## **Stone Age**

- 1. Which site provides the earliest evidence of the domestication of animals?
  - 1. Sohan river valley of Punjab
  - 2. Bagor in Rajasthan
  - 3. Belar valley in Mirzapur (UP)
  - 4. Adamgarh in MP
  - (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 2 and 4
- (c) 2, 3 and 4
- (d) All of these
- 2. 'Sohan Culture' is another name of
  - (a) Paleolithic culture
  - (b) Mesolithic culture
  - (c) Neolithic culture
  - (d) Chalcolithic culture
- 3. Which of the Neolithic age site correctly not matched?

Site	State
(a) Gutkral	Kashmir
(b) Chirand	Uttar Pradesh
(c) Paiyampalli	Tamil Nadu
(d) Mehrgarh	Baluchistan
. Which animal figu	res most in the cav

- ve paintings of Mesolithic age?
  - (a) Tiger
- (b) Cow
- (c) Buffalo (d) Deer
- 5. Which metal has so far not been discovered in Harappan sites?
  - (a) Copper (b) Gold (c) Silver (d) Iron
- 6. Remains of which animals have not been discovered in the Indus Valley Civilisation?
  - (a) Lion
- (b) Horse
- (c) Cow
- (d) Elephant
- 7. Match the following

### List II A. Cemetries'H' and 1. Daimabad R '37'

- B. Dockvard C. Pashupati
- 2. Mohenjodaro
- 3. Harappa
- Mahadev Seal D. Copper Charlot

- 4. Lothal

#### Codes

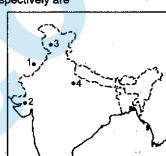
- В
- (a) 3 ż 4 1 (b) 4 3
- (c) 1 3 4 2
- (d) 1 4
- 8. A statue of bearded man was found at
  - (a) Harappa
- (b) Mohenjodaro
- (c) Lothal
- (d) Kot Diji
- 9. Which of the following showed the greatest uniformity in Harappan settlement?
  - (a) Town planning (b) Building
  - (c) Bricks
  - (d) Religious practices
- 10. In the Harappan period, seals were normally made of
  - (a) lead
- (b) gold
- (c) silver
- (d) steatite

- 11. Mohenjodaro was hooded for a number of times; which of the following is time?
  - (a) For one
  - (b) For thrice
  - (c) More than seven times
  - (d) Never
- 12. Largest number of sites found in post independence India in
  - (a) Gujarat
- (b) Rajasthan
- (c) Punjab
- (d) Haryana
- 13. The Harappan people believed
  - 1. in spirit charms.
- 2. in amulets.
- in other world.
- Which of the statements given above are correct?
- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 2 and 3
- (c) 3 and 4
- (d) All of these
- 14. The Harappan people worshipped the
  - 1 Pipal tree
- 2. Humped buil
- 3. Prototype of Shiva 4. Other Goddess Which of the statements given above are correct?
- (a) 1, 2 and 4
- (b) 2, 3 and 4
- (c) 1, 3 and 4
- (d All of these
- 15. Remains of horse bones have been found from
  - (a) Lothal
- (b) Surkotada
- (c) Kalibangan
- (d) Dholavira
- 16. Which was the most frequently depicted animal during Harappan period?
  - (a) Elephant
- (b) Unicorn
- (c) Rhino
- (d) Tiger
- 17. A seal depicting, Mother Goddess with plant growing from the womb has been found from
  - (a) Harappa
- (b) Kalibangan
- (c) Daimabad
- (d) Mohenjodaro
- 18. Which of the following pairs is correctly matched?

#### List I List II

- 1. Manda Jammu and Kashmir
- 2. Sutkagendor: Baluchistan
- 3. Dalmabad Maharashtra
- 4. Alamgirpur Uttar Pradesh
- Choose the answer from the codes given below
- (a) 1, 3 and 4
- (b) 2, 3 and 4
- (c) All of these
- (d) None of these
- 19. Out of the following remains excavated in Indus Valley, which one indicates the commercial and economic development?
  - (a) Pottery
- (b) Seals
- (c) Boats
- (d) Houses
- 20. The archaeological finds from Alamgirpur in Meerut district reflected
  - (a) Harappa Culture
  - (b) Vedic Culture
  - (c) Mauryan Culture :
  - (d) Gupta Period Culture

- 21. Which one of the following animals was not represented on the seals and terracotta art of the Harappan culture?
  - (a) Cow
- (b) Elephant
- (c) Rhinoceros
- (d) Tiger
- 22. Harappan Civilisation falls under which category of historic period?
  - (a) Pre-history
- (b) Historic period
- (c) Proto-historic
- (d) None of the above
- 23. The places marked 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively are



- (a) Ropar, Banawali, Alamgirpur Harappa
- (b) Kalibangan, Alamgirpur, Manda, Harappa
- (c) Harappa, Lothal, Manda, Alamgirpur
- (d) Lothal, Ropar, Harappa, Kalibangan
- 24.A vase depicting the folk tale 'The Thirsty Crow' was found at
  - (a) Lothal
- (b). Surkotada

(c) Surkotada

- (c) Dholavira (d) Banawali 25. Which of the following is not correctly matched?
  - (a) Mohenjodaro: The largest site of Indus Civilisation
  - (b) Dholavira The largset Indian site of Indus Civilisation
    - The site where remains of horse have
  - (d) Chanhudaro : Ploughed field surface

found



# **Answer Key**

1.(b) 2.(a) 3.(b) 4.(d) 5.(d) 6.(a) 7.(a) 8.(b) 9.(a) 10.(d) 11. (c) 12.(a) 13.(a) 14.(d) 15.(b) 16.(b) 17. (a) 18.(c) 19.(b) 20. (a) 21.(a) 22.(c) 23.(c) 24.(a) 25.(d)



