters Required time = $\frac{1500}{25}$ = 60 seconds

71. Ans. A. 8 × 1 + 1 = 9 9 × 1.5 + 1.5= 15 15 × 2 + 2 = 32 32 × 2.5 + 2.5 = 82.5 82.5 × 3 + 3 = 250.5 72. Ans. A. 2 + 1 ³ + 2 = 5 5 + 2 ³ - 4 = 9 9 + 3 ³ + 6 = 42 42 + 4 ³ - 8 = 98 98 + 5 ³ + 10 = 233

73. Ans. B. 100×1 = 100 100×0.5 = 50 50×0.25 = 12.5 12.5×0.125 = 1.5625

74. Ans. A. 12×1.5+2 = 20 20×1.5+4 = 34 34 × 1.5 + 6 = 57

 $57 \times 1.5 + 8 = 93.5$

75. Ans. D. 1023 - 36 = 987 987 - 72 = 915 915 - 108 = 807 807 - 144 = 663

76. Ans. D. Both the statements individually do not answer the question. Combining statement 1 & 2: The train takes 2 seconds to cross 50m distance. Therefore, speed of the train = 50/2 = 25m/sAnd, length of the train = 25 * 5 = 125 m. Hence, option is 4.

77. Ans. A. $3/4^{th}$ work in 6 hours. Total work can be completed in 8 hours. From statement 1: 1/a + 1/b = 1/8 $\Rightarrow 1/b = 1/10$ Therefore, A finishes the work in 40 hours. Statement 2 alone is not sufficient. Hence, option is 1.

78. Ans. D. From I, Pravin = Aman + 1200 From II and III, $\frac{Aman}{Vimal} = \frac{5}{3}$

Aman -1000 3 \therefore All statements are necessary to get the monthly salary of Pravin. 79. Ans. D. From statement I: SP = Selling Price MP = Marked Price CP = Cost priceSP = 90% MPSP = 9MP/10From statement II: When no discount is given, SP = MPProfit = SP - CP35 = (SP - CP) * 100/CP35CP = 100SP - 100CP135CP = 100SPCP = 100SP/135CP = 100MP/135From both I and II: Profit% = (9MP/10 - 100MP/135)*100 / (100MP/135) %

= (9/10 - 100/135) * 135 %Hence, both the statements are required to answer this question

80. Ans. D. From I. There are 11 students in the class. From II. The average age of students and class teacher is 14 years. From III. The average age of class teacher is 3 years more than that of students. Now, combining all there statements, we have Average age of (students + teacher) = $14 \times 12 = 168$ years Average age of 11 students = 14 - 3 = 11 years Total age of 11 students = $11 \times 11 = 121$ years Teacher's age = 168 - 121 = 47 years. This requires all statements to complete the calculations.
