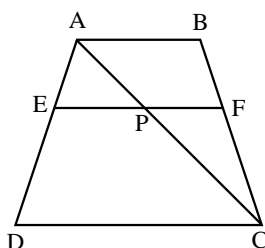


TRIANGAL

BPT OR THALES THEOREM

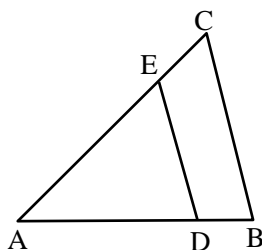
EXERCISE

- Q.1** In fig., $EF \parallel AB \parallel DC$. Prove that $\frac{AE}{ED} = \frac{BF}{FC}$.



- Q.2** In figure, $\angle A = \angle B$ and $DE \parallel BC$. Prove that $AD = BE$

- Q.3** In fig., $DE \parallel BC$. If $AD = 4x - 3$, $DB = 3x - 1$, $AE = 8x - 7$ and $EC = 5x - 3$, find the value of x .

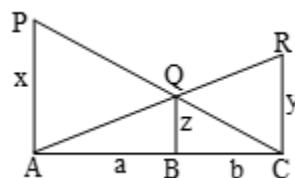


- Q.4** Prove that the line segment joining the midpoints of the adjacent sides of a quadrilateral form a parallelogram.

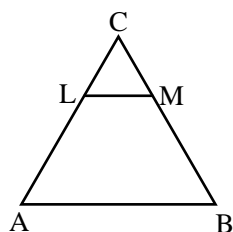
- Q.5** In fig. $DE \parallel BC$ and $CD \parallel EF$. Prove that $AD^2 = AB \times AF$.

- Q.6** In the given figure PA, QB and RC each is perpendicular to AC such that $PA = x$, $RC = y$, $QB = z$, $AB = a$ and $BC = b$.

Prove that $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{z}$.

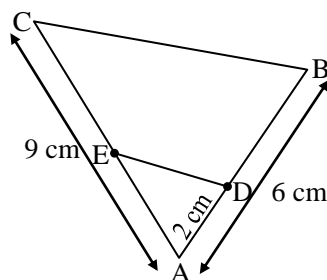


- Q.7** In fig., $LM \parallel AB$. If $AL = x - 3$, $AC = 2x$, $BM = x - 2$ and $BC = 2x + 3$, find the value of x .



- Q.8** In a given $\triangle ABC$, $DE \parallel BC$ and $\frac{AD}{DB} = \frac{3}{4}$. If $AC = 14$ cm, find AE .

- Q.9** In figure, $DE \parallel BC$. Find AE .



- Q.10** In figure, ABC is a triangle in which $AB = AC$. Points D and E are points on the sides AB and AC respectively such that $AD = AE$. Show that the points B, C, E and D are concyclic.

ANSWER KEY

3. $x = 1$
7. $x = 9$
8. $AE = 6$ cm
9. $AE = 3$ cm